"All the News That's Fit to Print."

The New York Times.

THE WEATHER.
Rain, probably, late to-day; rain to-morrow; rising south winds.

VOL. LVII...NO. 18,329. * * * NEW YORK, TUESDAY, MARCH 31, 1908.—SIXTEEN PAGES. ONE CENT In Greater New York, Jersey City and Newark, { Elsewhere, TWO CENTS.

JACKSON PRESENTED BY THE GRAND JURY

Recommendations Read in Court Despite Attorney General's Protest.

ACTION AGAINST HIM URGED

Grand Jury Wants Minutes in Receivership Charges Sent to Governor and Legislature—Jackson to Fight It.

The Grand Jury which for the last two weeks has been investigating the charge that Attorney General Jackson requested Receiver White of the Hamilton Bank to divide his fees with him, returned a presentment yesterday, which was read in open court despite the Attorney General's protest. This is the presentment which was read before Judge Foster in General Sessions by George H. Terry, Secretary of the Grand Jury:

Testimony has been given to the Grand Jury affecting the integrity of the Attorney General of the State, and an offer has been extended to the Attorney General to appear before the Grand ury and give his testimony in respect thereto. The Attorney General has appeared and has testified before the Grand Jury, and there appears to be a conflict of testimony in respect to matters brought before us.

The office of the Attorney General is one of such transcendent importance in the administration of the business of the State, and the confidence of the people of the State in the integrity of the Attorney General is so essential to the public welfare, that we deem it our duty respectfully to call the attention of your Honor to it, and we request the Clerk of the court to transmit this presentment and a copy of the testimony of the proceedings to the Governor of the State, the President of the Senate and the Speaker of the Assembly for action. Respectfully submitted, Grand Jury of the County of New York, March, 1908.

As soon as the presentment had been read, Judge Foster, addressing William C. Muschenheim, foreman of the Grand Jury, and referring to a note which had been brought to him just before the Grand Jury entered the room, said:

"I have already received a communication in regard to this from the Attorney General in which he says that he understood the matter of whether or not to file a presentment was under advisement by you. Perhaps I had better read it. He then read this letter from Mr. Jackson:

To the Honorable Warren Foster:

Dear Judge: If the Grand Jury makes any presentment in my case, I desire an opportunity to ask that it be expunged from the records of the court before it is made public as being entirely illegal and scandalous. I have some authorities I desire to submit upon the subject.

Yours truly, WILLIAM S. JACKSON,
Attorney General of the State of New York.

The Judge then said to the members of the Grand Jury: "Of course we will receive the presentment and put it on file. Some time later we will determine what course to take. I don't know myself whether this instrument should be termed a presentment or a communication, but it represents a presentment in your judgment, and is entitled to consideration. For that purpose I will take the usual course." He then dismissed the Grand Jury.

About half an hour after the reading of the presentment, the Attorney General was told that it had been made public, in spite of his request, and that his letter, too, had been made public. He was very angry, and said:

"Of course I shall instantly move to have any such representation stricken from the court records. It appears to me that the Grand Jury, in making this presentment in this way, has violated the injunction in the statute with reference to the entire secrecy of Grand Jury proceedings. I shall instantly declare my opinion in regard to this proceding.

"Besides, such a method of attack is cowardly and has been declared illegal. The Grand Jury has exceeded its powers. No court should allow a Grand Jury to make any such representation. That particular clause which states that there is a conflict of testimony in regard to the matters which the Grand Jury took up in regard to my office is also a violation of the rule of secrecy enjoined on the Grand Jury with respect to their proceedings. I was never informed of any such conflict in testimony, and I will take action the first thing to-morrow morning. I will move that the court expunge the whole matter from the records."

Mr. Jackson was then asked what he had to say about the proposed transmission to the Legislature of the testimony and minutes of the Grand Jury.

"I have only to say," he answered, "that there is absolutely no authority in any court to send that material to the Legislature."

The investigation of Mr. Jackson's affairs which led to this presentment was the result of his appearance before the Grand Jury almost a month ago, when his special investigator, Nathan Vidaver, was arrested on an extortion charge. Mr. Jackson then requested the Grand Jury to allow him to appear and tell what he knew about the matter. He spent a long time before the Grand Jury on that occasion and left the room much flustered. It was said that he had been asked a number of questions not directly connected with the case of Vidaver, but closely related to the conduct of his office.

About ten days after that Frank White, who had been connected with Mr. Jackson's office for some time and who had been appointed by him as receiver for the Hamilton Bank, was summoned before the Grand Jury to be questioned in regard to the charge that he had been asked to divide his receivership fee with the Attorney General in return for his appointment. A day or so later Mr. Jackson went before the Grand Jury, he declares as a voluntary witness. Since then he has appeared twice, the last occasion being Friday afternoon. He declares that he was never called by the Grand Jury, and although he was once invited, he always went of his own will, wishing to explain anything that might appear dubious in connection with the management of his office.

Mr. Jackson's motion to strike from the court records any account of yesterday's proceedings will be made before Judge Foster in General Sessions.

DIES TO SAVE HIS BROTHER.

Boy Crushed Under a Street Car—Crowd Stones Motorman.

Twelve-year-old Isidor Rosen of 631 Rockaway Avenue, East New York, was leading his 7-year-old brother Gus across the street in front of their home last evening when a Ralph Avenue trolley car bore down upon them. Realizing their danger, Isidor caught his small brother about the body and threw him from him with all his might. Gus fell a few feet from the trolley tracks, but Isidor was caught beneath the car's fender.

Motorman Michael Brennan had started to back his car off the small body when a crowd which quickly gathered started threateningly toward him. Several men picked up stones which they hurled at the motorman, and he jumped inside the car, locking the door after him. There were many passengers inside and they became panic-stricken.

Then the police arrived and drove the crowd back. Isidor's body was taken from beneath the car and a doctor said he had been killed instantly. As the crowd followed it Brennan seized the opportunity to turn on power and flee to the Canarsie barns. There the police found him later, and before they dared bring him back to the Brownsville Police Station they made him take off his uniform and don ordinary

CONGRESSMAN CLARK IN FIGHT

Knocked Down in Hotel Lobby, He Chokes His Antagonist.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, March 30.—Representative Frank Clark of Florida played an active part in a fisticuff to-day with a young white man who has not yet been identified. The young man knocked the Florida Representative down in the first round of the encounter. There were no arrests. The combat was fought and ended in the lobby of the New Varnum, just opposite to the House Office Building.

Mr. Clark was returning with his wife from Emmettsville. Dismounting from the cab in front of the hotel, Mrs. Clark led the way up to a revolving door and into it. Mr. Clark, heavily laden with luggage, followed her. They were each in a compartment of the door when a young man tried to get out through the door. He was in a hurry and he jammed Mrs. Clark and her husband up against the side of the casing. There was a struggle for several minutes before the extra weight of Mr. Clark's baggage decided the contest in his favor and landed him in the lobby.

Mr. Clark walked to the desk, when he noticed that the stranger had followed him into the hotel and was making apologies to his wife.

"We have had enough of you," he said. "Get out. We don't want you."

The young man continued his apologies, until Mr. Clark repeated his order for him to leave. The stranger then got angry and with a quick step toward the Representative, struck him on the left temple, felling him to the floor. Mrs. Clark screamed and Mr. Clark scrambled to his feet.

Warding off another blow from the stranger, the Representative caught him by the throat. The stranger was growing limp in his grasp when the hotel clerk and several Representatives in the lobby pulled the two men apart.

ROOSEVELTS SEE SUGAR MADE

Disembark from the Mayflower and Visit a Louisiana Plantation.

NEW ORLEANS, La., March 30.—Mrs. Roosevelt and her children to-day disembarked from the yacht Mayflower, in which they are making a trip down the Mississippi, and spent several hours inspecting the sugar plantation owned by Henry McCall, Collector of Customs of New Orleans. Mrs. Roosevelt's party spent about an hour in the Evanhall sugar house, as the mill which grinds the sugar cane is known.

They inspected the details of sugar making from the moment the cane stalks have the juice crushed out of them between the two gigantic iron rollers until the cane juice, after making a practically uninterrupted mechanical circuit of the mill, comes out of a pipe in the form of sugar.

They visited a small Spanish village, where the children sang patriotic airs, and afterward received a half holiday at the request of Miss Ethel Roosevelt. After luncheon at the Evanhall plantation house the party again embarked and proceeded downstream to Burnside plantation, where another stop was made.

To-night the Mayflower has tied up between forty and fifty miles above New Orleans, and is expected to arrive at the city to-morrow forenoon.

ROBBER ATTACKS GIRL.

Throttles Her on Elevated Station Stairway and Snatches Handbag.

The screams of a young woman, who said she was Helen Lendhal of 429 East 165th Street, attracted the attention of Policemen Dawson and Hoffman of the East Twenty-second Street Station late last night while they were on Third Avenue, near Seventeenth Street. When they saw a man running away from the Elevated at Third Avenue and Eighteenth Street they gave chase and captured him.

They took the man back to the Elevated station and there found Miss Lendhal lying on the stairs in a state of exhaustion. She identified the man as her assailant, who, she said, had leaped upon her as she was about to ascend the stairs of the station, and dragged her to a nearby doorway. She stated that the prisoner had throttled her and had then snatched her handbag and emptied it of its contents. When she attempted to hold him, she said he struck her in the face and knocked her down.

The prisoner was taken to the East Twenty-second Street Station and held on a charge of highway robbery. When searched sixty cents in change and a pair of scissors and a thimble were found on him. These were identified by the woman as her property. The prisoner gave his name as Frank Hudson, and said he lived at 402 East Twenty-first Street.

WANTS TO INDICT HEALERS.

Hackensack Prosecutor Blames Them for Frederick Brown's Death.

Assistant Prosecutor John S. Mackay of Hackensack, who assisted Coroner Demund of Ridgewood at the inquest into the death of Frederick Brown of Ramsey, who died in the presence of Christian Science "healers," takes exception to several statements issued by the New Jersey Publicity Committee of Christian Science.

"These statements are unfair, untrue, and misleading," said the Assistant Prosecutor yesterday. "They say Christian Science 'healers' were called in after physicians had abandoned the patient. The first to abandon Brown was Miss Bailey, a practicing physician and Christian Scientist of Manhattan, who testified that the case was hopeless for medical and science treatment.

"When Brown was dying the healers sent for Dr. Keifer, but it was too late. I consider it gross criminal negligence and will endeavor to have the Grand Jury indict the healers for manslaughter."

STONE CRASHES INTO A CAR.

It Rolls Down a Jersey City Embankment—Passengers Shaken Up.

A stone weighing several hundred pounds rolled off the top of an embankment about 100 feet high surrounding the High School, at the head of Ninth Street, Jersey City, last night and crashed into a crowded eastbound Pavonia Avenue trolley car. All the passengers were shaken up and Miss Lucy Harney, a public school teacher, of 208 Pavonia Avenue, suffered so much from shock that she was taken to her home. The glass in the car windows was shattered and several passengers narrowly escaped injury by it.

It was at first thought that somebody had pushed the stone over the embankment, but a policeman who investigated the accident decided that the stone had been loosened by the jarring of West Shore Railroad trains that run along the bottom of the embankment.

Latest Shipping News.

Reported by Wireless—Steamship Kaiser Friedrich der Grosse, incoming from Bremen, was reported by Marconi wireless 777 miles east of Sandy Hook at 9:20 P. M. yesterday; due at her pier about 1:30 P. M. Wednesday.

Arrived—Steamship Gascogne, Havre, March 30.

GRIEVED TO DEATH OVER COURT REBUKE

John W. Casey, on a Jury for the First Time, Assented to Coin Flipping for a Verdict.

WENT HOME TO WASTE AWAY

"I'm a Disgraced Man," He Told His Family and Friends—Universally Respected, but None Could Cheer Him.

There was much excitement in the little home of John W. Casey, a master iron molder, at 33 Charlton Street, a month ago, when Mr. Casey received a summons to appear as a juror in Justice Guy's part of the Supreme Court. In all the forty-three years that he had lived in the district, many of them spent in the Charlton Street house, Mr. Casey had never served on a jury before.

His wife, his daughters, Lottie and Ella, and his sons, James and William, poked fun at the husband and father over his ignorance of jury duty, but nevertheless they saw him off early one morning in the latter part of February to take his seat in the jury box. At night the iron molder returned rather proud of himself.

"It's a fine juryman I'll make in time," he told the family and then he recounted the experiences of the day.

For a day or two after that he quite enjoyed himself, but on Feb. 25 he returned to his home silent and depressed. Neither his wife nor his daughters could cheer him up. He wouldn't tell what troubled him, and early in the evening he went to bed. But first he called his sons and told them that the jury on which he had served had been hearing evidence in the suit for damages brought against the Metropolitan Street Railway by Thomas Dickson for the death of his 4-year-old daughter, Lili. He told how, after deliberating for a day and a half, he and his fellow-jurors had settled the case by flipping a coin. One of them, he explained, had had a business deal to put through, and further delay would have occasioned him a big loss.

"I couldn't tell the wife and the girls," he pleaded with his sons. "But, oh, the scoring that Justice Guy gave us! I cannot bear to think of it. And he fined us each $50. You boys must break it to mother and the girls. They'll see in the papers, if you don't, that I am a disgraced man."

His sons tried to console him. They pointed out to him that he had been unfamiliar with jury duty and had acted innocently. He was not disgraced, they said, and they urged him to pruck up his courage and face any critic who appeared. But the father was not to be consoled.

"I know I was ignorant," he moaned, "and they told me that cases were often settled that way. But I know better now. You boys didn't hear the Judge. If you had you might understand. I don't mind the fine, but I am discredited and disgraced, and I cannot bear to meet my former friends."

In the morning the unhappy man faced his family with shame. Their tender efforts to show him that they did not blame him afforded him only temporary relief. Day by day he grew more despondent and morose. He ate scarcely any food, pleading that shame had driven away his appetite. His wife and daughters labored with him, and his sons tried to encourage him. Their efforts had little success. Then they thought of the societies to which he belonged and of his church.

The fathers of St. Agnes's Church, which Mr. Casey had always attended, called upon him to assure him of their continued respect for him. Father Leonard, Father Cerabina, and Father Lupe tried in turn to cheer him up. Then members of the Society of St. Vincent de Paul, of which he was Treasurer, and of the Holy Name Society, of which he was also an officer, came to see him. Fellow-members of the Knights of Columbus were frequent visitors at the little house in Charlton Street, but despite all these Mr. Casey continued to grieve.

He neglected his business and spent his days wandering aimlessly around the house, his nights in a continually unsuccessful struggle to sleep. He could not forget what he himself termed his disgrace, and a week ago he took to his bed.

From a very heavy man of 296 pounds, he wasted in a month to 200 pounds. Doctors prescribed for him. Mr. Casey dutifully took the medicine, which his wife or daughters administered, but drugs could not ease his mind.

"My heart is breaking," he said simply. "Soon, if I cannot forget, I shall die."

News of Mr. Casey's illness spread rapidly through the district in which he had lived for forty-three years. He had been a Sergeant at Arms of the Democratic State Committee, and he had been a delegate to several Democratic National Conventions. He numbered many politicians among his intimate friends, and these rallied to his aid.

Magistrate "Battery Dan" Finn, leader of the district, came and tried to comfort him. "Little Tim" Sullivan and Leader Charles Culkin of the Fifth Assembly District, with State Senator Dominick Mullaney and Borough President John F. Ahearn visited the sick man. Their well-meant efforts to console and cheer him failed utterly.

Day by day his family saw that he was failing. Mr. Casey realized it, too, but he seemed not to care. He did not leave his bed, and on Sunday night he was very weak. He said good-night to his sons and daughters and to his wife, and apparently he went to sleep. At 4:10 o'clock yesterday morning he died.

Mr. Casey will be buried in Calvary Cemetery to-morrow. His funeral will be from the Church of St. Agnes. He was 52 years old, and was brought to this country by his parents when he was only 9.

The coin-flipping incident occurred on Feb. 26. Justice Guy, when he learned how the verdict had been reached, ordered the jurors before him and said:

"You have arrived at your verdict by a most improper method, by one contrary to law, in contempt of this court, and in direct violation of your oaths as jurors. I cannot adequately express my indignation at such conduct on the part of jurors in so serious an issue. I therefore impose a fine of $50 upon each of you for contempt of court."

MAKES SHOTS NOISELESS.

Worcester Man Invents a Firearm Attachment Different from Maxim's.

Special to The New York Times.

WORCESTER, Mass., March 30.—Oliver A. Smith of 2 Summer Street has invented an apparatus for making noiseless the discharges of all kinds of firearms. It is wholly different from that invented recently by Hiram Percy Maxim. Smith's invention can be carried about in a vest pocket and attached at a moment's notice.

Smith regards it as a remarkable coincidence that at the time his invention was being perfected the same idea was being worked out secretly by Maxim hundreds of miles away.

Smith does not allow close scrutiny of his attachment, but from a demonstration it seems to be a kind of cap, with a narrow bar across the top, that fastens on to the end of the barrel or muzzle, adding an inch or more to its length. The outlet is the exact bore of the shot, but protecting inward the force [illegible]

NO PROSECUTION NOW.

Railroads Immune Till Legality of "Commodity Clause" Is Passed On.

WASHINGTON, March 30.—The Government will not prosecute railroads for failure to comply with the "commodity clause" of the railroad law, pending a decision of the Supreme Court.

This decision has been arrived at, it is understood, after careful consideration by the President, and he has accordingly directed the Department of Justice to bring a test case as soon as possible after May 1, the day when the law becomes effective forbidding any railroad to transport any article or commodity other than timber, manufactured, mined, or produced by such road, or in which it is directly or indirectly interested.

Thus, any railroad that owns coal mines would be liable to prosecution should it carry its own coal to market. The President, it is stated, has no desire to increase the embarrassments which surround the railroads in their efforts to comply with the law, and as the question of the validity of the "commodity clause" has been seriously raised by competent legal opinion, it was thought best for all interests involved that a prompt determination of the question by the Supreme Court should be sought.

It is understood that the railroads have given assurance to the Government that if the courts decide against them they will immediately and in good faith comply with the law.

250,000 MINERS TO STOP WORK

Contracts Expire and Operators Have Not Made New Agreement.

INDIANAPOLIS, March 30.—The union miners in most of the coal fields of the country will lay down their picks and shovels to-morrow night. Almost 250,000 of them will stop work in Ohio, Western Pennsylvania, Missouri, Iowa, Kansas, Oklahoma, Arkansas, Texas, and probably in Indiana, Illinois, Michigan, West Virginia, and Kentucky. The mining contracts under which they are now working expire at midnight to-morrow night, and, except in Central Pennsylvania and in the Indiana block coal district, no contracts have been made, nor have the miners and operators yet entered into district agreements providing for the operation of the mines after April 1, pending agreement.

Special to The New York Times.

PITTSBURG, Penn., March 30.—That every coal mine in the Pittsburg coal district, with its immense annual output of 57,000,000 bituminous tons, will be closed down at midnight to-morrow is the assertion made this evening by operators who to-day met in a hard clash with the miners.

The miners this evening express themselves as willing to accept several concessions, but this, they assert, has been denied them by the operators, who seem determined to force a shutdown of the mines for a time at least.

President-elect Thomas Lewis of the United Mine Workers of America was late this afternoon appealed to by the Pittsburg mine workers and will be in Pittsburg to-morrow.

FIREMEN IGNORE APPEAL.

Decline to Fight Blaze in Fashionable Suburb Without Pay.

Special to The New York Times.

PITTSBURG, March 30.—There is a dispute between the residents of fashionable Sewickley Heights and the Volunteer Fire Department of Sewickley, a little town which nestles at the foot of the hill, which may prove costly. There was a fire raging in the suburb at 2 o'clock this morning, but the members of the Fire Department refused to pull their hose across the line to extinguish the flames, saying they had done this thrice before and had received no compensation for it, though in each case they had saved the property of some persons worth millions.

The fire this morning was in one of the buildings on the estate of Mrs. Elizabeth Horne, and for a time part of the residence district was threatened. When appealed to, the Sewickley Fire Department sent word back that they would not bring up their machine unless guaranteed payment. Mrs. Horne was at her Lakewood, N. J., residence, and her servants could not guarantee this, so the fire was extinguished by a bucket brigade.

The case has occasioned much ill-feeling. Among the residences at which there has been fire recently are those of W. P. Snyder, the pig iron king, and B. F. Jones.

YALE LEANS TO PRINCETON.

Seniors This Year Do Not Make Harvard Second Choice.

Special to The New York Times.

NEW HAVEN, Conn., March 30.—Yale seniors upset traditions to-day by voting Princeton, instead of Harvard, in answer to the question, "What is your favorite college next to Yale?" The vote stood: Princeton, 195; Harvard, 34. Till last year Harvard always led.

Another change in Yale sentiment, equally revolutionary, is voiced in the annual vote for favorite amusement. Football has usually won. This year football comes low in the list, receiving only eight votes. It is, as a matter of fact, tied with bridge whist and dancing. The class voted tennis its favorite sport, "Crossing the Bar" its favorite poem, named Sothern its favorite actor, and Maude Adams its favorite actress. "Lorna Doone" is voted the favorite novel, and Stevenson the favorite prose writer.

TIP TO HARD DRINKERS.

Dr. McConnell Tells Them to Care for Stomachs and Nature Will Cure.

A suggestion for men who drink, and who think they can't help it, was given yesterday by Dr. Andrew McConnell in a lecture before the Women's Christian Temperance Union in the apartments of its President, Mrs. Martin, in the Wollaston, Ninety-sixth Street and Broadway. First of all Dr. McConnell explained how, in every human body, there is a sort of electric battery, and this "body battery," as he calls it, becomes depleted from one cause or another. One of the first results of this depletion of the human electric fluid is a craving for strong drink.

And now comes the tip to those who drink and would like to quit. Every such man, or even woman, who really wishes to forswear strong drink can do so without the aid of a cure or sanitarium or other heroic means. All that is necessary to break one's self of the dring habit is to rest and concentrate one's mind and see to it that the stomach is well nourished and well taken care of. Then, says Prof. McConnell, more electricity will be generated to feed the "body battery," and soon the craving for drink will cease.

MME. GOULD BREAKS WITH HER FAMILY

Leaves Miss Helen Gould's Home for the St. Regis After a Conference with Her Relatives.

THEIR BAN ON THE PRINCE

Won't Consent to Her Marriage with de Sagan—Ex-Countess May Sue for a Bigger Allowance.

Mme. Anna Gould, to win whom Hélie de Talleyrand-Perigord, Prince de Sagan, crossed the Atlantic, has defied her family in their opposition, and this morning she will move to the Hotel St. Regis. Mme. Gould will leave the home of her sister, Miss Helen Gould, at 579 Fifth Avenue, and with her three boys—Georges, Boniface, and Jay de Castellane—she will finish her stay in New York in this hotel.

This conclusion was reached after a conference at Miss Gould's home last night, at which Mme. Gould's brothers, George and Edwin Gould, were present. It is believed that the ultimatum of the Gould family was then delivered to the former Countess de Castellane, and that she determined to take matters into her own hand. It is said that the brothers have dropped the affair, and that henceforth Mme. Gould will fight her battles alone.

Ever since the arrival of the Prince de Sagan in this country under an assumed name, it has been evident that the previous reports of an attachment between the two were well founded. George Gould was supported in his opposition to the match by Miss Gould and the other brothers, and for the first few days of the Prince's visit in New York, his suit apparently made little progress. She avoided appearing in public with the Prince, and she was aided by her friends, Mr. and Mrs. Tyler Morse, who moved from their apartments in the Wyoming to the Hotel St. Regis.

Mme. Gould went to the Hotel St. Regis yesterday and consulted with her friend, Mrs. Morse. Mme. Gould came into the hotel early in the afternoon. She brought with her little Boniface de Castellane. Soon after her arrival Mme. Gould was consulting the hotel management concerning an apartment for herself. She did not say finally that she would take the suite of five rooms which was offered to her, and deferred her answer until the evening.

Later in the afternoon, Hélie, Prince de Sagan, called ostensibly on Mrs. Morse and was taken immediately to the apartment on the twelfth floor. There was another conference, punctuated by the serving of tea. Mme. Gould's motor waited for her until almost 6 o'clock, when she and her son came down stairs and were driven to the home of Miss Helen Gould. In the meantime, George Gould had called at his sister's house and had gone away. He returned for dinner, and so did Mr. and Mrs. Edwin Gould. At the end of the family conference, Mme. Gould notified the management of the Hotel St. Regis that she would come to the hotel to live to-day.

It was known on Saturday that the relations between Mme. Gould and the other members of her family were strained. Although Mme. Gould insisted when she arrived in America twelve days ago that she would not marry again, Prince de Sagan's appearance in New York apparently changed her resolution. At first she denied that his visit had any significance, and then she made a denial of a formal engagement. This was swiftly followed by her refusal to say "No" to the question, "Will you marry the Prince de Sagan?"

With George, Edwin, and Miss Helen Gould denying their consent to the marriage with the Prince de Sagan, Mme. Gould will find her fortune considerably diminished. According to the will of Jay Gould, the father, none of the heirs can marry without the sanction of the executors, who are George, Edwin, Howard, and Miss Helen.

Inasmuch as Mme. Gould married Boni de Castellane with the consent of the family, she came into her fortune, but the enormous debts incurred by the Count and the Countess put another phase on the situation. George Gould was appointed trustee of the Castellane fortune, and an allowance of $250,000 a year was apportioned to the Countess. As matters stand, Mme. Gould's wealth is entirely tied up, both by the terms of her father's will and by the subsequent appointment of George Gould as trustee Whereas the income of $250,000 will continue to be paid, Mme. Gould has not the free use of this sum, owing to the fact that part must be given to Boni's creditors and to him.

It was estimated that Anna Gould's fortune at the time of her marriage to de Castellane was $15,000,000. At least one-fourth of this has already been spent, and what is left is under the custody of George Gould. Whether a settlement will be forced before the marriage with de Sagan is not known. It is rumored that Mme. Gould will go to law to recover, if not the control of her fortune, at least a more generous allowance.

CLICK FROM A HANDBAG

Startles Harlem Sleuths and Puts Supposed Bomb-Carrier in Jail.

Detectives McMullin, Murphy, and Hand of the Harlem Detective Bureau were out looking for anything in the Anarchist line that might come along in Harlem last night, when, in front of 1,645 Second Avenue, Murphy, who was in the middle, laid a cautious and detaining hand upon the arms of his associate sleuths.

"Do yez hear it?" asked Murphy.

Hand stopped and listened. McMullin cocked his ears.

Click-click-click-clicketty-clicketty-click.

"Do yez hear it?" again asked Murphy.

"Yis," said McMullin.

"I do," said Hand.

It was the pianissimo but certain sound of muffled clockwork. The Harlem sleuths formed a hollow triangle and scanned the neighborhood. Murphy saw a man standing not far away, a leather bag in his hand. He gave the signal, and, with his comrades, swooped down upon him.

With all possible speed they rushed the protesting citizen to a Subway train and lugged him into Headquarters. The leather bag was examined. In it was found some cheap alarm clocks.

The man gave his name, when he got his breath, as William Bolte. Asked where he had acquired so many noisy timepieces, he said:

"A friend give 'em to me."

The man was searched, but no Anarchist literature was found on him. Inside his coat was the name of a Newark clothier. The Newark police were informed last night that the clocks were awaiting identification at Police Headquarters and Mr. Bolte was cast into a

HIT BY ITS OWN TORPEDO.

The Blakeley Damaged in Odd Accident at Target Practice.

PENSACOLA, Fla., March 30.—As a result of being struck by a Whitehead torpedo, fired from one of her own tubes, the torpedo boat Blakeley, which has been engaged in target practice off this port, has a large, jagged hole just below her water line on her port side. The Blakeley has been put in dry dock and a board of inquiry named to investigate the accident.

The commander of the Blakeley tonight refused to discuss the occurrence. It is learned, however, that the torpedo boat was on the target range about four miles from the navy yard, engaged in practice. A Whitehead torpedo had been prepared for a range of 4,000 yards and fired. It seems that it had only gone about 100 yards, when it suddenly swerved, and after making a complete circle, came directly toward the Blakeley.

Seeing that the torpedo would strike the boat, full steam ahead was ordered, but the Blakeley failed to get out of the way. The torpedo struck on the port side aft, about one foot below the water line, tearing a jagged hole in her hull. Mattresses and bedding were used to stop the inrush of water, and the vessel headed for the navy yard.

When she arrived at that point, it is said there were three feet of water in her compartments.

GIRLS ON EYRIE PERCH.

Telephone Operators Take Refuge on Skyscraping Window Ledges in a Raid.

Two young women, said to be telephone operators, climbed out of the window of a room on the sixth floor of a building at Ann and Nassau Streets yesterday, when Lieut. Meade of Deputy Commissioner Hanson's staff, with a dozen detectives, raided the place as a poolroom.

The girls sat on the coping, with their feet swinging out sixty feet above the heads of a crowd below, and might have escaped the police had it not been for the cheers of the spectators. The girls were allowed to go, however, while the detectives arrested eight men. The police said they found racing sheets and slips and twenty telephones in the room.

VOLCANO IS SPOUTING.

Inhabitants of San Fillipe, Guatemala, Are Fleeing for Their Lives.

SAN FRANCISCO, March 30.—The steamer Panama to-day brought news of a volcano in Guatemala, so long extinct that its name has been forgotten, having recently broken out. Its long sleep terminated three weeks ago with such terrifying mutterings and spouting of lava and smoke that the people living at San Fillipe, at the base of the mountain, are fleeing for their lives.

Opposite the new volcano is Santa Maria, a volcano which during the last 200 years has wiped out town after town.

MAXIM AT TORPEDO BOARD.

Exhibited Secret Invention of Which the Officers Would Tell Nothing.

Special to The New York Times.

NEWPORT, R. I., March 30.—Hiram Maxim, the inventor, was before the Naval Torpedo Board to-day with an invention which is said to be well adapted for naval use, but nothing as to its design or use was given out by the board, which met at the Naval Torpedo Station.

The board consists of Commander Albert Gleaves, senior member; Lieut. Commander G. W. Williams, and Lieuts. W. S. Miller and J. V. Babcock.

RILEY GRANNAN IS DYING.

Has Pneumonia in Nevada Mining Camp—Won $52,000 at Roulette.

Special to The New York Times.

SAN FRANCISCO, Cal., March 30.—A dispatch from Rawhide, a new mining camp of Nevada, says that Riley Grannan, the turf plunger, has pneumonia and cannot recover. Grannan went to Rawhide with the first rush, but has devoted himself to gamoling, as he was not physically able to get out and do prospecting.

On March 15 Grannan played roulette in Carl Young's gambling house, and soon began to stake $1,000 on a whirl. He won $52,000, and as the bank was broke, he induced Young to put up his saloon. Grannan lost on this bet, and then quit.

RASH BOAT BUILDER CAUGHT.

Built the Craft Too Big to Move by the Window and Is Now Enjoined.

William Graham, a City Island boat builder, built a gasoline launch 25 feet long with a 6-foot beam in a room at a hotel on the northwest corner of City Island Avenue and Carroll Street. Now that it is almost ready for use, he finds he overlooked the fact that it is far too big to be taken from the room through the ordinary channels, the windows or door.

His predicament was brought to the notice of Supreme Court Justice O'Gorman yesterday, when the owner of the hotel, Mrs. Ophelia Vall, asked the court to restrain Graham and Charles W. Riley, the lessee of the hotel, from doing any further work on the boat, and from cutting or removing any part of the walls of the room for the purpose of getting the craft out. A temporary injunction was granted until the court decided whether to make it permanent or not. It is said that to get the boat out it would be necessary to tear down one side of the wall.

Not Discharging Foreigners.

Special to The New York Times.

PHILADELPHIA, March 30.—The officials of the Pennsylvania Railroad denied to-day the truth of a dispatch which was sent out from Pittsburg last night stating that the road was discharging foreigners unless they could show their naturalization papers. The officials say that no such order has ever been issued.

Sues Coney Island Jockey Club.

Miss Cora A. Prince of Brooklyn yesterday brought suit before Justice Marean in the Supreme Court for $10,000 damages against the Coney Island Jockey Club for injuries suffered in the grand stand at the Sheepshead Bay race track on July 23, 1906. She declared that she received permanent injuries to her spine by being thrown from her chair when one of the legs slipped through a knot hole in the floor of the stand.

GREAT BEAR SPRING WATER.

POLICE FIND "REDS" ARE IN FEDERATION

Arrest of Alexander Berkman in Bomb Investigation Leads to the Discovery.

'GROUPS' ALL OVER COUNTRY

Man Who Tried to Kill Frick Admits He's the Head of the Organization, but Is Against "Violence."

With twenty-five Central Office detectives specially assigned to the investigation of the Union Square bomb throwing, and the entire department from Commissioner Bingham down on the alert and interested in little else, the police were unable yesterday to discover any plot or premeditated motive behind the affair.

Despite the fact that it has been established beyond a doubt that Selig Silverstein is a member of a Williamsburg "group" of Anarchists, a membership card being found among his effects, signed by Alexander Berkman, who was released from the Western Penitentiary of Pennsylvania more than a year ago after serving twelve and a half years for attempting to shoot Henry C. Frick in Pittsburg during the Homestead strike, nothing has been disclosed by the police so far which implicates him or any one else but Silverstein in the attempt on the lives of twenty policemen.

Berkman was arrested early yesterday morning and taken to Police Headquarters. After being photographed and measured he was closely questioned by Inspector McCafferty, but when he was taken before Magistrate Droege in Jefferson Market Court he was released on his own recognizance on a promise that he would surrender himself at any time he was wanted. Little benefit was derived from his arrest beyond establishing the fact that the Anarchists of the country are united in a compact central organization, of which he is the head.

Commissioner Bingham said emphatically that the Union Square affair only showed more clearly than ever the need for the secret service which he has been demanding. He said he had written to the Board of Aldermen once more requesting an appropriation of $100,000 for this purpose. He also took occasion to criticise Robert Hunter, the young Socialist and east side "worker," characterizing him as a "windbag."

Emma Goldman in Canada?

It was learned last night that Emma Goldman, high priestess of Anarchy in this country, who has been in Minneapolis for several days, closely watched by the authorities, has left that city and, it is believed, crossed the border into Canada.

The Anarchist membership card found among Silverstein's effects is in the form of a two-sheet folder of bright red cardboard. On the front, printed in black ink, are the words "Anarchist Federation of America." Underneath is "Member Card," and spaces marked "Name," "Address," "Admitted," and "Card Number." His number is 48.

The two inside pages are devoted to spaces for the marking of paid dues. All are blank. On the back is a seal marked with a rubber stamp, including the words "Anarchist Federation of America," and under it, also printed from a rubber stamp, "Alexander Berkman, Treasurer, 210 East Thirteenth Street, New York City." Berkman's signature is written also on the back in indelible pencil.

It was the discovery of this card that impelled the police to arrest Berkman. He was found by Detective Warzansky on the top floor of the Thirteenth Street house in the apartments occupied by Emma Goldman when she is in the city. He seemed neither surprised nor perturbed by his arrest and cheerfully accompanied the detective to Headquarters. There he submitted without protest to being photographed for the Rogues' Gallery, measured, and the imprints of his thumbs taken. Then he was questioned by Inspector McCafferty and exhibited before the line-up of sleuths.

As Berkman faced the room full of masked detectives the Inspector placed his hand on his shoulder and said:

"Men, this is Alexander Berkman, the Anarchist, and according to his own statement he has served twelve and a half years for shooting Henry C. Frick. I asked him if he had any pamphlets or literature which approves of violence, and he replied that he had many books, but nothing advocating violence. I told him that this anarchy is misdirected intelligence and ignorance, and he replied, 'I must take issue on that. The true Anarchist never advocates violence.' When I asked him how about the Haymarket crime in Chicago he said he had nothing to say about that."

Taken Before Silverstein.

Berkman was then taken to Bellevue Hospital by Detective Warzansky, to the cot where Silverstein lies in the prison ward, swathed in bandages. Inspector McCafferty hoped that either one or the other would betray by some sign that they were acquainted. Silverstein has lost both his eyes, so that no assistance could be hoped for from his recognition of Berkman.

The Anarchist was coached by the detective before they entered the ward, and stepping in quietly, Berkman spoke abruptly and distinctly: "How do you feel, Silverstein?"

Without a start of surprise or a tremor, as had been hoped, the injured man twisted about and groaned. This was all that could be obtained from him. Berkman scrutinized the bandaged face and said that he could not remember ever having seen the man before.

At Jefferson Market Court, where Berkman was taken next, Warzansky presented a short affidavit asking Magistrate Droege to hold him as a suspicious person for forty-eight hours. As evidence he presented the Anarchist membership card signed by Berkman and two letters bearing his name, also found among Silverstein's effects. The letters were in Yiddish and mimeographed. One, translated, was as follows:

"The bearer of these credentials from us is a standing committee and united with the Defense Committee of Philadelphia to raise money for the trial of De Plau and Weinberg, who are about to appear before the Grand Jury at the end of this month. Their offense consists that they declared themselves for the unemployed workmen, that they have a right to work and live.

"Don't forget that they are already the workingmen's representatives for the last twenty years, also to assist the four families of the unemployed workingmen who were sent away to four years imprisonment. Help them! Help yourself! Money, when sent, address to the committee or to Alexander Berkman, Treasurer."

The second letter read:

"The message of this credential is sent from us as a standing committee, and is

united with the defense in Philadelphia for the existence of the four families of the arrested comrades in Philadelphia, and to help Volunteers De Plau and Weinberg in their trial, which will be at the end of this month. Their defense is that they declared for the rights of unemployed workmen to live. Help them, help yourself. Money to be sent to Alexander Berkman, 210 East Thirteenth Street, New York."

Refused to Hold Berkman.

Magistrate Droege read the letters and then said:

"There is nothing in these on which to hold this man. They are simply requests for money."

Berkman left for his home, after promising the Magistrate that he would not leave town and would give himself up at any time the police wanted him. After returning to his flat, Berkman talked to a TIMES reporter about his arrest. He was very indignant at being photographed and measured.

"I do not believe that they had any legal right to do this," said he. "I have committed no crime. I have not decided whether I shall take any legal action in the matter, but it was unjust. The masked detectives were very funny. It seemed just as if they were ashamed of their profession."

Hippolyte Havel, editor of Emma Goldman's publication, Mother Earth, who was sitting near by, broke in with:

"I can think of nothing more ridiculous than a New York detective." Berkman smiled and continued:

"Anarchists absolutely do not advocate violence. That is a mistaken idea."

"How about your attempt on the life of Mr. Frick?" he was asked.

"That was a different matter. I believed that Mr. Frick was personally responsible for the lock-out at Homestead, and I thought that if I put him out of the way the sufferings of those poor people would be alleviated."

"Do you think you were temporarily insane at that time?"

"No," he replied. "I simply was willing to give my life for the cause of humanity. It is no more a sign of insanity to do this than it was for Christ to give His life for the good of His fellow-men."

Asked about the Anarchist federation, he said:

"This central organization has been in existence for some time. There are a hundred or more groups of Anarchists scattered over the country, and they are all united in this central body. I do not know how many members there are in all the groups. They run up in each group from 10 to 100 and over.

"The movement is growing so fast that I cannot keep track of all of them. As to these cards, I sign large numbers of them every day, and may possibly have signed this one found in Silverstein's effects. Every group is anxious to contribute to the propaganda, and this is the way in which they do it. When a new group is to be formed or one is to take in new members they send to me for the cards, and I simply sign them in blank and send them on.

"We have no central registration or records. I am the only officer of the federation, because it was necessary to have a Treasurer. The rest of the work is conducted according to the Anarchistic principles of individualism. I am a printer by trade, and my business is the publication of anarchistic propaganda.

Bingham Warns Hunter.

Commissioner Bingham refused to give out some of the letters found in Silverstein's room. He said that it might defeat the detectives who were on the case. When the subject of Mr. Hunter was brought up the Commissioner got excited.

"Mr. Hunter wants to behave himself," said he, emphasizing the words with thumps of his cane on the floor; "and if he doesn't he will be sorry for it. I will stand for no incitations, riots, or disorder, and will suppress them with an iron hand. When I hear of all this trouble caused by a lot of wind-bags I want them to know it now that I will not stand for it."

The Commissioner said he had only received two complaints about the conduct of the police on Saturday afternoon, but that many letters commending their work had been written to the department.

Dr. Cudeback, the head of the prison ward at Bellevue, said last night that Silverstein had a good chance of recovery.

Michael Dumas, 50 years old, of 105 West Ninety-eighth Street, was arrested yesterday afternoon by Policeman Roosa of the East Fifty-first Street Station for posting anarchistic "stickers" on letter boxes and elevated pillars. He was held by Magistrate Cornell in the Yorkville Court in $500 bail for examination, although he protested that he was not an Anarchist, but was simply aiding in "the education of the people." Some of the "stickers" read:

"With the monstrous laws that are accumulating on the statute books one may safely say that the man who is not a confirmed criminal is scarcely fit to live among decent people."

"Officeholding of all sorts, from the President down to constable, will in a few years more rank in the public mind as positively disreputable."

"We think a man needs to be governed and we let him govern others."

The funeral of Ignatz Hilderbrand, the Orange tailor who was killed in the explosion on Saturday, will be held this afternoon at the home of his sister-in-law, Mrs. Carl Koehler, 48 State Street, Orange. The Rev. F. B. Church of that city will officiate. It was learned yesterday that the man's death occurred on the second anniversary of the death of his only son.

SOCIALISTS TAKE ACTION.

Start Investigation of Bomb Outrage to Get Evidence Against Police.

The committee of seven appointed at the meeting of the General Committee of the Socialist Party on Saturday night to investigate the bomb throwing met at 5:30 o'clock yesterday afternoon in the office of Morris Hillquit, 320 Broadway. Besides the members, Bruno Louis Zimm, the sculptor, and a member of the Executive Committee of the Unemployed Conference of New York which called the meeting in Union Square, and J. A. Behrlinger of the Unemployed Conference of Brooklyn, were present. After the meeting the following statement was given out:

"Joseph Wauhope was elected Chairman of the committee. Several members of the committee reported that they had obtained a large number of written statements from persons who were present at Union Square immediately preceding the explosion of the bomb.

"Some of such persons had come to the place in the expectation of participating in the proposed demonstration, while a large number of them had merely passed by or were onlookers. The statements all agree on one point, namely, that the police under the command of Inspector Schmittberger had exhibited brutality in their treatment of the crowd for which there was absolutely no justification.

"The committee decided to take further evidence on the conduct of the police from all eye witnesses and victims of police brutalizing whom they can reach, and for that purpose to establish one or more offices, each to be in charge of a special representative and to be provided with stenographers and such other help as may be needed in order to attend to all who may choose to make their statements before the committee.

"The evidence so collected will be printed in a publication to be issued by the Socialist Party for that purpose, and several hundred thousand copies will be distributed in the city. The evidence so collected will be used also as a basis for charges to be preferred against the police officials who were responsible for the brutal conduct of the men under their charge.

EMMA GOLDMAN GOES NORTH.

Starts for Winnipeg Upon Learning That Berkman Is Liberated.

Special to The New York Times.

MINNEAPOLIS, March 30.—Emma Goldman left Minneapolis this afternoon for Winnipeg, Canada. Dr. Ben R. Reitman, the leader of the unsuccessful march of the unemployed in Chicago, was to have accompanied her, but their plans were upset upon receipt of the news that Alexander Berkman, one of the editors of the Anarchist paper, Mother Earth, had been arrested in New York. Later Miss Goldman was informed that Berkman had been liberated, and she left for the North alone.

The fact that Reitman is to remain in Minneapolis is believed to indicate that he will attempt to muster the unemployed of this city for the purpose of making a demonstration such as he attempted in Chicago.

DENOUNCE BOMB THROWER.

Crisis Conference Also Lays Plans for an Indoor Unemployed Meeting.

The East Side Crisis Conference, a Socialist organization, which has been active in organizing the unemployed on the east side, held a meeting at the Union Vaudeville Theatre, 133 Eldridge Street, last night to discuss the bomb throwing in Union Square on Saturday. The speakers all denounced the act of Silverstein.

CITY WORK FOR UNEMPLOYED.

Authorities Urged to Push Public Improvements by Brooklyn Residents.

How to give immediate relief to the 200,000 or more unemployed in this city was discussed last night at a meeting of citizens, presided over by Justice F. E. Crane of Brooklyn, at the rooms of the Manufacturers' Association, 16 Court Street, Brooklyn. All sorts of proposals were made—some unique, some feasible, while others were called ridiculous by speakers.

At the close of the meeting two resolutions were passed, which in the main embodied the practical suggestions made in the evening. The first, proposed by James T. Hoile, read:

Resolved, That this conference, composed of earnest men of all parties and beliefs, realizing that the worst results of the panic and following industrial depression, has fallen and will fall upon innocent families, does hereby respectfully urge the State and city authorities, as a measure of partial relief, to immediately allow all public improvements that have been authorized and held up for any cause to be quickly begun, and to that end we pledge our assistance and influence.

The second resolution reads:

Resolved, That while urging the hastening of all public improvements which will afford the largest employment of the disemployed, and while rendering every aid in our power to mitigate the widespread suffering, we demand an exhaustive legislative investigation into the fundamental causes of industrial depressions, to the end that legislation may be enacted which will prevent their recurrence.

Among those present were the Rev. William I. Nichols, Charles E. Teale, Alfred J. Boulton, Norman S. Dike, Simeon Rothschild, the Rev. E. W. McCarty, Nathan S. Jonas, the Rev. William J. White, and Alfred T. White.

Copies of the resolutions passed were ordered to be presented by a deputation to Gov. Huges and the city officials.

REV. F. C. BROWN EXPELLED.

Baptists Drop Minister Who Wrote Improper Letters to Miss Raymond.

SOUTH NORWALK, Conn., March 30.—The Council of the Fairfield County Baptist Association convened in this city this afternoon and heard charges of conduct unbecoming a minister of the Gospel preferred against the Rev. Frank C. Brown, former pastor of the Baptist Church at Rowayton, and also, it was stated, Mr. Brown's confession of the truthfulness of the charges.

By the unanimous vote of the Council the hand of fellowship was withdrawn and his certificates of ordination surrendered. There were present fifty delegates representing twenty-six Baptist churches.

The Rev. Frank C. Brown is accused of having written improper letters to Miss Clara Raymond, 27 years old, daughter of Charles Raymond, ex-Representative of the town of Norwalk.

The Rev. Mr. Brown is 58 years old. His wife is an invalid and he has a daughter who is married. He was pastor of the Rowayton Baptist Church for eight years.

HELD FOR POST CARD THEFT.

Friends Believe Secretary of Novelty Company Played Into Other Hands.

Joseph Dexter of 4,420 Eighteenth Avenue, Brooklyn, was arraigned before Magistrate Barlow in the Tombs Court yesterday charged by the Souvenir Postal Novelty Company of 45 Mercer Street with grand larceny. Dexter, who was the Secretary and shipping clerk of the concern, is accused of being implicated in the loss of about $4,000 worth of fancy postcards belonging to the firm.

In court he admitted that he had shipped the missing cards, but denied he was in any way responsible if they had not been received by the firms ordering them. Dexter declared that Benjamin Levy of 235 Penn Street, a salesman, had given him the order for the postal cards.

Dexter is an officer and a teacher in the Sunday school of the Ridley Memorial Episcopal Church, at Ocean Parkway and Lawrence Avenue, Brooklyn. He is well thought of, and his friends believe his statement that if a theft was committed he ignorantly "played into the hands of others." He was held in $1,000 bail for further examination.

Indorse Wadsworth for Governor.

JAMESTOWN, N. Y., March 30.—Chautauqua County Republicans elected delegates to-day to the two State Conventions, and in the Second District resolutions were adopted favorable to the nomination of Speaker James W. Wadsworth for Governor. The candidacy of Gov. Hughes for President was indorsed in both districts.

Here from Scotland with Nine Children

John Davidson and his nine sturdy sons and daughters, whose ages range from 2 years to 17, arrived yesterday on the steamer Caledonia from Glasgow. Davidson came here a year and a half ago, and settled near Deposit, N. Y. He prospered, and several weeks ago went home to bring his family here. The mother is dead.

PRESIDENT CLOSES THE HILL INCIDENT

Makes Public Kaiser's Declaration That He Never Objected to New Ambassador.

FOLLOWS BERLIN REQUEST

That First Message Be Ignored—Hill's Nomination to Go to the Senate To-day—Griscom Involved.

WASHINGTON, March 30.—With a view to bring to a close the gossip connected with reported disapproval in Berlin of the appointment of Dr. David Jayne Hill as Ambassador and terminating the incident, Baron von Sternburg, the German Ambassador, called at the White House tonight by appointment to see President Roosevelt and Secretary Root. Assistant Secretary Bacon also was present. At the conclusion of the conference the following statement was given out:

"In addition to the communication already made public from the German Foreign Office, the German Ambassador has also conveyed to the American Government the assurance of the Emperor that there has never been any change in his attitude toward Mr. Hill and his cordial willingness to welcome Mr. Hill to Berlin.

"The Emperor's favorable opinion of Mr. Hill was communicated to the Washington Administration last November and his attitude has never changed since.

"Apparently some remarks in a casual conversation have been distorted by gossip and exaggerated by rumor so as to give a totally erroneous impression of the whole matter.

"The two Governments have never shared this misunderstanding. The design of the President and the Secretary of State in choosing Mr. Hill was to choose the man who of all the men in the Diplomatic Service was best fitted for this particular position—a position of the very first order in honor and responsibility, and one to which therefore it was deemed well to send a skilled diplomat, a student, a speaker, an authority on international law, a learned German scholar, who had served with signal ability as Assistant Secretary of State under John Hay, and as Foreign Minister in two successive posts, in the last of which he had rendered marked service in connection with The Hague Peace Conference. This purpose is, and has always been, fully appreciated by the Emperor personally and in Germany at large."

The nomination of Mr. Hill as Ambassador to Germany will be sent to the Senate to-morrow, according to the plan agreed upon to-night. No time has been fixed for the retirement of Ambassador Tower, but it is expected Dr. Hill will succeed him some time in May.

It was stated to-night that the purpose of the Administration has been to make it evident that the great diplomatic positions are not to be treated as positions to be held only by millionaires, but so far as possible as rewards for faithful service to the public in other positions.

Thus the last four Ambassadors appointed—Messrs. Ridley to Russia, Dudley to Brazil, O'Brien to Japan, and Hill to Germany—have all been men of moderate means who in previous positions of lesser rank had shown especial fitness for the performance of the duties of the higher posts to which they were appointed.

It was pointed out that every Ambassador now in the service has had previous diplomatic experience, and most of them means who in previous positions of lesser some cases the chief previous service of the man has been rendered outside of diplomacy.

The Administration has been particularly anxious to have it made evident in the case of Dr. Hill, as in the case of Mr. Riddle, Mr. O'Brien, and others mentioned, that the possession of merely moderate means was no bar to preferment to the highest position, and it is because of this feeling that it so deeply regrets the failure of Congress to provide proper official residences for the Ambassadors abroad.

It was stated to-night that this failure militates directly in favor of the man of great wealth and against the man of smaller means, and both permits and causes such violent contrasts in the scale of expenditure of successive incumbents of the same office and fosters just such gossip and trouble as occurred in the present instance.

BERLIN, March 30.—In its communication to Baron von Sternburg, the German Ambassador at Washington, regarding the acceptance of Dr. David Jayne Hill as American Ambassador to Germany in succession to Charlemagne Tower, the Foreign Office directed Baron von Sternburg to say to President Roosevelt, among other things, that Emperor William hoped he would consider the messages forwarded through Mr. Tower and Lloyd C. Griscom, the American Ambassador to Italy, as not sent.

The Vossische Zeitung to-day publishes what it terms an explanation from an authoritative source of the "doubts" that arose in official quarters regarding the appointment of Dr. Hill to Berlin.

"These doubts," says the Vossische Zeitung, "had nothing to do with Dr. Hill's personality; they arose solely from the purely external circumstance that Dr. Hill did not possess sufficient financial means to assume a position here in keeping with the rank of the United States as a world power. The opinion was that America's prestige in Germany would suffer if its Ambassador in Berlin should not be in a position to assert externally the high rank which his country holds among the nations.

"The objections which the Emperor suggested against Dr. Hill were, therefore, prompted only by the wish to raise America's prestige in Germany. They were entirely in keeping with the policy which his Majesty has pursued for years, of improving and strengthening the relations between Germany and the United States."

VENICE, March 30.—The German Emperor, before leaving for Corfu to-night, said a satisfactory settlement would be reached in connection with the appointment of David Jayne Hill as American Ambassador to Berlin, as he had no personal objection to him. The statement that Dr. Hill was opposed to Germany during The Hague Conference he believed to be unfounded. Dr. Hill, as American Minister at The Hague, having had little active part in the conference.

PROTESTS TO TELEPHONE CO.

Civic Association of Douglaston, L. I., Complains of Discrimination.

The Civic Association of Douglaston, L. I., has made a protest to the New York and New Jersey Telephone Company against the contract price which the subscribers of that locality are being called upon to pay.

Until recently the Douglaston subscribers were connected with the Great Neck exchange and had to pay a contract price of $48 a year and 25 cents for each call to Manhattan. The Civic Association finally succeeded in getting the telephones into the Flushing exchange, which gave them a fifteen-cent rate to Manhatan, but the contract price has been kept at $48 a year, in spite of the fact that Bayside and other communities working through the same exchange get a contract price of $25 a year. The Civic Association is protesting against this discrimination.

Threats for Jewish Newspaper Editor.

Jacob Saperstein, editor of The Jewish Morning Journal, who has vigorously denounced Saturday's Anarchist outbreak in Union Square, received three letters yesterday, all in Yiddish, one demanding money and the others threatening his life. He attributes the letters to his editorial attitude, but said last night that he was not worried by them and his actions would not be influenced.

J. M. STANALAND A SUICIDE.

Business Troubles and Death of Walter Stedman Preyed on His Mind.

The death of Walter Stedman, the former Wall Street man who threw himself under a Subway train at the Seventy-second Street Station several weeks ago, weighed so heavily on the mind of John Milton Stanaland, a real estate operator with offices at 150 Broadway, who had been a close personal friend of the broker, that he, too, committed suicide last night. He had frequently discussed his friend's death with his wife, and day by day he seemed to become more depressed over it.

When Mr. Stanaland returned from business last night to his home at 612 West 138th Street his wife and daughter Bessie, 18 years old, saw that he was unusually low-spirited, and made extra efforts to cheer him up. He went to his room on the third floor, and a few minutes later his daughter heard two smothered reports from above.

Miss Stanaland called her mother, and the two went upstairs. They found Mr. Stanaland's room empty, and Mrs. Stanaland pushed open the bathroom door. On the floor was her husband, bleeding from a pistol wound over the heart. A second wound was in the right temple.

The women fled downstairs and sent a maid across the street to the Montefiore and found that Mr. Stanaland was dead.

Mrs. Stanaland told Coroner Dooley that the recent financial depression had made it difficult for Mr. Stanaland to meet the demands made upon him for taxes and assessments for some property he owned in the suburbs, and she said that this and the tragic death of his friend, Walter Stedman, had probably preyed on his mind more heavily than she or her daughter had imagined.

PERSIAN CONSUL ROBBED.

Thieves Get $1,425 Worth of Jewels from His Fifth Avenue Store.

Although protected by a wooden screen and guarded by a night watchman, the curio and antique jewelry store at 275 Fifth Avenue of Dikran G. Kelekian, Persian Consul in New York, was robbed on Sunday night. Jewels worth $1,425 were stolen. The wooden screen, which has a two-inch mesh with upper alarm wires, covered every part of the window except a narrow strip on the south side about six inches wide. The thieves took advantage of this to break the window at the bottom and hook out the articles of jewelry that were within their reach. Among them were a pair of diamond earrings with long drop attachment, a pearl necklace, a Turkish brooch of seven diamonds forming an inscription, and a ruby necklace valued at $375, which was the most valuable article of the lot.

When the news of the robbery was reported to Police Headquarters a list of the stolen jewels was sent to all pawnbrokers, and detectives from the Central Office were assigned to the case. In speaking about his loss yesterday Mr. Kelekian said:

"This is the second time I have been robbed in two years. Two years ago over $4,000 worth of property was stolen from my store. I have been paying $400 a year for protection to a private agency for sixteen years, and they told me last time that the burglars got in because I had not put protective screens in my widow. I paid them $140 for the screens, and my employe broke two vases putting them in one night, which cost me $400, but I did not complain. This time I intend to sue the protection agency, and my lawyer tells me that they are responsible under their contract with me."

WANT FIFTH AV. BEAUTIFUL.

The Thoroughfare's Business Men Organize an Improvement Association.

Representative merchants, hotel proprietors, and other property holders in Fifth Avenue met at the Holland House last night and organized the Fifth Avenue Association for the purpose of standing together in all efforts to improve and beautify that street.

The association starts out with a membership of about 100 firms and confidently expects that this number will soon be greatly increased. Last night a constitution and by-laws were adopted and the Executive Committee elected. Members of this committee are:

Robert Grier Cooke, publisher; J. S. Holbrook of the Gorham Company, W. D. Bloodgood, real estate; Curtis Bell, photography; Louis Kilmarx, William Post Sackett, jeweler; Mme. Obry, dyer; Gustav Baumann, Holland House; Roland Knoedler, art; A. Simonson, hair goods; Henry A. Siebrecht, florist; William Knabe, pianos; A. S. Frissell, President of the Fifth Avenue Bank; Max Landay, Edward Hatch of Lord & Taylor, Simon Brentano, book dealer, and W. M. Kendall of McKim, Mead & White, architects.

The committee will meet next Monday night, probably at the Holland House, for the election of officers.

The association will see that the street is kept clean, the signs in good condition, the pavement in repair, and in every way will take an active part in the matter of beautifying the avenue.

CALLS MRS. ANDREWS SANE.

Husband Gets a Court Order to Have Her Released from Sanitarium.

On a writ of habeas corpus sued out by her husband, Mrs. Blanche L. Andrews, wife of Constant A. Andrews, banker, will be produced before Supreme Court Justice O'Gorman this morning. Mrs. Andrews is now in Dr. Flavius Packer's sanitarium in the Bronx, and it was against Dr. Packer that the writ was directed. Mr. Andrews claims that his wife is now sane, and should be freed, but that Dr. Packer refuses to set her at liberty.

Mrs. Andrews was committed to the sanitarium by the court on March 13, 1907, upon the certificates of Dr. Charles L. Dana and Dr. B. Sachs that she was insane. Prior to this she had been confined in other asylums.

An affidavit of Dr. A. W. Ferris, a member of the State Board of Lunacy, was submitted to the court, showing that on Feb. 2 last Dr. Ferris examined Mrs. Andrews and found her "cordial, pleasant, talkative, and quite rational with the exception of rather exuberant cordiality." Dr. Ferris recommended that Mrs. Andrews be released for thirty days in order that her condition may be tested in her own home.

Mr. Andrews is a brother-in-law of J. E. Roosevelt, and both have been interested in the management of Mrs. Andrews's estate. There has been considerable litigation between them respecting the trust, which ended in Justice Dayton removing them as a committee of the estate.

Bondsmen Surrender Broker Stade.

Charles E. Stade, who, under the name of C. E. Stade & Co., stock brokers, of 44 Broadway, was arrested three weeks ago on a charge of grand larceny brought by Martha H. Browne of 210 West Forty-fourth Street, and was held in $1,000 bail for trial, was surrendered by his bondsmen yesterday. His lawyer obtained a writ of habeas corpus, but Justice O'Gorman dismissed the writ and remanded Stade to the Tombs.

BANKER PATI HIDING NEAR CONEY ISLAND

He and His Son Seen and Recognized on Saturday by Some of Their Former Neighbors.

DRIVING IN AUTOMOBILE

Receiver for His Bank Says Notes for $3,000 Given by City Official Are Missing.

Pasquale Pati, who disappeared a week ago with his family, leaving a notice posted on the doors of his banking house at 240 Elizabeth Street, saying that he had fled fearing assassination, is believed to be in hiding somewhere in the city. In spite of the threats of vengeance which have been made by depositors who have money tied up in his banking house, Pati was—at least until Saturday—within a few miles of his bank.

On Friday he was seen riding with his younger son, Alfred, in an automobile in Ocean Parkway, and on Saturday he was seen again in the same place.

D. A. Murphy, who lives at 154 Ocean Parkway, next door to the handsome house which Pati built four years ago, and in which he and his family lived until their disappearance, said yesterday that he saw Pati and his son passing the house at 10 o'clock Friday morning.

"They were in Pati's electric car," said Mr. Murphy. "Alfred was driving. They were bound toward Coney Island, and seemed to be taking things easy. They did not even look at their house as they passed by."

Mrs. Margaret Kelly, a sister of Mr. Murphy, said that she saw the two Patis, father and son, at 1 o'clock Saturday afternoon.

"They were in Pati's gasoline automobile and Alfred was driving the car," she said. "I know them well. They were going toward Coney Island. I think they are in hiding somewhere near, for the machine was not muddy and showed no signs of having come from a distance.

"When the Patis left their house they took everything in it. How they got the furniture out without any of us seeing them is a mystery, but the house has been stripped of everything it contained."

Salvator Denofrio, a son-in-law of Pati, who was supposed at first to have fled with the banker, has been seen several times in the city since Pati's flight, although he has not been at the banking house.

The receiver was in charge of Pati's banking house yesterday. His counsel, Mr. Rosenbaum, of Hoadly, Lauterbach & Johnson, said that the receiver was trying to find Denofrio to get him to explain several transactions which appear in the bank's books. One transaction is the apparent disappearance of three notes, aggregating $3,000, which were given by a city official to Pati a little while before the bank closed.

According to a close friend of Pati, who says he had an interview with Denofrio just after Pati's disappearance, Denofrio was ordered by Pati to destroy these notes. But, according to the same informant, the notes were not destroyed by Denofrio, but were placed in an envelope and left in the bank. The envelope and its contents disappeared about the same time Pati did, and have not yet been found. The public official whose name appeared on the notes had been on terms of close friendship with Pati.

JOKES FOR REFORM USES.

Twenty-six Men to One Cart, and They Wait for Their Time to be Taken.

The "Farmers' Joke Club," which under the guise of humor is reporting to itself the way in which work on the public highways in the Third Ward of the Borough of Queens is being done, had another session in Literary Hall, Bayside, L. I., yesterday. The club, among whose members are William K. Vanderbilt, Jr., G. Howland Leavitt, ex-County Clerk David L. Van Nostrand, and Henry D. Lott, is backing up a protest recently signed by 6,000 property owners.

The meeting began with the relation of the famous Queens Borough story of the foreman who sat in the shade reading the newspapers on his job, was discharged, and then got the courts to reinstate him, after four years, with back pay.

"I don't think you can blame the workmen," a member said. "They have no tools. Why, I saw a gang of men last week trying to cut down a small tree in the middle of an avenue with their pocket knives, and trimming heavy weeds along the gutters with their knives, too."

"I was doing a little inspecting the other day on my own hook," said George H. Gill. "I saw twelve men and a foreman unloading a cart. Then after it was unloaded they all stood around. I finally went over and asked them if they were holding a primary. The foreman said:

"'No; we're waiting for the man to come from Long Island City and take our time.'

"When I referred to the fact that there were thirteen men to the one cart the foreman told me that if I would take the trouble to walk to the place where the cart had been loaded I would find another twelve men and a foreman waiting for the cart to come back. Thus there were twenty-six men to the cart."

"I have looked over The City Record payroll," put in Charles Powell, "and I find that there are 140 foremen and Inspectors and 230 laborers employed on the highways of Queens."

The meeting then adjourned, after issuing an invitation to all property owners to come and entertain with their "fact jokes."

BOARD OF EDUCATION BILL.

Measure Reducing the Membership Not to Come Up This Session.

The Board of Education is not to be reduced in size until after Jan. 1, 1910, if at all. Positive assurance to this effect was received by members of the Board of Education yesterday in an official letter from Albany, which said that the bill providing for fifteen members instead of forty-six, as at present, would not be considered at this session.

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FRANZ JOSEF HUNGARY'S PROMINENT APERIENT WATER

WOUNDED HIS WIFE, THEN SHOT HIMSELF

E. F. Randall, an Expert Accountant, Ends His Life After Trying to Kill Mrs. Randall.

QUARREL ENDS IN TRAGEDY

Wife Says He Shot Her as She Was Trying to Phone to Police—She May Die, Too.

Following a bitter family quarrel, Edward F. Randall, an expert accountant, shot his wife, Rose, last night in their home at 701 Park Place, Brooklyn, and then sent a bullet into his own brain.

Randall died instantly and his wife is in the Swedish Hospital in a serious condition. Her right jaw is shattered, her tongue is split, and her right arm broken at the wrist. The shooting caused intense excitement in the fashionable neighborhood in which the Randall home is located.

John P. Ryan was standing in front of his home at 703 Park Place at 10:30 o'clock when he saw Mrs. Randall run out of her home into the street. She was holding her left hand to her face. She hesitated at the bottom of the steps, then, seeing Ryan, started toward him, but staggered and was about to fall when Ryan caught her.

"My husband shot me," she exclaimed, then fainted.

Ryan called Policeman Hugo Wensché, who was near by, and the policeman summoned an ambulance.

While Dr. Albert O. Griffiths and Ambulance Surgeon Blake were treating her, Mrs. Randall said:

"My husband shot me when I tried to get to the telephone to call the police."

Those were her only words to throw light upon the tragedy.

Policemen Wensche and Kearney hastened from the hospital to the Randall home, and repeatedly rang the bell. No one answered, and the front and back doors were locked.

The reserves of the Grand Avenue Station were called out and the house surrounded. Then Policeman Downes forced an entrance to the Randall home, while the crowd outside waited breathlessly. The policeman found lights burning in all the bedrooms on the second floor. Papers were scattered about and bureau drawers pulled out.

Downes then entered a room at the rear of the house and found Randall's body lying on the bed. There was a bullet wound in the forehead, and in the dead man's hand was clasped a 32-calibre revolver. The police later found that a lot of family papers and letters had been burned in a stove on the first floor. Some of the documents were still smoldering and others had not yet caught fire.

Among the latter was a will, signed by Randall, under date of 1906, in which he bequeathed all his property to his wife.

The Randalls were looked upon as well-to-do. Mr. Randall was 56 years old and his wife 41.

Mrs. Randall has a niece, Ruby, who is an inmate of a deaf and dumb institution in Manhattan. Mr. Randall had been bearing the expense of Ruby's maintenance in the institution. This is believed to have been the subject of many quarrels between the husband and wife, and the police think it led to last night's tragedy.

POTATO TRUST NOW A FACT.

Long Island Farmers Consolidate and Propose to Dictate Prices.

Long Island potatoes are really to be cornered this year. The trust discussed by the farmers some time ago has been formed. No longer will the farmer go, hat in hand, to the produce dealer and ask what he is paying for his wares, then meekly take what is offered him.

"We'll make the price of potatoes this year," declare the farmers. "Just watch us."

The meeting was held in Riverhead, L. I., whither some of the farmers journeyed in rigs of antiquated make, but others in large red automobiles, their whiskers flying in the breezes as they laughed at broken speed laws.

"Y' see, we're gettin' up to date," explained a farmer as he alighted. "We're wakin' up."

More than 200 attended the meeting, and Gilbert E. Aldrich presided.

James Young, an Orient farmer, explained the situation succinctly.

"When we go to a dealer in farm utensils to buy," he said, "we have to pay his price, but when we go to sell our produce we ask what he is paying and have to take his figures. That is not equitable.

"There are upward of 5,000,000 bushels of potatoes grown on Long Island annually. We must be able to tell the merchants what we will sell our potatoes for, and this can be acomplished only by consolidation."

The Long Island Exchange was formed without a dissenting voice. Details of the incorporation were referred to De Forrest Wells, T. Downs, and Henry Talmage, a committee, who are to report on May 2 at another meeting.

The potatoes are to be sold to a holding company, which will hold them for such price as the farmers agree is fair.

Mayor Signs Coroner's Bill.

Mayor McClellan yesterday signed Coroner Harburger's bill to prevent the embalming of the body of any person dying under suspicious circumstances without the permission of a Coroner. The penalty for violation of the provisions of the bill, which becomes a law immediately upon the affixing of the Governor's signature, is imprisonment for a term not exceeding one year, or a fine not exceeding $500, or both fine and imprisonment.

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BRYAN SAYS TAFT IS NOT FOR REFORM

"His Superiority Over His Cabinet Colleagues Not Due to His Positive Virtues."

IMPERIALISM WOULD REMAIN

Nothing In Administration Speeches That Indicates a Courageous Policy, Says Nebraskan to Missourians.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., March 30.—Democrats from all parts of Missouri to the number of 2,000 attended a dollar banquet in Convention Hall to-night under the auspices of the Young Men's Democratic Club of Missouri. William J. Bryan and Judson Harmon were the guests of honor and principal speakers. Fifteen thousand persons thronged the hall as auditors and cheered the speakers.

Democratic Clubs in St. Louis, St. Joseph, and other cities of the State sent delegations to the dinner. Among the guests were four former Governors of Missouri—T. T. Crittenden, David R. Francis, Senator William J. Stone, and Alexander M. Dockery—as also was the present Governor, Joseph W. Folk. All of the candidates for State offices were present.

The meeting was essentially a Bryan affair, enthusiasm marking every mention of his candidacy for the Presidency. The reception accorded Mr. Harmon was no less cordial.

Mr. Bryan's opening statement that "we have yet to begin the campaign of 1908, and to present those principles and policies which ought to appeal to progressive Republicans as well as to traditional Democrats," was the keynote of his speech. In giving his approval of Senator La Follette as the Republican candidate for President Mr. Bryan said:

La Follette a Real Reformer.

"If the President had picked out Senator La Follette, a real reformer; if the Republican Party had rallied to Senator La Follette's support, it would have compelled the confidence of reform Republicans."

Mr. Bryan said that without the support of the Administration Secretary Taft would scarcely have a State in the convention, and with the President's support he is having an uphill fight. Mr. Bryan said that Secretary Taft made the best man the President could find among his Cabinet officers, but that Secretary Taft's superiority over his colleagues was due, not to his positive virtues, but to the fact that none of the rest of them had any reform tendencies whatever.

"For years the Democratic Party has been pointing out the abuses which have been growing under Republican rule, but those abuses have been denied by Republican leaders and the country has been congratulated upon the possession of everything essential to its welfare.

"Republican platforms have been full of fulsome eulogy of the Republican Party and barren of promises of reform. Even the platform of 1904, upon which President Roosevelt was elected, was silent in regard to Governmental evils and gave no hope of relief. To the surprise of Democrats, and to the surprise of Republicans as well, the President immediately began to recommend remedial legislation, taking as his guide the platform declarations of the Democratic Party."

"He did not follow in the footsteps of Democracy out of any desire to compliment the Democrats or to encourage them, but simply because the Democrats had pre-empted all the ground in front and he could not go forward without trespassing upon their land. It is not strange that his suggestions were hailed with delight by Democrats and met with indignation by Republicans.

Taft Would Regulate Trusts.

"What does Secretary Taft stand for?" Mr. Bryan asked. "What does he denounce as wrong? What does he propose as a remedy?

"What would he do with the trusts? He tells us that he would not exterminate them, but simply regulate them.

"What does he propose on the tariff question? Revision—but not until after the election.

"What reform does Secretary Taft propose for the benefit of labor? The laboring men insist that they are entitled to trial by jury; but Secretary Taft went all the way to Oklahoma to find fault with a provision in the Oklahoma Constitution securing this protection to the laboring men.

"What relief does Secretary Taft propose to give us from the burdens which Imperialism has imposed upon the country? The appropriation for the army and navy has increased more than a hundred millions a year since we entered upon our colonial experiment. Our army is more than twice as large as it was in 1896, and we are still denying the Philippine Islands the doctrine set forth in the Declaration of Independence, that governments derive their just powers from the consent of the governed.

Taft Evasive on Railroad Question.

"What is Secretary Taft going to do on the railroad question? In one speech he took occasion to explain that the President was not responsible for rate reductions. This would indicate that Secretary Taft does not favor rate reduction. Is he in favor of authorizing the Inter-State Commerce Commission to ascertain the present value of the railroads? Is he willing to prevent the future issue of watered stock?

"Does he urge reduction in freight and passenger rates wherever and whenever such reductions can be made without injustice to honest investments? He has given no assurance on these questions, and we must judge what he would do by what he now says or fails to say.

"What chance of reform is there at the hands of Republican leaders who take the side of corporations against the people, and act upon the theory that inducements must be held out to capital, no matter how great the burdens imposed upon the producers of wealth? There is no doubt that the masses of the people, Republican and Democratic, are in favor of reform.

"If we can only convince the voters that the Democratic Party will be true to reform, victory is assured, and the only way in which we can convince the public that we honestly desire to administer the Government in behalf of the people is to give them an honest platform, employ honest arguments, and conduct a campaign by honest methods and through an honest organization."

STRING TO BRYAN INVITATION.

Democratic Club Has Invited Him to Eat, but Not to Speak.

It came out yesterday that William Jennings Bryan has been invited to attend the Jefferson Day dinner of the National Democratic Club at the Knickerbocker Hotel on April 13, the day before the Democratic State Convention at Carnegie Hall. He has not been invited to make a speech. So far, contrary to reports, he has not accepted the invitation.

A statement issued yesterday in connection with the dinner gave these men as the speakers: Woodrow Wilson, President of Princeton University; Robert L. Taylor, United States Senator from Tennessee; Robert L. Owen, United States Senator from Oklahoma; F. M. Simmons, United States Senator from North Carolina, and Edward M. Shepard of New York.

The statement concluded: "This list of speakers will not be enlarged. This banquet is given simply in honor of Thomas Jefferson, and not in the interest of any faction of the Democratic Party."

MAY UNSEAT McCABE AS BOSS.

Conners Plans to Make Ten Eyck State Committeeman from Albany.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, N. Y., March 30.—With the primaries to be held here to-morrow it became known to-day that Democratic State Chairman William J. Conners would make a contest in every district to unseat Patrick McCabe, who has held sway as Democratic boss of Albany County ever since the Harrick machine went to pieces ten years ago. To all appearances McCabe has been caught napping.

McCabe was one of the ringleaders of the movement in the Democratic State Committee led by Senator Patrick H. McCarren to have Conners deposed as State Chairman.

Conners's candidate for leader here is Jacob L. Ten Eyck, an Albany lawyer who trained with the Herrick faction in its palmy days.

Martin H. Glynn, State Controller, who is mentioned as a gubernatorial possibility, is assuming a neutral attitude in the fight, absenting himself from the city at a critical moment.

GIRL SUES CITY; LOSES.

Another's Appointment Kept Her from Holding Down Two Jobs.

Supreme Court Justice Greenbaum, in a decision handed down yesterday, held that Miss Madeline G. W. Mechlin, a stenographer in the employ of the Park Department, could not also recover salary for services as a teacher of shorthand under the city, not because a city employe could not draw pay for two places, but because another eligible candidate had already been appointed to one of the places she held.

McClure Libel Suit Settled.

The action for libel by the Union Refrigerating Company of Milwaukee against the S. S. McClure Company has been settled and will be formally dismissed when called at the April term. The amount to be paid by the defendants was given as $1,500. One hundred thousand dollars was the amount sued for. E. L. Phillips, President of the refrigerating company, thinks the verdict for $15,000 awarded to him last week vindicates him and the company.

BROOKLYN NEWS NOTES.

The will of Mrs. Catherine Ulmer, widow of William Ulmer, the wealthy Eastern District brewer, was filed for probate yesterday in the Kings County Surrogate's office. No schedule was filed which would denote the size of the estate, but it is believed to be approximately $350,000. Numerous charitable bequests are made, but the bulk of the property is divided between the surviving members of the family.

Catherine Goslin, who says she is a seamstress, was sentenced to two months on Blackwell's Island yesterday afternoon by Magistrate O'Reilly in the Manhattan Avenue Police Court for vagrancy. The woman was destitute and had no home. She declared that she had sought work in vain for several weeks.

A workman ascending to the top of an immense gas tank at North Thirteenth and Perry Streets yesterday morning accidentally fell to the ground, receiving fatal injuries. His name could not be learned from his employers, and at the Eastern District Hospital it was declared that he had not recovered sufficiently to identify himself.

The Borough Bank, which closed its doors on Oct. 25, will reopen on April 14, according to a statement issued yesterday by the Directors. The $45,000 directed by the courts to be subscribed by the stockholders has already been raised.

The body of an unidentified man was discovered yesterday afternoon floating in Newtown Creek at the foot of Varick Street and was later removed to the Brooklyn Morgue.

Charles Morgan, a painter, living at Coney Island, accidentally fell 120 feet to the pavement from a scaffolding in Dreamland Park, Coney Island, yesterday afternoon. He sustained a fracture of the skull and internal injuries and was removed by Dr. Meeks to the Kings County Hospital.

Alexander Falkner was run down and killed last evening by a Thirty-ninth Street trolley car, bound for Coney Island, at Third Avenue and Forty-fourth Street. He was caught under the after truck and the car had to be jacked up before his body could be removed. Falkner lived at 277 Forty-fourth Street, Brooklyn. Charles Squier of 417 Fifty-seventh Street, the motorman, was arrested.

FIGHT ON M'CARREN IN PRIMARIES TO-DAY

Seven of the Senator's Leaders Have Already Gone Over to the Enemy.

HIS FOES ARE JUBILANT

Plans Laid to Supersede Him by a Triumvirate, but Tammany Is on the Watch for More Power.

On the eve of what promises to be a bitterly contested primary election, seven Democratic organization district leaders in Brooklyn openly joined the Coler-Shevlin-Flaherty combination for the overthrow of Senator Patrick H. McCarren as county leader yesterday, expressing the belief that the party, divided against itself, was facing destruction in Kings. Last night it seemed as if several other leaders were wavering in their loyalty to McCarren, and the appearances were that for the first time since he deposed the late Hugh McLaughlin the leadership of the tall Williamsburg statesman was in grave danger.

The action taken by the seven leaders was the outcome of the meeting held in the Astor House on Saturday and described in Sunday's TIMES. Tammany influence is believed to be responsible for the bolt, the position of Mayor McClellan being regarded as that of a neutral in the fight. Last night McCarren's foes were gleefully predicting his defeat, while his friends were grimly asserting that he would carry a safe majority of the districts. "Little Tim" Sullivan is said to have arranged the Astor House conference.

Controller Metz is sticking by McCarren. He hinted yesterday that he would retaliate for the Senator. Several of the leaders who have bolted McCarren are holding fat jobs under the Controller, and political ears are being strained in Brooklyn for a sound of dropping official heads in the Finance Department.

The Bolting Leaders.

The leaders who have joined in the movement to overthrow McCarren are William E. Melody of the Fourth Assembly District, William R. McGuire of the Sixth, William A. Doyle of the Ninth, Thomas R. Farrell of the Tenth, Thomas F. Byrnes of the Eleventh, James P. Sinnott of the Twenty-second, and Patrick F. Lynch of the Twenty-third. Those holding places in the Finance Department are Melody, Deputy Commissioner of Assessments and Arrears, and Byrnes, Appraiser of Real Estate, each with a salary of $4,000. McGuire is Water Registrar in Brooklyn, Doyle is an insurance broker in that borough, Lynch is in business in his district, and Farrell holds the office of Superintendent of Highways under Borough President Coler.

Of the seven only two, Byrnes and Sinnott, have been classed as of the inner McCarren circle. Farrell and Lynch have fought the Senator in the past, and have never been looked upon as being actually within the McCarren fold. Farrell's heart, politically, has always been with James Shevlin and Willoughby Street. McGuire has shown independence and lukewarmness in his political relations with the Senator. Lynch contested unsuccessfully for years for the leadership of the old Sixteenth District. When he was thrown into the new Twenty-third District by the reapportionment, he was placated with the leadership there.

When Tammany first attempted to annex the Brooklyn organization Doyle was selected to lead the fight on McCarren, and was made a Deputy Fire Commissioner. McCarren won out easily, and Doyle later made peace with him.

Borough President Coler said yesterday that the anti-McCarren primary fights in the districts of the seven leaders who bolted had been called off. Besides these districts, the anti-McCarren leaders were asserting yesterday that they would be successful in the First, Second, Third, Fifth, Thirteenth, Seventeenth, and Eighteenth Districts, and that they would control the new Executive and General Committees. The McCarren men contented themselves with asserting that they would win in two-thirds of the districts and that McCarren would hold the committees.

There were many rumors last night of contemplated desertions from the McCarren camp. The revolutionists were asserting that James Kane of the Third District, James S. Regan of the Fifth, J. Morrissey Gray of the Eighth, Michael E. Butler of the Twelfth, and John Naumer of the Seventeenth were ready to join them. The McCarren men laughed at these desertions, although they admitted that there was uncertainty as to Butler, who is wealthy and has shown marked independence. Regan and Gray hold jobs under McCarren's loyal friend, Metz, while Kane only recently was appointed a Commissioner of Elections on McCarren's recommendation. Naumer is a Police Magistrate.

Revolt "for the Party's Good."

The reasons given for their action by the seven bolting leaders was that since McCarren became county leader four years ago there has been such opposition to his leadership that in a Democratic county the party's candidates for local offices have annually gone down to defeat, and that there seemed to be no prospect of harmony and victory with him at the head of the organization. "For the good of the party," is one way in which they put it.

There was much speculation in local political circles last night as to what would result in the event of McCarren's defeat to-day. There were those, and they were not few in number, who believed that despite what they regarded as the chimerical plans of the rebel leaders, the Kings County organization would eventually fall into the eager maw of the Tammany tiger.

The anti-McCarrenites are not, of course, fighting to make any man leader in place of the Senator. There isn't to be any leader. As a matter of fact, none of them wants to be leader. The men behind the anti-McCarren movement are all of a benevolent spirit and self-sacrificing disposition. Mr. Coler says so, while Mr. Shevlin looks pained at the leadership question and exclaims reproachfully, "Who, me? Never!" As to ex-Sheriff Michael J. Flaherty, he stands ready to prove an alibi at any time.

Committee To Do the Leading.

If McCarren loses to-day the Democracy of Brooklyn will face the depressing prospect of going through life leaderless. The rubber plant Democracy is to find itself in the hands of a committee of its person and estate. This committee is to be of three members, who will decide all questions which may arise, pass around the patronage, outline the policy of the organization, head off trouble, and see to it that the Brooklyn Democracy gets all that may be coming to it. Neither Mr. Coler nor Mr. Shevlin is a candidate for a job as guide, philosopher, and friend of the local Democracy. Of course, they may be forced to serve, and, anyhow, the one best bet last night was that they would become at least honorary members of the committee.

As to tying up to Tammany Hall, why, there is nothing to that at all. Mr. Coler says so. To be sure, the maybe new organization "will be co-ordinate with the New York County Democracy and of equal authority," but the "autonomy and political independence of Brooklyn" will be maintained at any cost and to the bitter end. The Tiger shall not cross the bridge. Mr. Coler is determined about this. Mr. Shevlin and Mr. Flaherty just shudder at the very idea.

HOW FORESTS ARE WASTED.

111,000 Acres of Timber Cut Daily in This Country, Says Forest Expert.

In a lecture before the People's Institute at Cooper Union last night, Assistant Forester Overton W. Price of Washington told a large audience how vital it was to the welfare of the Nation that the forests should be preserved. With pictures he showed the forests in the West before the lumberman had touched them, and with other pictures showed the charred stumps after the axe had been used.

"This Nation is cutting the timber from 111,000 acres every day to get the hundred billion feet we are using annually," said Mr. Price. "The lumber alone which was produced in the United States last year would make a pile as high as the Singer Building and nearly eight blocks each way—a woodpile over six hundred feet high and covering one hundred and twenty-four acres."

He also pointed out that when the forests had been destroyed the water did not soak into the bare ground, and that in one year floods, directly traceable to forest destruction, had wrecked $9,000,000 worth of property in the southern mountains. Mr. Price urged forestry as a partial solution to the destruction of the American forests.

Prof. Charles Sprague Smith explained the methods of forestry in Germany, where no one is allowed to cut down a tree without previously planting another in its place.

Gen. T. L. James Is 77 Years Old.

Gen. Thomas L. James, former Postmaster General, and President of the Lincoln National Bank, and Mrs. James gave a small dinner last night at the Hotel Astor in honor of Gen. James's seventy-seventh birthday. Among those present were Admiral and Mrs. Joseph B. Coghlan, Gen. and Mrs. Stewart L. Woodford, Mr. and Mrs. William H. McElroy, the Rev. Dr. Henry A. Brann, Mr. and Mrs. George G. Ward, and W. A. Simonson.

SIDES ARE LINED UP FOR THE PRIMARIES

Odell and Parsons Men Ready to Lock Horns for Control in Assembly Districts.

BOTH SIDES CHARGE FRAUD

Parsons Declares He Is Confident of Victory—Offers Rewards for Proof of Illegal Voting.

Ex-Gov. Odell and Congressman Herbert Parsons will try their strength at the primary elections to be held to-day, and while the results will not affect any district leaderships at this time they will indicate clearly what is to be expected at the Fall primaries, when the leaders will be elected for the ensuing year. Last night both sides were confident, but it is expected that there will be a lot of trouble at the polls, as there is at most primaries in this city. Charges have been made by Mr. Parsons that the Odell forces are to use guerrillas by the wholesale, and the Odell forces have responded: "You're another."

The fight that Odell is making has a more important bearing on the State Committee than on the County Committee, of which Mr. Parsons is Chairman, though Mr. Odell and his followers are not averse to making Mr. Parsons feel their power if they are able to do so.

Fights worth the name, and promising close results, are to be made in the Fifth, Sixth, Seventh, Tenth, Thirteenth, Fifteenth, Twenty-fourth, Twenty-fifth, Twenty-sixth, Twenty-seventh, and Twenty-ninth Assembly Districts. There are also signs of contests in the Eleventh and Twenty-third Districts, but these two have not attracted much attention. The Seventh and Thirteenth are Odell districts, in which the Parsons machine is opposing the present leadership.

It seems probable that the hottest fights will be in the Fifteenth, Twenty-fifth, and Twenty-ninth Districts. In the first-named the Odell crowd is backing Senator Saxe, and the Parsons leader, Henry W. Mack, is allied with former Congressman Douglas. The control of this district practically assures the control of the Fifteenth Congressional District, which Congressman Olcott represents at present.

A great deal of interest centres in the fights in the Twenty-fifth, Twenty-seventh, and Twenty-ninth Districts for the reason that they compose the Thirteenth Congressional District, of which Mr. Parsons is at present the representative. If the control passes to Odell, it will be a hard blow to Parsons's prestige.

Mr. Parsons issued the following statement last night:

Following my custom in previous primary fights, I must refuse to go into details as to what I think of the situation in the individual districts. From the reports given to me by district leaders, I can say that I think the situation to-night is most favorable for the success of the organization at the polls to-morrow.

The district leaders and the district Captains have found the enrolled Republicans keenly alive to the real issue. The attempt of my opponents to befog the issue with a false claim of loyalty to Gov. Hughes's candidacy has fooled, apparently, very few of the voters. The statement of Gen. Woodford repudiating the attempt to drag the Hughes League of the United States into the fight has, moreover, settled that. I think that the great body of honest voters will go to the polls to-morrow knowing that in casting their ballot for the Republican organization of the county they are putting in a vote for Gov. Hughes and against Benamin B. Odell, Jr.

Mr. Parsons also announced that he had offered ten rewards of $250 each for evidence leading to the arrest and conviction of illegal voters, those aiding or abetting illegal voting, or of Inspectors violating the law. The statement reiterated the charges concerning the use of repeaters, and detailed an alleged conversation concerning them held by Odell men.

SELIGMAN BOY ARRESTED.

Has to Pay Two Fines for Overspeeding on His Motor Cycle.

Jesse Seligman, a boy of 18, eluded Patrolman Reckert of the Motor Cycle Squad once yesterday afternoon by a shrewd ruse, only to face later in the West Side Court two charges of exceeding the speed limit instead of one, which resulted in two fines by Magistrate Walsh.

Reckert arrested the young man at Eighty-first Street and Central Park West, he told the court, for speeding on his motor cycle at twenty-five miles an hour.

"He stopped at the curb," the patrolman said, "and told me his machine wouldn't start. I dismounted to show him how to start it and he went off like a flash. As his machine is faster than mine I couldn't catch him. He went across Eighty-second Street and down Amsterdam Avenue at forty miles an hour, but bent his pedal and I got him."

"The worst of it is," said Seligman, "that my father told me he'd take the machine away from me if I was arrested again."

"Five dollars on one charge and $10 on the other," decreed the court.

Young Seligman told the court he had only $5, and left his ring and cuff buttons as security for the fine. He gave his address as 66 West Fifty-second Street, but refused to say whether Albert J. Seligman, who is interested in mines and lives at that address, is his father.

BROOKLYN PUPILS MOVED.

More Exits to be Built in Erasmus High School—Building Called Unsafe.

All the pupils of the Erasmus Hall High School in Brooklyn who have hitherto used the big assembly room have now been moved to another part of the building, because David F. Moore, City Superintendent of Buildings for Brooklyn, reported to Supt. Snyder that this part of the house lacked proper safeguards against fire.

Spring Shirts

$2. Four for $7.50

If the "Exclusive" idea appeal to you, my Spring patterns and colors will satisfy it. They are *new*—beige, lavender, quiet blues and black-and-white.

Yet, my bid to your interest is not on the "Exclusive" plea.

No. My two-dollar **ready-to-wear** shirts have more than that to make them worth two-fifty.

Wm. G. White

Broadway at Leonard Street, 42d St., 3 doors West of 5th Ave.

Uneeda Biscuit

B. Altman & Co.

WILL PLACE ON SPECIAL SALE THIS DAY (TUESDAY) MARCH 31st, A LARGE ASSORTMENT OF

WOMEN'S TWILLED SILK UMBRELLAS

WITH A VARIETY OF HANDLES IN NOVELTY STYLES AND NATURAL WOOD, 26-INCH SIZE ONLY,

THE USUAL PRICE BEING $3.00 AT $2.00 EACH

A SALE OF SILK HOSIERY FOR MEN AND WOMEN

WILL ALSO TAKE PLACE THIS DAY (TUESDAY), MARCH 31st, AS FOLLOWS:

MEN'S COLORED SILK HALF-HOSE, PRICE USUALLY $1.50, AT
$1.00 PER PAIR PER BOX OF THREE PAIRS, $2.75

MEN'S PLAIN BLACK SILK HALF-HOSE WITH COTTON SOLES, PRICE USUALLY $1.35, AT
$1.10 PER PAIR PER BOX OF THREE PAIRS, $3.00

WOMEN'S PLAIN BLACK SILK HOSE, PRICE USUALLY $1.65, AT
$1.35 PER PAIR PER BOX OF THREE PAIRS, $3.75

WOMEN'S EMBROIDERED BLACK SILK HOSE, PRICE USUALLY $2.50, AT
$1.75 PER PAIR PER BOX OF THREE PAIRS, $5.00

34th Street, 35th Street and 5th Avenue.

McCutcheon's

"The Linen Store"

Reg. Trade Mark.

Baby Outfits In

TRADE MARK REG. THOSE Arnold KNIT GOODS

We have a very complete collection of the "Arnold" Knit Goods, showing many new and original garments, but practical and essential for a complete Baby's Outfit.

We invite mothers to visit our Infants' Wear Department and inspect these very desirable garments.

5th Ave. & 34th St., Opposite Waldorf-Astoria.

Distinctive models and exclusive fabrics in

Spring Apparel for Men

Criticism is an excellent tonic. Administered conscientiously and taken in good faith it leads to betterment.

At the beginning, we criticised our designers and our tailormen—but even while criticising we worked with and aided them.

To-day, their best efforts are their everyday efforts. They give all they know—put their whole strength of purpose into their work.

The new Spring models in Overcoats, Suits and Raincoats could only be created by a thoroughly harmonious and skilled organization such as ours.

$15 to $43.

Ready for Service

Saks & Company

Broadway at 34th St.

Law Printing

The requirements which we aim to meet are in the order named:—

Accuracy
Speed
Quality
Economy

On this basis we solicit your patronage.

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Silk Dept. Main Floor

Simpson Crawford Co.

SIXTH AV., 19TH TO 20TH STREET, NEW YORK.

Great Sale of Silks

At or About Wholesale Cost

An event of especial interest to dressmakers and all who use fine fabrics in large quantities.

IN an effort to eclipse a phenomenally successful sale at about this date last year we have established a series of special prices on the season's most wanted silk fabrics, that will stand as a low-water mark in silk annals for some years to come.

The stocks of one importer and one manufacturer, augmented by choice selections from our regular stock, furnish the material for this momentous sale of imported and domestic fabrics, involving

100,000 yards of Black and Colored Silks.

$1.25—24-inch Showerproof Foulards; all size dots in navy, Copenhagen, brown and black and White. Per yard..... 75c

85c—19-inch Colored Taffeta Every desirable shade, including black. Per yard..... 54c

85c—19-inch Colored Satin Messaline. One of the season's most desirable fabrics; all colors and black and white. Per yard 59c

$1.00—27-inch all silk rough Shantung in every wanted color. Per yard..... 68c

$1.75—36-inch Black Dress Taffeta; imported, excellent wearing quality. Per yard... $1.19

$1.75—36-inch Satin Majestic in ciel, mais, lavender, rose, Copenhagen, white and black. Per yard..... $1.29

95c—Checked and Striped Louisine in black and white, brown and white, navy and white. Per yard..... 65c

$1.50—32-inch all-silk Jasper Pongee for travelling and auto gowns. Per yard..... 95c

$1.25—26-inch Imported Natural Shantung. Per yard..... 89c

$1.25—21 inch Imported Satin Messaline, street and evening shades, also white and black. Per yard..... 89c

$1—36-inch Black Dress Taffeta, good quality and finish. Per yard..... 69c

27-inch Black Dress Taffeta; excellent value; good wearing quality. Per yard..... 59c

$2—40-inch Black Crepe de Chine; heavy quality, lustrous finish. Per yard..... $1.25

$4.50—42-inch Black Crepe Meteor; imported; superior dress quality. Per yard..... $2

$2.50—44-inch Black Satin Striped Marquisette; broad satin stripe; splendid quality. Yard..... $1.45

Our regular stock is richly supplied with exclusive designs in Printed Foulards, bordered effects, Chevrons, Fancy Dress Silks, Satin Messalines and Majestics, also Mirage, Rajah and all rough weaves.

Simpson Crawford Co.

SIXTH AV. 19TH TO 20TH STREET NEW YORK.

$1.39 for

Roman or Old English Engraved Plate and 50 Cards.

2 Quires Die-stamped Paper, Monogram Die of 2 or 8 letters.

Value is $3.25

Cards and Stationery used are the best quality.

A man's taste is indicated by the whiskey he takes. The "knowing ones" order

John Jameson
Three Stars
Whiskey

because they must have PURITY and QUALITY. What class are you in?
W. A. Taylor & Co., Agts., 29 B'way, N.Y.

Furniture

For young housekeepers. Very critical judges of furniture have directed many young people to Little's GRAND RAPIDS Furniture house for the reason that not only is the stock complete; but the factory to you price idea is a money saving attraction.

Dining Table, 14.75.

Buffets, quartered oak.....$21.75
China Cabinets..... 16.75
Extension Tables (round top).... 14.75
Leather Chairs (to match)..... 2.49

15th St. & 6th Ave.

Little's

Barton & Guestier
Bordeaux
Established 1725

We have sold the Clarets and Sauternes shipped by Barton & Guestier for over 50 years, and have always found them most reliable and excellent value. Price list on application.

Park & Tilford
FOUNDED 1840

Broadway and Twenty-first Street.
Broadway and Forty-first Street.
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Sixth Avenue, near Ninth Street.
Columbus Ave. & Seventy-second St.
Broadway and 101st Street.

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means office filing systems so specialized, perfected and modernized that there is a filing appliance for every department of every business.

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The Best Bitter Liqueur
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ESTABLISHED Nearly 50 Years.
Oculists and Opticians.
Founders of Real Eye Service.

Examinations without charge by Skilled Eye Doctors of Experience.
Glasses at Moderate Prices.

350 Sixth Avenue, Below 22d St.
101 Nassau St., Near Ann St.
1274 Broadway, Below 33d St.
217 Broadway, Astor House Block.
223 Sixth Avenue, near 15th St.

Easter Suggestions

CROSS PARASOLS — Tight Roller — Detachable Mushroom top Handle—Special..... $12.50

GLOVE BONDS — To send as a Gift—entitle bearer to select and draw on our gloves to the amount purchased —From.....$1.50

89 Regent St.
Mail Orders Filled Promptly.

MARK CROSS
210 Fifth Avenue, 253 Broadway
Boston—20 Summer Street.

Dr. Lyon's
PERFECT
Tooth Powder

The Stetson Shoe
$5.50 to $9.00
THE STETSON SHOP
9 CORTLANDT ST.

THOMAS AT SEATTLE CHEERED BY CROWDS

Welcomed by Shrieking Whistles —The Water Front Lined with Enthusiasts.

ZUST AT DAGGETT, CAL.

De Dion on the Long Stretch Between Ely and Goldfield—Protos Makes 70 Miles, Stopping at Granger, Wyo.

48TH DAY OF THE RACE.

Car.	Reported.	Time. A. M.	Distance.
*Thomas	Seattle	10:45	4836
		P. M.	
Zust	Daggett, Cal.	7:30	3371
		A. M.	
†De Dion	Ely, Nev.	8:30	2859
		P. M.	
Protos	Granger, Wyo.	5:00	2390

*Sails for Alaska Wednesday.
†Going on.

Special to The New York Times.

SEATTLE, Washington, March 30.—The Thomas Flier, leading car in the New York to Paris automobile race under the auspices of the Paris Matin, assisted by THE NEW YORK TIMES, arrived here this morning on the steamship City of Pueblo at 10:45.

The city has been waiting the arrival of the car with the greatest eagerness, and little else has been talked about since the Thomas left San Francisco.

This morning when the steamship was reported approaching the city a great crowd flocked to the water front. For two hours they lined the dock where she was expected to tie up, the neighboring pier heads, and every available point of vantage from which they might catch even a glimpse of the steamship on which the car came.

They were prepared to give it a typical Western welcome and speed it on its way. By special permission of the steamship company over seventy automobiles lined up on the dock to await the unloading of the Thomas. The National colors were everywhere and flags snapped from every staff.

When the steamship was docked and the Thomas flier was swung overboard and hung dangling in the air preparatory to being dropped on the dock a great yell went up. All the automobiles honked and the factory and steamship whistles added to the din of welcome.

As soon as the car touched the dock timbers and the chains were unslung there was a jam of enthusiasts who wished to write their autographs on the car and thus send their names through Siberia to Paris.

At last the crowd allowed the crew of the car to board it after nearly shaking their hands off, and with George Scheuster at the wheel the Thomas lead the procession through the streets. The thoroughfares were packed with a cheering throng. Traffic was completely blocked and paralyzed for the time being.

One of the bystanders aptly described it by saying, "You would think that the Thomas flier was the first automobile Seattle had ever seen."

The Thomas flier is to-night at the garage getting a final rub down and grooming up for the trails of Alaska. Passage is engaged on the steamship Santa Clara, which leaves here Wednesday, April 1.

This steamship is due at Valdez, Alaska, April 6.

ZUST AT DAGGETT, CAL.

Went Astray in Death Valley and Followed Santa Fe Road.

Special to The New York Times.

DAGGETT, Cal., March 30.—The Italian car Zust, in the New York to Paris race, arrived here at 7:30 o'clock this evening, and will start to-morrow morning for Mojave, with the intention of going over the Southern route into Los Angeles, and so north to San Francisco.

The car has been two days in reaching here from Goldfield, and much anxiety was expressed over its failure to reach Mojave, where it was expected yesterday. It started to cross Death Valley over the borax road which the Thomas followed, and went astray. It lost the road into Mojave, and after running south, struck the Santa Fé line, and finally reached here.

The car has lost nearly thirty hours through missing the way, and will not arrive in Mojave until to-morrow afternoon. It still has the run across the Mojave Desert, which is pretty heavy going, to make.

DE DION LEAVES ELY.

On Way to Goldfield—St. Chaffray Followed by Coyotes.

Special to The New York Times.

TONOPAH, March 30.—The French car De Dion is somewhere between Ely and this place running over the mountain road in an effort to reach Goldfield. Dispatches from Ely announce that the car left there early this morning, and expected to reach Goldfield by night, but unless exceptional conditions exist on the road, it is not believed possible to make the 248 miles in a day. Neither the Thomas nor Zust succeeded in doing it, and the De Dion is not expected here until to-morrow afternoon.

Arrangements have been made by Shorty Kuteskow to take an automobile party out to-morrow morning and run over the road until it meets the foreigners. The car will proceed as far tse Twin Springs, if necessary, and will wait there for the Frenchmen to arrive. They will bring them back to Tonopah, dine them, and send them on their way to Goldfield.

Special to The New York Times.

ELY, Nev., March 30.—From Cobre to Ely yesterday the De Dion made the record time of 150 miles in seven hours. When we told this to the newspaper men of Ely, they said, "Is that so?" It was an afternoon just as you like it. It was sunshine all day. You had the desert for you alone. There was no railroad crossing, no children, and no buggies in the road, and no spectators in the cities.

One band of forty coyotes accompanied the De Dion respectfully some time. The De Dion was too fast, and the coyotes were afraid, like the chickens on the State roads. But some are no more. Autran is a good shot. These unnecessary companions are left behind.

In front is a magnificent spectacle. A table land three miles wide is bordered by two chains of mountains, and for 100 miles their form recalls a view of gigantic battleships parading in files. There is a road—a natural path. This would be easily the greatest hippodrome in the world. A hundred million spectators could see a show on the flanks of the hills.

We enjoy this spectacle of nature and pure air at a high elevation, and the car goes faster and faster. Ely is an unknown town, born one year ago. In fact, all the houses are new, and yet it is a big city, made of wood, hastily. The hotel is the best we have met since we left Cedar Rapids, and has baths everywhere. A good copper mine has been started in the neighborhood.

G. BOURCIER ST. CHAFFRAY.

PROTOS ON ROAD AGAIN.

Reaches Granger, Wyo., After Hard Run of Seventy Miles.

Special to The New York Times.

GRANGER, Wyoming, March 30.—The German Protos car, the last of the New York to Paris racers crossing Wyoming, arrived here this evening after a very hard run from Point of Rocks over roads that were extremely bad. The car returned by train to Point of Rocks from Ogden, where it was taken to be repaired after the accident to its crank shaft four days ago. It took the road again this morning to resume its transcontinental journey.

In spite of the bad roads the car made seventy miles to-day. Lieut. Koeppen expects to make the run through Spring Valley to Evanston to-morrow and to reach Ogden once more by Wednesday night. He will then start in pursuit of the Italian and French cars over the southern detour into California, and hopes to catch the boat which carries the other two cars from Seattle to Alaska.

TO CURE COLD IN ONE DAY
Take LAXATIVE BROMO Quinine Tablets. Druggists refund money if it fails to cure. E. W. GROVE'S signature is on each box. 25c.—Adv.

WAR ON OVERHEAD CABLES.

Hearing on Commissioner O'Brien's Application to Have Them Removed.

There was a hearing yesterday before Public Service Commissioner Eustis on the complaint made by Water Commissioner John H. O'Brien against the maintenance by the New York Central Railroad Company of the high voltage overhead electrical cables that are part of the road's electrical equipment, which Mr. O'Brien wants put under ground. The testimony was entirely technical, Prof. Sever of Columbia, being on the stand.

COL. ROCKWOOD FALLS DEAD,

Stricken by Heart Disease in Studio—Had a Fine War Record.

Col. Elihu R. Rockwood, for forty years associated with his brother, George Rockwood, in photography, dropped dead at 1 o'clock yesterday afternoon in the Rockwood studio, 239 Broadway, of valvular heart disease due to rheumatism resulting from exposure in the civil war. Mr. Rockwood had never known he suffered from heart disease, and the attack was totally unexpected by his family. He seemed to be as well as usual when he reached the studio yesterday morning, and was looking over some negatives when he gasped and staggered. An attendant caught him as he was falling.

Col. Rockwood had the distinction of having three times captured the famous Confederate guerrilla, Col. John S. Mosby. Both were Masons, and three times Mosby was set free after playing poker all night with his captor.

Col. Rockwood was a good story teller, and loved to tell how once after he had captured Mosby he won $1,500 from him at poker. The next morning Mosby got the wink and slipped away.

Once Mosby captured Col. Rockwood also, and there was another poker game, and by daylight Rockwood was back inside the Federal lines.

He was born in Troy, N. Y., sixty-four years ago. Just before the war he went to Europe, returning in time to enlist in the Sixth Massachusetts Regiment at the opening of hostilities. He was wounded in the leg at Gettysburg, and upon recovery re-enlisted in the Tenth Massachusetts, rising to be Colonel of that regiment.

He was also in the battles of the Wilderness, Cedar Creek, and many others. He was proud of his war record. He was a Mason.

Col. Rockwood was Past Commander of Farragut Post, G. A. R., this city, and his burial, which will probably take place Thursday morning, will be under the rites of the Grand Army of the Republic. He leaves two daughters, Mrs. W. B. Mussen of 542 West 124th Street and Miss Emma Rockwood, and one son, Warren A. Rockwood.

THOMAS E. GRAHAM DEAD.

Well-Known Stage Manager and Actor a Victim of Cancer.

Thomas E. Graham, known to theatrical men and theatregoers as a successful stage manager and character actor, died yesterday at his home, 542 West 147th Street, of cancer of the stomach. He was taken ill about three weeks ago in Washington, when on tour with Eleanor Robson.

He had worked under the management of Liebler & Co. for eight years, playing many parts and acting as stage manager for many companies. He had been with Miss Robson for the past three seasons, and, in addition to his duties as stage director, played the rôle of "Red Pete" in "Salomy Jane." Before signing with the Liebler management Mr. Graham was for thirteen years with Richard Mansfield.

He was a member of the Lambs and the Players Clubs.

Henry Young.

Henry Young, 64 years old, Prosecutor of the Pleas of Essex County, N. J., and widely known in that State as an authority on municipal law, died yesterday morning at his home in Newark of erysipelas, complicated by septic poisoning and congestion of the lungs.

Mr. Young was graduated from Princeton in the class of 1862. He then entered the law office of the late Secretary of State and United States Senator Frelinghuysen in Newark, and later attended the Harvard Law School.

Archbishop of Mexico Dead.

MEXICO CITY, Mexico, March 30.—The Most Rev. Prospero Maria Alarcony Sanchez de la Barquera, Archbishop and head of the Roman Catholic Church in Mexico, died to-day after a long illness. He was 80 years old.

Obituary Notes.

SAMUEL A. PETERSON, a coal dealer of Northern New York, of the Peterson & Packer Coal Company, died in Troy, N. Y., yesterday of heart disease.

AMOS BLANCHARD, ex-Treasurer of the Boston & Maine Railroad, died at Andover, Mass., yesterday, aged 75 years. He was married three weeks ago.

The Rev. THOMAS M. SHANLEY, pastor of the Church of the Assumption of Westport, Conn., died there Sunday of rheumatism. He had been in the priesthood for twenty-two years.

Mrs. SARAH M. SMITH, 88 years old, died on Saturday at the home of her son, 202 West Seventy-eighth Street. She was the widow of Andrew Jackson Smith, once Consul for the United States at La Guayra, Venezuela.

WILLIAM McMURTRY, for many years Treasurer of the Rubber and Celluloid Harness Trimming Company of Newark, N. J., died on Sunday at his home in Newton, N. J., aged 87 years. He had lived in Newton for sixty-eight years. Three daughters survive him.

JOSEPH EMERY, 61 years old, a well-known Democrat in New Jersey, died suddenly at his home in Bridgeville, N. J., Saturday, of apoplexy. He was found by his wife unconscious near the barn, and died a few hours later. He was a retired farmer and had accumulated a competency.

MALTBY G. PIERSON died yesterday at his home in Morristown, N. J., aged 73 years. He was a veteran of the civil war. After the war he went to Denver, Col., where for twelve years he was town Marshal. He then ran a cattle ranch in Oregon. He returned to Morristown twenty years ago. The funeral will be held on Wednesday.

CHARLES WEATHERS BUMP, a member of the editorial staff of The Baltimore News, died in Baltimore yesterday of inflammatory rheumatism and a complication of heart and kidney trouble. He wrote a number of articles on the history of Maryland, and was a writer of short stories. He was 35 years of age.

FRANK SCHOLES HALLIDAY, son of the late Rev. Samuel B. Halliday, died on Saturday at his home, 69 Hicks Street, Brooklyn, aged 67 years. He served in the civil war, and was made a brevet Major for bravery on the field of battle. He was connected with Arbuckle for thirty years. He was a member of the First Presbyterian Church, the Loyal Legion, and Society of the Army of the Potomac.

WILLIAM C. HOLLAND, one of the largest property owners at Rockaway Beach, L. I., died at his home there on Sunday, aged 59 years. He was a son of the late Michael Holland, a pioneer of Rockaway Beach, for whom Holland's Station is named. In the early history of the beach the Holland family owned a strip of beach half a mile wide stretching from the Atlantic Ocean back to Jamaica Bay. Holland leaves a widow, six sons and five daughters.

WILLIAM T. KNAPP, who for years conducted a wholesale liquor store at the corner of Washington and Warren Streets, this city, died on Sunday night at his home in Hackensack, N. J., of an overdose of laudanum. Whether it was taken with intent to commit suicide is not known. Mr. Knapp, who was 69 years old, had suffered from insomnia. J. Martin Knapp, a brother, was once Surrogate of Bergen County. They were nephews of the late Supreme Court Justice Manning M. Knapp, who died while charging a jury.

Capt. JAMES COLTON SHEARMAN died at his home in Passaic, N. J., yesterday morning after an illness of only six hours, of apoplexy. He was Secretary and Treasurer of the Passaic Trust and Safe Deposit Company. He was a cousin of William Pitt Shearman, at one time Treasurer of the Erie Railroad, and of Congressman James S. Shearman of Utica, N. Y. For years he was in the Treasurer's office of the Erie, and for a long time was assistant paying teller in the Western National Bank in this city. A son, Robert Pitt Shearman, is connected with the Fidelity and Casualty Company of New York.

Ogden D. Budd on Stock Trading Law.

President Ogden D. Budd of the Consolidated Stock Exchange is in Washington at the invitation of the House Committee on the District of Columbia, to help the members to an understanding of the difference between legitimate trading and "bucket-shopping." The committee has before it a bill "to establish a code of law for the District of Columbia, relative to gambling and dealing in options, futures, and bucket-shops."

MUSICAL UNION SPLIT IN THEATRICAL WAR

Many Members Regard Demands on Managers as Ill-Timed and Illegal.

AMICABLE ISSUE LIKELY

Managers Who Voted to Draw Orchestra from Rival Union Are Willing to Reconsider.

It now seems probable that the fight between the Theatre Managers and the Musical Union will turn out not to be a very bloodthirsty combat after all. The new schedule of the union, demanding higher wages for theatre orchestra musicians and laying down new union laws to be observed by the managers, does not go into effect until the first of July, and before that date arrives the quarrel may be a thing of the past.

The fact that the managers, at their meeting last week, voted unanimously to draw their orchestras next year from a rival union—the new National Association of Theatre Musicians—seems to have had its effect. Though the older Musical Union has not made any advances toward a compromise or retraction, it is well known that many of its members have disapproved of its action in this instance.

Charles Burnham, President of the Theatre Managers' Association of Greater New York, yesterday received a letter from a prominent member of the Musical Union who is also the leader of a theatre orchestra in New York. This letter, which was sent coupled with the request that the name of the writer should not be divulged, was especially frank in its language.

It said, in effect, that the more conservative members of the union disapproved the action of the association in making such demands, especially at the end of a bad season and under existing conditions. In plain words, it characterized the action of the union as "assinine." The most important point scored by the writer was that many of the members, according to his version, consider that the action of the union was not legal, since it had been taken without any general meeting. The writer urged that, if the managers would approach the matter from this standpoint, he believed matters could be adjusted.

However, he did not think the players could afford to leave the Musical Union, for the reason that the concert engagements of a season may often be more profitable than the theatre work.

Though none of the managers would say last night what would be the attitude of their association if the union should moderate its demands, it is generally understood that they would like to keep their old men. In blaming the executives of the union for the demands of the new schedule the managers have not generally considered that their individual players were responsible.

RYAN DENIES JULIAN CHARGE.

Story That He Gave $15,000 to Elect Justice Davis False, He Says.

Thomas F. Ryan spent three hours yesterday before the Special Grand Jury which is examining the affairs of the Metropolitan Street Railway Company. When he left the jury room he refused to tell what had transpired. He was asked as to the truth of testimony given on Saturday in the investigation of District Attorney Jerome's office by Louis E. Julian that John F. McIntyre had been referred to Mr. Ryan for the collection of a $15,000 campaign fund for Justice Vernon M. Davis.

Mr. Ryan said: "There is not the slightest truth in these assertions. None whatever. I never saw Mr. McIntyre in connection with any campaign fund to elect Justice Davis or any one else. In fact, so far as I can remember, I never saw him but once in my life, that was at a dinner. I was simply introduced to him, we shook hands, and parted. All that talk about a campaign fund is false."

Mr. Ryan was asked if he intended to appear in order to refute these statements.

"Why, I haven't been subpoenaed," he answered, "but I should gladly do so if I had the chance."

WILLIAMSBURG TRUST ASSETS

Report Shows Their Value as $7,935,917, Shrinkage of $505,433.

KINGSTON, N. Y., March 30.—The assets of the Williamsburg Trust Company of Brooklyn, which has been in the hands of receivers for several months, are valued at $7,935,917 in a report of the appraisal filed with the Supreme Court to-day by Clark Williams, State Superintendent of Banks.

The book value of the assets is given as $8,441,851, the appraisal showing a shrinkage therefrom of $505,433. Of the shrinkage, $296,342 was in stocks and bonds, and $146,702 in demand loans. The report shows the company has cash assets of $374,589, of which $66,448 is in the hands of the receivers.

NEW YORK INCORPORATIONS.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, March 30.—The following companies were incorporated to-day:

Signature Company, New York, (machines;) capital, $500,000. Directors—Farrington Hanford, 55 Cambrige Place; Edward T. Howard, 143 Willow Street, Brooklyn; Theodore F. Axtell, Amityville, L. I.

Realty Interests Corporation Company of New York; capital, $500,000. Directors—Elmer D. Coulter, 23 West Twenty-sixth Street; Louis P. Rouquette, 15 Laight Street; John P. Hornaday, 1 West Eighty-fifth Street, New York.

Senate Motor Car Company, New York; capital, $25,000. Directors—L. E. Replogle, Hotel Knickerbocker; J. Kenneth Anderson, 160 West Eighty-fourth Street, New York; George F. Parmelee, Bronxville, Westchester County, N. Y.

Securo Manufacturing Company, New York, (automobile parts;) capital, $25,000. Directors—Raymond Magee, Charles B. Young, and Henry S. Reynolds, 111 Broadway, New York.

Arts Restaurant Company, New York; capital, $20,000. Directors—James C. Bayles, 242 West 104th Street; Peter Geoghegan, 15 Gramercy Park; Louis Karasik, 809 Broadway, New York.

Imperial Theatre Company, New York; capital, $10,000. Directors—Franklin Bien, Westminster Hotel; Thomas Adam, 39 West 129th Street; Charles Marks, 460 West Thirty-fourth Street, New York.

Sea Island Thread Company, New York; capital, $10,000. Directors—Barnet Fertig, 67 Second Avenue; Abram Herbst, 971 Trinity Avenue; Norberth Pfeffer, 159 Amsterdam Avenue, New York.

Bjur Brothers, New York, (pianos;) capital, $15,000. Directors—William L. Bjur, 612 West 140th Street; Robert Bjur, 372 College Avenue; George Derby, 515 West 125th Street, New York.

Dissolution.

Century Silk Company. Attorney—Samuel Widder, 221 Havemeyer Street, Brooklyn.

The Country's all right, so is
POSTUM
In place of Coffee, and
"There's a Reason."
Read "The Road to Wellville," in pkgs.

RIDGELY'S BANK OPENS.

Kansas City Institution Resumes Under Most Favorable Conditions.

KANSAS CITY, March 30.—The reorganized National Bank of Commerce, with William B. Ridgely, ex-Controller of the Currency, as its President, reopened this morning. Long before the receiving teller's windows were opened persons stood in line, awaiting an opportunity to deposit their money.

President Ridgely, Edward Ridgely, cashier, and George T. Cutts, the newly elected Vice President, with the other officials, were on hand early, and were the recipients of many congratulations.

The bank for the time will occupy temporary quarters until its million-dollar building, at Tenth and Walnut Streets, has been completed. President Ridgely, in a statement made after the bank opened this morning, said:

"The bank opened with a capital of $2,000,000, surplus $200,000, and assets all clean, liquid, and unimpaired.

"This has been brought about by the payment into the bank by the old shareholders and those interested in the reorganization of the bank, the sum of $2,570,000, removing questionable assets and putting the bank in an absolutely sound condition. Large remittances were received from almost every one of the old customers."

BIG SUB-TREASURY DEBIT.

It Was the Result of the Transfer of Funds to Kansas City Bank.

The Sub-Treasury had a debit balance of $3,947,417 at the New York Clearing House yesterday, one of the largest recently reported. This debit was the result, it was learned, of the transfer to the National Bank of Commerce of Kansas City, which reopened its doors yesterday, of the funds which had been held in New York by the receiver of the bank.

Upon the reopening these funds were transferred to the bank. The amount involved, it was said, was in the neighborhood of $5,000,000. This had been held in Government depositories in this city, one of which is understood to have held over $2,000,000.

CHOW CHOW HAS VANISHED.

Mrs. Collier's Japanese Spaniel Objects to Her New Home.

The uptown trend of progress is not to the liking of Chow Chow, a Japanese spaniel belonging to Mr. and Mrs. Robert J. Collier of 752 Park Avenue, and he has disappeared. On Saturday Mr. and Mrs. Collier moved from their former home in Gramercy Park, which was for years the residence of Mr. and Mrs. Stuyvesant Fish, to their new home in Park Avenue.

But Chow Chow knew no other home than the comfortable old mansion in the quiet park. He had been a pet of Mrs. Collier when she was Miss Sara Van Alen. An advertisement announcing Chow Chow's disappearance, and the fact that a liberal reward is offered, was sent to THE TIMES.

Chow Chow is a yellow and black dog, with oblique eyes, and is slightly inclined to embonpoint. When he got to the new home in Park Avenue near Seventy-second Street he showed resentment against the chugging locomotives in the tunnel and the general air of new marble and new furnishings.

Yesterday afternoon while the Collier servants were putting things to rights and Mrs. Collier was driving, Chow Chow vanished.

LATEST CUSTOMS RULINGS.

Jet Bead Necklaces Are Held Dutiable as "Jewelry"—Other Decisions.

It was decided yesterday by the Board of United States General Appraisers that beads of real jet, sold and worn as necklaces, are properly dutiable under the Dingley tariff as "jewelry," and as such must stand duty at the rate of 60 per cent. ad valorem.

The question came before the lower customs tribunal in the form of a protest lodged by Sun Wing Wo & Co. of Los Angeles, Cal., who objected to the high assessment made by the authorities. Instead, the importers alleged that the beads should be deemed as being strung temporarily for convenience in handling or transportation. Under this contention the duty would be 20 per cent. It appears that the beads are strung on silk threads ornamented with a conventional design in silver wire.

In denying the importer's plea for the lower rate, General Arppaiser Sharretts says that, inasmuch as the beads are worn on the person for ornament, the Collector's action in returning the articles under the "jewelry" clause is correct.

In overruling protests filed by James P. Smith & Co. and others of New York, the board decided that pate de fois gras is classifiable as "prepared meat," and not as "dressed poultry," as claimed by the importers.

Congressman Goldfogle Ill.

WASHINGTON, March 30.—Representative Henry M. Goldfogle of New York was taken suddenly ill with acute indigestion on the floor of the House of Representatives to-day. The attending physician says that Mr. Goldfogle is resting comfortably to-night.

GALLERY NOTES.

Paintings by Eduard J. Steichen at the Glaenzer Galleries.

At the Glaenzer Galleries, 303 Fifth Avenue, Eduard J. Steichen, whose photographs are shown at the Photo-Secession Galleries, is exhibiting a number of paintings, a few of which have marked individuality and beauty. Mr. Steichen is at his best when he is trying to express the restfulness and solemnity of night or evening. The canvas entitled "Canon de Los Animas Perditas, Colorado" is an impressive and poetic interpretation of an extraordinarily rewarding subject. It is difficult to say how any one could have seen the great gorge, with the pale cloud rising above it and above that the illumined sky, more artistically, with a finer sense of the grave splendor of such a scene, the essential character of which was the same in the primeval world. In No. 7 of the catalogue, also a Colorado subject, the lights pricked out by the stars are somewhat too insistent, not as lights, but as touches of paint, and the shadow is less mysterious, and again in No. 9, an Autumn moonrise at Lake George, the sky is the only part of the composition that does not impress one as a trifle empty, but in No. 16, the "Veiled Moonlight, Spring: Chateau Cornon," every inch of the canvas has its interest, the pale columnar birch trees, the middle distance with its finely observed modulations, and the subtle relation of the ground to the faint green of the sky in which the stars glow softly. In the painting of sunlight or of brilliant color effects there is less charm; the comparative tameness of the execution suggests that the painter in these subjects is forcing his talent out of its natural direction. Nature suddenly stands still for him, there is no movement in the foliage, clouds are arrested in their progress across the sky, the air is motionless; it is not death, perhaps, but a trance that robs the face of the lovely earth of all expression. Mr. Steichen can so successfully evoke the tenderness and mystery of the twilight that he has taught his public to expect distinction in his achievement and to resent anything but the best from his brush.

At the Clausen Galleries, 7 East Thirty-fifth Street, Mr. Frank Gardner Hale is showing his work in hand-wrought jewelry and enamels. Mr. Hale's mastery of the principles of design stands him in good stead. There is not a commonplace piece among the twenty or thirty exhibited. One of the most interesting pieces from the craftsman's standpoint is a silver necklace of forty links, each link an open medallion formed of eight separate pieces of silver bent into shape and soldered, and sixteen minute silver balls at the centre. This chain represents the labor of eight days and is in every respect what a bit of unpretentious ornament should be. The links are small, formal in shape, and finely wrought, and the execution is characterized by the minutest care. The variations that give individuality are those inevitable in the work of the human hand, which under no circumstances can resemble the work of a machine, and there is none of the cheap slurring and scamping which passes muster in much of the modern work on the ground that the workmanship must be rough in order to look "hand-made." Among the pendants shown is one of formal design, with a lapis lazuli matrix in the centre surrounded by moonstones set in silver. The color of the stones with that of the silver makes a harmony of particular charm, a moonlight effect that appeals to the imagination. The enamels are all of them noteworthy. Only one or two pieces attempt the fiery splendor of transparent enamel, most of them being in the opaque class, and the quiet, reserved color values have great beauty. One large pin is in the shape of a moth, rather more realistic than most of Mr. Hale's work, but good in balance and formal enough in the general line. The coloring is in tones of brown, with accents of black, and the muffled quality of the opaque enamel gives a peculiar refinement to the effect. Another good example of the delightful variations to be won from this enchanting medium is a miniature frame, the ground of which is transparent enamel on copper with a leaf design painted with the brush in opaque enamel. All of Mr. Hale's work has the restraint and dignity and the firmness of execution characterizing the genuine masters of craft. No one familiar with the good work of the past will fail to recognize its structural excellence or the almost classic severity of its form.

Housewives Told How to Use Up Bits.

Visitors at the Pure Food Show, in Lenox Lyceum, Madison Avenue and Fifty-ninth Street, may hear to-day at 3 and 8 o'clock lectures by Mrs. Lily Haxworth Wallace on "Using Up the Fragments" and "The Invalid's Tray." Mrs. Wallace's lectures are a feature of the show. The Seventh Regiment Band also gives concerts afternoons and evenings.

Knowledge plus Skill.

The knack of putting snap and style into a garment is more than a matter of ten fingers—it's a sense of the fitness of things. Adept fingers guided by alert intelligence have placed our showing of Spring Overcoats far above the usual plane.

At $25 we present a varied series of Spring Overcoats—Coverts, Diagonals, Stripes, Herringbones, Overplaids, Cravenettes and plain fabrics—silk lined, of course—with the full boxy back hanging straight from the shoulders.

Wm. Vogel & Son,
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HATS BALCH PRICE & CO. FURS
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The Finest Fur Storage Plant IN GREATER NEW YORK

Every modern appliance for the care of fine furs, and complete protection against moth, fire and theft.

Directly connected with our retail salesroom, so owners may inspect their furs, any time, on a moment's notice.

Write, call or telephone, and save time, worry and expense. We offer positively the

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76 Years' Experience in the Retail Fur Trade

One of the Important Duties of Physicians and the Well-Informed of the World

is to learn as to the relative standing and reliability of the leading manufacturers of medicinal agents, as the most eminent physicians are the most careful as to the uniform quality and perfect purity of remedies prescribed by them, and it is well known to physicians and the Well-Informed generally that the California Fig Syrup Co., by reason of its correct methods and perfect equipment and the ethical character of its product has attained to the high standing in scientific and commercial circles which is accorded to successful and reliable houses only, and, therefore, that the name of the Company has become a guarantee of the excellence of its remedy.

TRUTH AND QUALITY

appeal to the Well-Informed in every walk of life and are essential to permanent success and creditable standing, therefore we wish to call the attention of all who would enjoy good health, with its blessings, to the fact that it involves the question of right living with all the term implies. With proper knowledge of what is best each hour of recreation, of enjoyment, of contemplation and of effort may be made to contribute to that end and the use of medicines dispensed with generally to great advantage, but as in many instances a simple, wholesome remedy may be invaluable if taken at the proper time, the California Fig Syrup Co. feels that it is alike important to present truthfully the subject and to supply the one perfect laxative remedy which has won the appoval of physicians and the world-wide acceptance of the Well-Informed because of the excellence of the combination, known to all, and the original method of manufacture, which is known to the California Fig Syrup Co. only.

This valuable remedy has been long and favorably known under the name of—Syrup of Figs—and has attained to world-wide acceptance as the most excellent of family laxatives, and as its pure laxative principles, obtained from Senna, are well known to physicians and the Well-Informed of the world to be the best of natural laxatives, we have adopted the more elaborate name of—Syrup of Figs and Elixir of Senna—as more fully descriptive of the remedy, but doubtless it will always be called for by the shorter name of Syrup of Figs—and to get its beneficial effects always note, when purchasing, the full name of the Company—California Fig Syrup Co.—plainly printed on the front of every package, whether you simply call for—Syrup of Figs—or by the full name—Syrup of Figs and Elixir of Senna—as—Syrup of Figs and Elixir of Senna—is the one laxative remedy manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co. and the same heretofore known by the name—Syrup of Figs—which has given satisfaction to millions. The genuine is for sale by all leading druggists throughout the United States in original packages of one size only, the regular price of which is fifty cents per bottle.

Every bottle is sold under the general guarantee of the Company, filed with the Secretary of Agriculture, at Washington, D. C., that the remedy is not adulterated or misbranded within the meaning of the Food and Drugs Act, June 30th, 1906.

CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO.

San Francisco, Cal.
Louisville, Ky. U. S. A. New York, N. Y.
London, England.

PROHIBITION ISSUE STIRS THE SENATE

Judiciary Committee Split Over Question of Shipping Liquor Into Dry States.

POINT OF FEDERAL LAW

Senators from Prohibition States Have Forced Issue to Demonstrate Their Orthodoxy to Home People.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, March 30.—The prohibition question is a live issue in the Senate just now, introduced by certain Senators who face a struggle for re-election in "dry" States. These Senators realize that they cannot go back home with hope of returning to their seats unless they are orthodox on the prohibition question.

The Senate Committee on the Judiciary must determine between a majority report from a sub-committee, which holds that regulation of shipments of liquor into prohibition States cannot be accomplished under the Constitution, and a minority report holding that such a proceeding can be undertaken.

The Senators decided not to grapple with the question this morning. The evil day is set for to-morrow morning at 10:30 o'clock. Then possibly a vote will be taken and the Senate either advised that the committee favors or condemns the bill.

The measure is intended to govern the shipment of liquor into States or Territories, the people of which have voted against the sale of intoxicants. The contention is made that manufacturers or distillers of intoxicants cannot ship their products into such States under the Inter-State Commerce laws. Whenever liquor passes through a prohibition State the authorities of such State have no right to interfere with its passage, but when it stops within the confines of the State, the contenders assert, the Federal authority ceases and the police power of the State itself may be exercised.

Senator Knox is one of those who has contended that under the law such exercise of police power cannot be sustained. Senator Bacon from Georgia, a prohibition State, who also is a member of the sub-committee and leader on the minority report, insists that there is no violation of the Federal Statutes.

Senator Clay, Bacon's colleague, insists that he is going to force members of the Senate to go on record. He endeavored some time ago to have the prohibition bill go through as a rider to the ocean shipping measure, but it failed because the prohibition legislation was being considered in committee and the Senate did not desire to interfere.

Now Senator Clay will seek to have the matter fought out in open session if the committee does not report a measure, either favorably or adversely.

The unusual feature of the situation is the fact that there are a number of Republican Senators who dare not oppose prohibition legislation. They dare not, either, appear to balk any movement that seemingly has for its object the elimination of whisky and kindred intoxicants from the scheme of things.

The Senators from Maine, Kansas, Iowa, New Hampshire—all Republicans—must join hands with the Democratic Senators in the fight. There are also many members of the Senate from States where local option holds sway, and where the prohibition movement is going steadily forward. These men will not vote against complete prohibition.

In the discussion of the bill to-day, which eventually was passed, Senator Gallinger protested against the licensing of road houses in Alaska. He wanted information, and he called on Senator Nelson, who, in the absence of Senator Clapp, had charge of the measure.

"A road house is only a local name for a tavern," said Senator Nelson. "I have stopped at these road houses when in Alaska, and they are as quietly and as decently conducted as hotels one may find here in the United States.

"The hotelkeeper cannot pay heavily for the privilege of serving liquors. In some measure liquor is needed in that country."

Mr. Perkins of California broke into the discussion, saying:

"High license does more to promote temperance than all the prohibitory laws that can be devised. It is of more avail than the laws of New Hampshire and Maine, my native State. The trouble with extreme legislation is that it encourages violation of the law. When Alaska was prohibition the worst whisky in the world was to be found within its borders."

Over in the House the same condition prevails. The Committee on the District of Columbia has a hard nut to crack in the question of making the district a prohibition division. The prohibitionists are anxious to have this done, so that they may point to the District of Columbia as an example.

GUN ON MISSOURI FRACTURED.

140 Inches of a Six-Inch Piece Blown Off—No One Hurt.

WASHINGTON, March 30.—In the course of the target practice Saturday at Magdalena Bay 140 inches of the muzzle of one of the six-inch broadside guns of the Missouri blew off. No one was injured.

Although the appearance of the metal after the gun was broken did not indicate any flaw, the naval officers here say an examination of the broken parts will be necessary before that question can be definitely settled.

The gun was made at the Washington Navy Yard in 1902 from forgings furnished by one of the armor-producing companies. It was of the early design of high-power guns, and was not hooped to the muzzle, as is the case with the six-inch guns produced to-day.

The gun at the point where the break occurred, over eight feet from the chamber, had a strength of thirteen tons; it had been in use since December, 1907, had fired 113 rounds, and on original proof had sustained chamber pressures as high as twenty tons.

On April 13, 1904, an accident on the Missouri caused the death of thirty-three officers and men. The accident was due to an explosion of powder, resulting from a flare-back, while the ship was in target practice near Pensacola.

Special to The New York Times.

SAN DIEGO, Cal., March 30.—Unofficial reports which are believed to be accurate state that Admiral Evans's flagship, the Connecticut, broke all records for target practice at Magdalena Bay last week.

It is said the Connecticut smashed the world's recofd for hits, and also the record for rapidity of firing, beating even the cruiser Albany, which held both records.

EVANS AT MAGDALENA BAY.

His Flagship Was Still There with the Other Battleships Sunday Night.

SAN FRANCISCO, March 30.—According to the Commercial Wireless Station in this city, Admiral Evans's flagship Connecticut, which was expected here to-morrow, was still at Magdalena last night.

The Admiral was still aboard of her, not having departed for San Francisco for medical treatment as reported Saturday in a Washington dispatch.

Cruiser Newark Going to Cuba.

The cruiser Newark, until a few weeks ago, the training ship of the New York Naval Militia, has been ordered to Cuban waters, where she will take the place of the old frigate Monongahela, recently destroyed by fire, as the station ship at Guantanamo. The Newark is at the navy yard and will sail in a few days. Commander Charles H. Harlow is in command.

STANDS BY THE MISTLETOE.

House Rejects Proposal to Treat the Osculatory Vine as Harmful.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, March 30.—An amendment to the Agricultural Appropriation bill offered by Mr. Burleson of Texas, providing means for exterminating the mistletoe as a parasite harmful to trees, provoked much heated discussion in the House to-day.

No sooner had the unromantic amendment been read than a storm of protest arose.

"I should like to ask if the gentleman is single?" put in Mr. Douglas.

"And I should like to know," said Mr. Olmsted, "whether the gentleman means this cruel measure to go into effect in leap year?"

"And does the gentleman value the forests of the future more than the poetic associations of the past?" asked John Wesley Gaines.

Mr. Burleson tried to explain the necessities of the case, but Mr. Gaines had started on the subject of sentiment and could not be stopped.

"I call up to your memory," he said, "all the glowing thoughts that ever came to you under the mistletoe. I call upon the gentleman who has just left the chair, Mr. Nicholas Longworth, to tell you his experiences, and I call upon the whole House to remember similar experiences and vote down this amendment."

The amendment was killed amid shouts of laughter.

THE UNITED SERVICE.

Special to The New York Times.

The Army.

WASHINGTON, March 30.—Changes in stations and duties of paymasters: Major C. E. Stanton to San Francisco, thence to the Philippines; Capt. T. M. Moody to San Francisco.

First Lieut. G. M. Holley, Eleventh Infantry, is detailed as Professor of Military Science at Fork Union Military Academy, Fork Union, Va.

Capt. C. E. N. Howard, Coast Artillery, to Washington for duty in the office of the post paymaster.

Major C. F. Kieffer, Surgeon, having been found incapacitated for active service on account of disability incident thereto, his retirement, to take effect June 24 next, is announced.

The Navy.

Commander L. S. Van Duser, to the Connecticut as executive officer.

Surgeon P. Leach, to home and wait orders.

Machinist L. T. Cooper, to the Montana.

Movements of Naval Vessels.

Arrived—St. Louis, at Bremerton; Alexander, at Honolulu; Eagle, at Port au Prince; Buffalo, at Magdalena Bay; Tacoma, at Curacoa; Chicago, at Santa Lucia; Tennessee, Washington, and California, at Monterey; Whipple, Hopkins, Stewart, Hull, Lawrence, and Truxtun, at Acapulco; Relief, at Magdalena Bay.

Sailed—Navajo and Yankton, from Magdalena Bay for San Diego; Caesar, from New York for Bradford, R. I.; Pontiac and Powhatan, from New York for Boston.

BERMEL ACCUSED, HIS REMOVAL ASKED

Borough President of Queens Charged with Perjury in Kissena Park Scandal.

BRIBERY IS ALSO ALLEGED

Said to Have Blocked Grand Jury Investigation—Governor Will Name Commissioner to Hear Charges.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, March 30.—Charges of perjury, the use of money to cover up illegal acts, collusion with contractors, incompetency, and waste were lodged with Gov. Hughes to-night against Joseph Bermel, President of the Borough of Queens, whose removal is asked for. Nearly all the specifications relate to the sale of land for Kissena Park and the subsequent inquiry before the Grand Jury in connection with that transaction. William S. Pettit of Far Rockaway presented the charges.

There are now two sets of charges against President Bermel before Gov. Hughes. The first was submitted by Attorney General Jackson and Nathan Vidaver, a Special Deputy appointed to probe the Kissena Park scandal before the Grand Jury. They presented a statement from the Foreman of the Grand Jury to the effect that Bermel had been guilty of a crime, the nature of which was not known, he having refused to answer questions before the jury, on the ground that it might tend to degrade and incriminate him. This answer was said to be in response to the accusation that he had received certain sums from persons interested in the sale of lands to the city.

No action had been taken on these charges. The acousations made to-day take up the case where the Jackson charges left off, and declare that by the use of money Bermel blocked the procedure before the Grand Jury and suppressed evidence. The charge of perjury is made in connection with Bermel's testimony in relation to his bank deposits, which figured in the jury's inquiry in January.

Gov. Hughes received the charges just before his departure for Herkimer, and made no statement in connection with them. It is probable that a copy of the charges will be served upon the Borough President, and that afterward a Commissioner will be appointed to take testimony.

RACE TRACKS SEEK DELAY.

Senate Fight to be on Making Anti-Gambling Laws Non-Effective Till Sept. 1.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, March 30.—Opposition to the race-track reforms showed its hand to-night when the Hart bills, which will put an end to gambling on the tracks, reached the Senate from the Assembly, where they were passed last week by an overwhelming vote. Senator Agnew moved to substitute the Hart bills for his own, which are a special order for debate on Wednesday.

Senator Grady objected, saying that the Hart bill amending the Penal Code provides that it shall take effect immediately, while the bill now on the Senate calendar contains the McCarren amendment making the measure effective on Sept. 1.

"I am always willing to bow to the inevitable," said Senator Grady, "but I think the test should be made upon this amendment in the Senate Wednesday. If the amendment is defeated the substitution may be made at that time."

"Will the Senator consent to a motion to lay the Hart bills on the table?" Senator Raines asked.

"That will be satisfactory," Senator Grady replied, and that course was followed.

Friends of the bills are confident of their passage in the Senate without amendment. Senator Knapp, who had been counted against the bills, said to-night that he would probably support them. The support of Senator Cassidy is also looked for by those who are working for the bills.

To Change Compulsory Education Law

ALBANY, N. Y., March 30.—The Legislative Committee of the Association of School Superintendents of the State will recommend to the Legislature important changes in the compulsory education law. It will ask that the law apply to children between the ages of 7 and 16 years instead of 8 and 16, as at present. It will also urge that the compulsory education period be changed so as to cover the full time of the public school period in any locality, instead of Oct. 1 to June 1, as at present.

TO TAKE TARIFF OFF PAPER.

Sulzer and Fuller Introduce Bills with That Aim.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, March 30.—Representatives Fuller and Sulzer introduced two bills to-day putting wood pulp and printing paper on the free list. Mr. Sulzer's bill also makes lumber and works of art exempt from duty. Mr. Sulzer said he proposed to make an individual filibuster against all Republican legislation until the Republican leaders should declare their willingness to pass such a measure.

Describing the paper "trust" as one of the "hydra-headed monsters which have been tightening their hold upon the people," Mr. Watkins (La.) made a plea for the immediate removal of the duty on wood pulp with a corresponding reduction upon paper made from wood pulp. The newspaper, he argued, was one of the main civilizing agencies of the world, and in this country "sheds light in 15,000,000 homes."

"While to-day," he said, "the newspaper industry is working in harmony with organized labor, its operating expenses are higher because union labor is more expensive than unorganized labor was a few years ago."

There was, he charged, a tariff on everything that went to make a newspaper. "This," he said, "is purely and simply a donation to the paper trust, and a tax on the newspapers and other printing interests of the country." The newspapers, he declared, had been patient and forbearing and long-suffering. "As molders of public opinion," he said, "they could almost cause a revolution if they would."

"If the Government continues to perpetuate monopolies," he said, "we will bid farewell to State rights, to individual liberty, to the equality of all men before the law, and humble ourselves in sackcloth and ashes before the plutocracy of the country, and, as suppliants, bow down before the throne of our rulers."

FORAKER APOLOGIZES.

Unwittingly Introduced Paper Reflecting on Fairbanks and Others.

WASHINGTON, March 30.—Senator Foraker to-day obtained leave to withdraw from the Senate files a paper introduced by him on Wednesday last and printed as a public document, and the order to-day carried with it the suppression of all the printed copies of the paper.

The paper was prepared by Prof. Henry W. Elliott of Lakewood, Ohio, and purported to be "The Official Record of the Loot and Ruin of the Fur Seal Herd of Alaska." Prof. Elliott had submitted records of pelagic sealing several times, and they had always been printed as public documents. Therefore, when Senator Foraker was asked to have the alleged "official record" printed he made the request in the usual form, without taking the trouble to read the paper.

It was not until the paper came out in printed form to-day that its character became known. It was found to reflect upon the integrity of the presiding officer of the Senate and upon members of the Senate and House and other Government officials.

Referring to a statement by Mr. Fairbanks in 1902 before a Senate committee which was considering a sealing bill, Prof. Elliott says:

This statement of Senator Fairbanks was an untruth in every respect—a square and wholesale fabrication on his part, to defeat the pending bill. Under the circumstances his colleagues could not dispute his false report; therefore, they took no action on the bill, at his request.

Other remarks in Prof. Elliott's paper reflect unpleasantly on the late John Hay, Secretary Root, and Senators Dillingham, Nelson, Burnham, and Patterson.

Senator Foraker asked to-day to be forgiven for unwittingly having introduced this paper.

COMPROMISE ON COPYRIGHT.

Agreement That Royalty Should Be Collected Through Issuance of Stamps.

WASHINGTON, March 30.—That the copyright law should be extended to include all forms of expression by which works of authors can be conveyed to the senses, and that a universal rate of royalty should be fixed by Congress and should be collected through the issuance of "copyright stamps" by the Government, were the recommendations contained in an agreement reached to-day by the various interests which have recently appeared before the joint session of the House and Senate Library Committees to present arguments on the proposed copyright legislation.

ALDRICH BILL IN HOUSE.

Burton to Offer an Amendment to Define the Form of Credit Allowance.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, March 30.—The Aldrich bill reached the House to-day from the Senate and was at once referred to the Committee on Banking and Currency, of which Mr. Fowler is Chairman. The bill will be considered at the next meeting of the committee on Wednesday.

Representative Burton of Ohio is preparing an amendment to the bill, to define and govern the form of credit allowable to National banks under its emergency currency provisions. He proposes that National banks, within certain limitations of association, be allowed to segregate from their liabilities an amount of unincumbered assets not to exceed the amount of the capital stock of the institution; that upon depositing these assets as security the bank shall be entitled to take out an amount of emergency currency equal to three-fourths of the security value of the assets deposited.

ELECTRIC BOAT CO. REFUSAL.

Will Not Show Books on Lilley's Subpoena—Fight on the Representative.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, March 30.—The Electric Boat Company, now being investigated on charges brought by Representative Lilley will to-morrow refuse to show its books on subpoenas made out by Mr. Lilley on the ground that Mr. Lilley "seems to be too close to the Lake people." Martin W. Littleton will make the statement in behalf of the boat company, in his capacity as chief of counsel.

This threat on the part of the Electric Boat Company was made to-day, following the announcement by Mr. Lilley that he is going to ask the investigating committee to provide expert accountants to go through the books and papers of the boat company. This request, Mr. Lilley admits, he expects the committee to refuse. He then will make an offer to pay the accountants himself. This he knows will be refused.

Elihu B. Frost, Vice President of the boat company, is in the city, and expects to take the stand to-morrow. The company is prepared to carry the war into the enemy's country. An officer of the company this evening said that they needed no new facts to substantiate the gravest charges against the Connecticut Representative.

Depew Would Raise Judge's Salaries.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, March 30.—Better salaries for the Circuit and District Judges of the Southern District of New York is the purpose of a bill introduced to-day by Senator Depew, providing that the Circuit Judges should receive at least $10,000 a year and the District Judges $9,000. The bill was referred to committee.

Insurance is good but you need a safe place to keep the policy and other valuables

Mercantile Safe Deposit Vaults

120 Broadway

Safes $5 to $800 a year

DENBIGH MAY HEAD THE NORMAL COLLEGE

Principal of Mount Morris High School Said to Have Been Practically Decided On.

UNDERSTANDING REACHED

He Is an Englishman Who Settled Here Thirteen Years Ago and Has Since Taught in Schools.

The Executive Committee of the Normal College is about to recommend to the Trustees of that institution that John H. Denbigh, now Principal of the Morris High School, in the Bronx, be named as President of the college. This office has been vacant nearly two years—since the retirement of Dr. Thomas Hunter, who for half its lifetime was its head. Since Dr. Hunter's retirement the acting President who followed him, Dr. Joseph A. Gillet, has died. Many candidates have since been suggested for the vacancy, and the claims to promotion of some of those already in the school system, including Profs. James M. Kieran and Cary Kayser of the college, Associate Superintendents Davis and Straubenmuller, and George Smith of the Board of Examiners, are so strong that the committee has long delayed making a choice.

It is understood that the committee will take the final vote on its recommendation about the end of this week or early next week, but that informally the matter is regarded by most of its members as already decided.

The committeemen, Messrs. Henry H. Sherman, Chairman; Nicholas J. Barrett, Frederic R. Coudert, Horace E. Dresser, George J. Gillespie, Robert L. Harrison, A. H. Man, M. S. Stern, and Egerton L. Winthrop, Jr., will not discuss their intentions, but it is said on excellent authority that the other candidates prominently before the committee, while not entirely dropped from consideration, have been practically eliminated. This, however, no member of the committee will admit, and the friends of Mr. Davis particularly are active in his behalf.

The committee met in open session about ten days ago, let some coal contracts and transacted other routine business, and then went into executive session. It is presumed that the Normal College Presidency was then discussed. A secret session was held at the Department of Education, however, last Thursday evening, at which it is understood that the entire time was given up to a discussion of candidates for the Presidency, and such progress was made that one more meeting only is necessary for final action.

Mr. Denbigh could not be seen yesterday, but it is understood that the last week or more he has been several times in conference with members of the committee. Mr. Gillespie is the only member of the committee not now in New York. He is traveling in the South, and may not reach here until April 6. It is understood that the committee may postpone a final vote on its recommendation until his return, in accordance with an understanding with him. On the other hand, the need for choosing a President of the college is considered by some members so important that the committee may not await his return before taking final action.

If the committee acts this week it will be in time for notices to the Trustees of the college to meet on Wednesday, April 8, to be sent out, with the usual memoranda to the members of the Board of Education for the meeting on the same date. The two bodies are identical in personnel, and, according to custom, hold their meetings on the same afternoon.

If the committee reports at next week's meeting it is entirely probable that the new President will assume his duties at the Normal College by April 15, giving him two full months at the head of affairs there before the end of the present session.

Mr. Denbigh is about 40 years old. He is an Englishman, a graduate of Cambridge University, who came to America about thirteen years ago and at once began teaching in the public schools of this city. He went to the Morris High School as a teacher at its opening eleven years ago, and so impressed those having direction of the school that four years ago he was selected to succeed E. J. Goodwin as Principal.

Mr. Denbigh is unmarried and lives with his mother and sister in this city. It is believed that the committee has been a little in doubt about choosing a man who was not a native American. Friends of Mr. Denbigh's are believed to have swept these contentions aside by pointing to his record in the Morris High School.

JUDGE ANDREWS RESIGNS.

Cannot Finish Hearing Jerome Testimony Before Going Abroad in June.

ALBANY, March 30.—Charles Andrews, ex-Chief Judge of the Court of Appeals, has resigned as Commissioner to take testimony for the Governor in the matter of the charges against District Attorney Jerome.

In his letter of resignation he says:

My Dear Governor—I was, as you know, reluctant to accept the appointment of Commissioner in the Jerome investigation with which you honored me. I also stated in my interview with you that I had arranged to go abroad in June. When I accepted the appointment I did not appreciate the amount of time and labor involved in hearing the case. The investigation was commenced on Thursday, March 26. But one of the twenty-three charges has so far been the subject of inquiry, and more than 300 typewritten pages of testimony, exclusive of exhibits, have been taken, and the evidence for the defense on this charge has not been entered upon.

It seems probable, in view of the numerous charges to be investigated, and the necessary delays which will occur, that the investigation will not be completed in time to enable me to prepare my report before I leave home in June. Under the circumstances, I think I ought to resign my office as Commissioner, and I therefore send you my resignation.

Permit me to thank you for the expression of confidence implied in my appointment, and to express my regret that circumstances prevent my continuing to discharge the duty confided in me.

I am, my dear Governor, with sentiments of the highest respect, yours very truly,

CHARLES ANDREWS.

The announcement that Justice Andrews had resigned his post as Commissioner to hear the Jerome charges did not surprise the representatives of the Metropolitan Street Railway Stockholders' Committee who brought the proceedings, who realized that the presentation of the case would be long. Franklin Pierce, counsel for the committee, said yesterday that, while a part of the testimony already taken could be put in in the shape of the record already made, much of it would have to be repeated through the recalling of the witnesses who have testified. Both Mr. Pierce and William F. King, the Chairman of the committee, expressed great regret at losing Justice Andrews as presiding Commissioner.

METAL EXCHANGE ELECTION.

Full Administration Ticket Goes Through Despite Opposition.

The effort of dissatisfied members of the Metal Exchange, who have been complaining of the methods of establishing quotations, to defeat the party in power, failed at the annual election yesterday. Out of the 116 votes cast seventy-three were in favor of the administration ticket, and forty-three were cast by the opposition. The entire administration ticket was elected as follows: President, P. R. Jennings, succeeding Col. R. M. Thompson; Vice President, Morton B. Smith, succeeding William J. Ives; Treasurer, Robert L. Crooke.

New members of the Board of Managers are as follows: Paul Koning, Emil Baerwald, and A. B. Hall, succeeding L. Nachman, Edwin Groves, and J. H. Lang, respectively.

The retiring members of the board were re-elected.

THE BARRIER

"Better than The Spoilers"

This big new Rex Beach novel is out at last, and early readers have discovered that it is even better than "The Spoilers." This in eight days. Will it be the unanimous verdict? It will. For THE BARRIER is big with the swing and dash and color which

PRICE $1.50

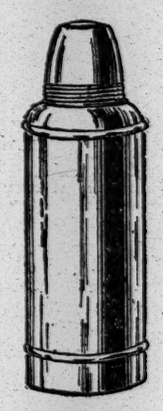
By REX BEACH

spell success. Mr. Beach again tells a triumphant love story of Alaska. But the scenes of THE BARRIER are new and the people are new—and they are intensely human and intensely alive. There is, too, an alluring mystery and an undercurrent of delightful humor. The drawings in colors are unusual.

HARPER & BROTHERS

THE BARRIER

When You Take Your Next Trip



—any kind of a trip—put anything you want to drink, hot or cold, into Thermos Bottles—then you'll get your hot drinks *hot* and your cold drinks *cold*, wherever you are and whatever the weather.

The

Thermos Bottle

is filled, emptied and cleaned same as any other bottle. But the Thermos Bottle actually *bottles up heat or cold.* It consists of one glass bottle inside a larger with an airless space—a *vacuum*—between, through which *heat or cold cannot pass.*

Motoring Take Thermos Bottles filled with any liquid at any temperature, and no matter where you go or what happens you have refreshments at hand. There's a Thermos Bottle Basket to contain 6 bottles made especially for automobiles. Also a leather auto case for two bottles.

Outings When Picnicing, Yachting, Hunting, Canoeing—on any kind of trip—you can have hot drinks or cold drinks always ready if you put them into Thermos Bottles before you start.

Traveling No more vain longing for a refreshing drink on tedious railroad journeys. Simply put into your grip one or two Thermos Bottles filled with hot or cold refreshments.

The Thermos Bottles provide hot or cold drinks for LUNCHEON at office, shop or home. In the SICK ROOM it keeps medicines and nourishment at the right temperature. It supplies the BABY with warm milk day or night.

Thermos Bottles are sold in the leading department stores, automobile supply stores, hardware stores, drug stores, jewelry stores, leather goods stores—everywhere. Pint and quart sizes. Prices from $4.50 up. *Send for free booklet.*

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Stern Brothers

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Attention is directed to an assortment of the

LATEST IMPORTED MODELS

from which they are prepared to make copies at

Very Reasonable Prices.

Lingerie Gowns and Waists

have also been received and are being shown.

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FURS AND FUR-LINED GARMENTS, ORIENTAL RUGS, DRAPERIES & HANGINGS

IN THE MOST MODERN AND APPROVED METHODS, WITH INSURANCE AGAINST DAMAGE BY MOTHS AND FIRE.

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CHINA AND CRYSTAL CLOSETS.

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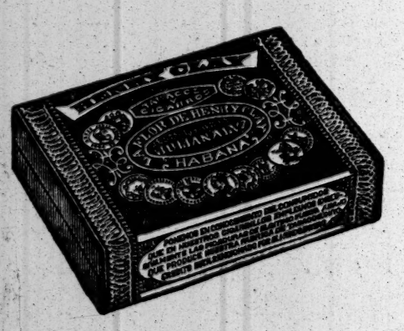
Havana, Cuba

are pleased to announce that they are now placing on the American market two brands of fine Cuban cigarettes.



The "Henry Clay" Cigarette—rolled in brown Spanish Pectoral paper with cork tip.

The "Bock y Ca." Cigarette—rolled in rice paper with cork tip.

"The tobacco for the Henry Clay and Bock y Ca. cigarettes is selected under my personal supervision from the purest and most aromatic types of Havana leaf, being identical in quality to that employed in the elaboration of our celebrated brands of Havana cigars.

"The high standard of the cigarettes of our manufacture has been scrupulously maintained for over 30 years, and our Havana sales are now about 175 million per month—more than 2000 million a year.

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15c per package

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GILLETTE DIES; GUILT ADMITTED

Clergymen Who Attended Him Say No Legal Mistake Was Made.

HE SHOWED NO EMOTION

In Last Statement He Pleads with Young Men to Lead a Christian Life—Story of the Crime.

AUBURN, N. Y., March 30.—Chester E. Gillette was put to death this morning for the murder of Grace Brown.

He went to his death in the electric chair at Auburn Prison without a sign of weakness and with the same lack of emotion which had characterized him from the day he was arrested. Gillette appeared to have been fully reconciled to his fate, and in a statement given out by his spiritual advisers immediately after the execution it is indicated that he had made a confession of his guilt.

This statement was signed by the Rev. Henry McIlravy and the Rev. Cordelio Herrick, and was as follows:

"Because our relationship with Chester Gillette was privileged, we do not deem it wise to make a detailed statement, and simply wish to say that no legal mistake was made in his electrocution."

But one contact was required, and Gillette was declared dead at 6:18.

Gillette had a word to say to young men. He had prepared a statement with great care. This communication was handed to Warden Benham last night and given out this morning. It is as follows:

Gillette's Last Statement.

"In the shadow of the valley of death it is my desire to do everything that would remove any doubt as to my having found Jesus Christ, the personal Saviour and unfailing friend. My one regret at this time is that I have not given Him the pre-eminence in my life while I had the opportunity to work for Him. If I could only say some one thing that would draw young men to Him I would deem it the greatest privilege ever granted me. But all I can say now is, 'I know in whom I have believed and am persuaded that He is able to keep that which I have committed unto Him against that day.'

"If the young men of this country could only know the joy and pleasure of a Christian life, I know they would do all in their power to become earnest, active Christians, and would strive to live as Christ would have them live.

"There is not one thing I have left undone which will bar me from facing my God, knowing that my sins are forgiven, for I have been free and frank in my talks with my spiritual adviser, and God knows where I stand.

"My task is done, the victory won.

"CHESTER E. GILLETTE."

His Prison Life.

Gillette's life in the prison was characterized by the most obedient and tractable spirit.

He had shown much diffidence in talking about his case, contrary to the usual attitude of a man condemned to death, according to the prison officials. From the beginning he seemed confident that there would be some way found to save him from paying the death penalty. He never lost hope up to the time that the Governor refused to intercede.

Gillette was a great reader during his time in prison. At first he read much fiction, but after a time his mind turned to travel, science, philosophy, religion, and history.

Gillette's last night in the prison was a quiet one. He slept a little. At 5 o'clock this morning a guard asked Gillette if he did not want breakfast.

"No, I don't care for any," he said.

"You better take something," said Chaplain Herrick. "Take some coffee and a little something to eat."

"All right," replied Gillette.

The autopsy performed immediately after the execution showed that Gillette was a normal man. The brain weighed 57½ ounces; there was a slight adhesion in the right lung. The heart was smaller than the normal man's, weighing a scant 12 ounces. Gillette's weight was given as 146 pounds and his height 5 feet 8½ inches.

The autopsy was performed by Dr. E. Anthony Spitzka of the Jefferson Medical College of Philadelphia, assisted by Dr. Bennett, Dr. Grogan, Dr. Crumb, and Dr. Conway.

His Mother's Statement.

Mrs. Louise M. Gillette, his mother, made a statement as follows:

"Though it is a very hard thing for me to feel Chester was responsible for Grace Brown's death, yet it was the wish expressed to him continually by me that if he was guilty I wanted him to say so before the world, and that in his triumphant death I feel that God has answered my dearest wish and prayer.

"And I am also so thankful to know that he did not strike Grace Brown, as described by the prosecution. A full account will never be given out, for he did not strike Grace Brown.

"I feel that he should have had another trial, where he could have had an opportunity before an unprejudiced court and jury, and where fair statements could have been made and considered, but my boy was ready to go, and I have nothing to say against Gov. Hughes's decision. I think he decided what he thinks is just, but he has shown no mercy.

"I want to say that God's sustaining grace has been enough for me, and that my children have been a marvel of strength and comfort to me, and I believe that even out of this great trial to our faith good will come.

"God has not failed us, and He never will those who trust Him. I trust that it will be a strong protest against capital punishment in this, that a young life recently given to God has been cut off by the law, when it might have been spared to have been useful to the world in one of the darkest places of that world—a penitentiary. Though it is hard to feel that my boy's life should be sacrificed that many should see the hideousness of the terrible law of a life for a life, yet my boy is no more to me than some other mother's boy is to her, and if in his death he has done more good than if he lived, which may be true through the testimony which he has left behind, I thank God for this.

"Mr. Henry McIlravy has been used by God through his faithfulness and consecration to His service in bringing to Chester the light of His salvation, and I feel that to him we owe more than we can ever repay. Mr. Herrick also has been very kind and helpful. Another friend whom God has raised up in this hour of need has been Mr. A. H. Hamilton of Auburn. He has done all that any man could do to stay the taking of this life by the law, and we appreciate it very greatly. Mr. John H. Dugan of Albany was secured by a friend of Chester's, who is unknown to ourselves, and to Mr. Dugan and this friend we wish to express the utmost gratitude for the earnest efforts which were put forward in the last days of Chester's life to give him a chance for a fair trial.

"Strangers all through the United States have become friends of this hour of trouble, and to them, through the press, we as parents, and brothers and sisters, wish to express our appreciation and thanks. They have helped us to bear the heavy burden which has fallen upon us."

Story of the Crime.

The crime for which Chester E. Gillette was executed was the murder of Grace Brown, near Big Moose, in the Adirondacks, July 11, 1906. Gillette was convicted on circumstantial evidence after a trial in which the pathetic love letters of "Billy" Brown, as the girl was familiarly known among her associates, to Gillette, played an important part. She had trusted Gillette to make her his wife.

Gillette had been a rover up to the time he became foreman in his uncle's shirt manufactory in Cortland, N. Y. He soon became interested in church work, and apparently conducted himself with propriety.

Grace Brown was a farmer's daughter from South Otselic who worked in the same factory with Gillette. In the Summer of 1906 she went home to prepare for her wedding. Her letters pleading with him to fulfill his promise of marriage were written then.

Plans were arranged by letter for a meeting at De Ruyter, and Gillette arrived at De Ruyter on the evening of July 3 and registered at a hotel as Charles George. The next day Grace Brown left South Otselic ostensibly for Cortland, but changed cars for Utica at De Ruyter, where she was joined by Gillette. At Utica Gillette registered Grace Brown and himself as Charles Gordon and wife, New York. They left the next morning.

The couple went to Tupper Lake, registering at a boarding house there as Charles George and wife, New York. On the morning of July 11 the couple retraced their journey to Big Moose, where Gillette registered at the Glenmore as Charles Grahm, Albany, and on the next line on the register wrote the girl's correct name and address. Gillette inquired for good places to take pictures, and obtaining a boat, rowed away. Gillette carried a suitcase, camera, and tennis racquet.

Late that night Gillette appeared at the Arrowhead, on Eagle Bay, twelve miles from Big Moose. He had walked through the woods, carrying the suitcase and camera, but the tennis racquet was missing. His clothing and baggage were dry. The next day he went on an excursion with some young women.

The boat was found floating bottom up near shore in a secluded part of the lake, with a woman's wrap spread over the bottom. The lake was dragged and the body of Grace Brown was found about 300 feet from the shore. Gillette was arrested at Eagle Bay July 14.

TART ANSWER TO LABOR BODY.

Mr. Ridder Resents Its Request to Him to Reinstate a Reporter.

These letters have passed between the Corresponding Secretary of the Central Federated Union and Herman Ridder, editor of the Staats-Zeitung:

Central Federated Union,
New York, N. Y., March 29, 1908.

Mr. H. Ridder:

Dear Sir: I am directed by this body to respectfully request you to reinstate Mr. E. Sander to his former position as reporter on the New Yorker Staats-Zeitung.

The report with which you found fault was induced by the representatives of the Brotherhood of Painters and given to the city editor of your paper by Mr. Sander for perusal. He passed it O. K.

We fail to perceive that any great crime has been committed, especially as your paper is read by a great number of workingmen who desire to see labor reports.

We would ask your kind consideration in the premises. Very truly, ERNEST BOHM,
Corresponding Secretary.
210 Fifth Street, New York City.

Mr. Ernest Bohm, Corresponding Secretary Central Federated Union, 210 Fifth Street, New York City:

Dear Sir: Your letter dated March 29 at hand. As you do not control the editorial department of this paper, I regard your request as an impertinence. Please attend to your business and I will attend to mine. Yours faithfully, HERMAN RIDDER.

TWO UNIONS WANT SAME JOB.

"Jurisdictional" Strike Over Wiring Williamsburg Bridge Terminal.

What is known in the labor unions as a "jurisdictional strike" tied up yesterday the electrical work in the underground, trolley, and elevated station, now in course of construction at the Manhattan terminal of the Williamsburg Bridge. The wiring of the new station, which will be ready in about a month, can be done by either the Linemen's Union or the Wiremen's Union, and it was for the purpose of deciding which union had the better right to the work that the strike was called.

Only about twenty-four men are directly affected, and it was said at the office of Bridge Commissioner Stevenson yesterday that the whole matter would probably be adjusted by arbitration to-day. The work to be done has to do with the lighting both of the station and bridge proper, and the city under the union regulations can give the job to either of the unions affected.

BOY SAVED WOMAN AND BABY.

Jumps Into River and Sustains Them Till Boat Picks Them Up.

The prompt action of eighteen-year-old Joseph Lacour of 200 East Sixty-third Street saved a woman and a girl baby from drowning yesterday afternoon. The woman and baby are in Flower Hospital, but will recover.

The woman, who was poorly dressed, went to the end of the pier at the foot of East Sixty-fourth Street and sat down on the string piece with the baby in her arms. She soon fell asleep and tumbled, with the baby, into the river.

An Italian woman who was on the pier shouted that a woman had fallen in. Young Lacour ran to the water's edge, where he saw the woman struggling in the river and holding the baby's head out of the water.

Lacour leaped in just as he was and held up the pair in the river until a boat drew up alongside and hauled them all in.

Later the woman revived and said she was Mrs. Mary McMullen, 32 years old, of 1,207 First Avenue. The baby, she said, was her two-year-old daughter.

Fred Titus Runs Down a Boy.

Charles Enright, 10 years old, of 446 West Forty-fourth Street, ran in front of an automobile driven by Fred Titus, the former bicycle rider, yesterday, in Tenth Avenue, near Forty-fourth Street, and the car knocked him down, two of the wheels passing over his stomach. Titus put the youngster in the car and carried him to Roosevelt Hospital, where it was said that he had been dangerously hurt.

W. G. McAdoo's Chauffeur Arrested.

Hurrying to his office yesterday William G. McAdoo, builder of the Hudson River tunnel, was stopped at the West Drive opposite Seventy-seventh Street and the chauffeur, Martin Carroll, was arrested for speeding. In the Yorkville Court Carroll was held in $500 bail for trial.

"SILK HAT" BURGLAR GETS 27-YEAR TERM

Westchester County Judge Imposes a Record Sentence on James Harlan, Masquerader.

FINE RAIMENT HIS UNDOING

Convict and His Pal Wore Evening Clothes and High Hats on Their Last Suburban Raid.

Special to The New York Times.

WHITE PLAINS, N. Y., March 30.—Judge William P. Platt, in the County Court, to-day sentenced James Harlan, one of the burglars who masqueraded as a yachtsman in evening clothes and committed thirteen robberies in New Rochelle, Mount Vernon, and Yonkers, to twenty-seven years in Sing Sing Prison. This is the heaviest sentence ever imposed on a burglar in Westchester County.

When arraigned for sentence Harlan said he had never been in a State prison or reformatory, but Chief Timmons of the New Rochelle police produced prison records to show Harlan had been a criminal since he was 18 years old, and had been almost continuously in prison for the last eight years.

Harlan's real name is William F. Hanna, and he was born and reared at Exeter, N. H. He says he attended Phillips Exeter Academy.

His accomplice, Ralph Taylor, was remanded until Thursday for sentence. Taylor's real name is said to be Townsend. He was formerly employed as a cashier at Luna Park and afterward was a conductor for the Brooklyn Rapid Transit Company. According to his story, Hanna told him that he knew of a place he could find easy work. That night Hanna took him to the suburbs and left him outside on guard while he robbed a house.

The pair continued their operations and gathered up so much loot that they decided to move into an apartment where they could store it. The apartment was in Lexington Avenue. It was here that Sergeants Cody and Scott of the New Rochelle police found fifteen trunks and suit cases filled with plunder, while in the closets were twenty suits of clothes, a dozen overcoats, bath robes, silk pajamas, and more than two hundred neckties stolen from suburbanites.

On one of their trips the burglars came across some evening clothes and silk hats, which, they say, led to their undoing. Taylor had read in the newspapers of how burglars had masqueraded in evening clothes and successfully evaded the police, and he persuaded Hanna to try the experiment.

On the night of Jan. 5 Mrs. Helen Atwood, wife of William Hooker Atwood, President of the New Haven Carriage Company, who lives in Woodland Avenue, New Rochelle, was awakened about 10 o'clock by a noise, and saw two stylishly dressed men in her room. Both wore evening clothes and silk hats.

At first Mrs. Atwood thought that they were two inebriated neighbors, who had got into the house by mistake, but she realized that the men were burglars when she saw them flash lanterns about the room and take the jewelry from the dressing table.

From Mrs. Atwood's room they went to that of her husband, who was away from home, where they took a new fur-lined coat and a suit case. Mrs. Atwood remained perfectly quiet until she heard the burglars close the front door. Then she telephoned to the police to be on the lookout for two burglars wearing silk hats.

In less than thirty minutes the men were arrested at the railroad station by Detectives Deveaugh and Smith just as they were about to board a train for New York. They protested indignantly, saying they were yachtsmen on their way back to the city, but when they were searched revolvers and masks were found in their pockets. A suit case which they had checked contained Mr. Atwood's opera coat and the stolen jewelry.

Among the other victims of the pair were Edward H. Hart, Dr. G. A. Lyon, William Bantel and Mrs. Inslee of New Rochelle, S. Marshall, Jr., of Port Chester, J. B. Lutbeg of Mount Vernon, and Samuel Hayward, Jr., and the Jewish Home in Yonkers.

DIED FROM OVERDOSE.

Philadelphia Bank Cashier Takes Morphine Accidentally in California.

SAN FRANCISCO, March 30.—Joseph Channon, cashier of the Northwestern National Bank of Philadelphia, died last night at the Hotel Stewart from an overdose of some drug, apparently morphine, administered accidentally by himself. Channon had been sojourning on the coast recently for his health.

The physicians think his death was undoubtedly accidental.

PHILADELPHIA, March 30.—Joseph Channon, who died in San Francisco yesterday, left here about four months ago in search of health. Mr. Channon had been with the institution since its organization in 1886. He was unmarried and lived with a sister and an aunt in Germantown. He was 52 years of age.

Ward McAllister Has Slight Chance.

SAN FRANCISCO, March 30.—Though he was still in a very serious condition, reports last night stated that Judge Ward McAllister, son of the former social leader in New York, who was recently operated upon for appendicitis at the Cottage Hospital in San Rafael, had a slight chance for recovery.

TO PAY BOYS' SCHOOLING.

Chicago Banker Will Support Those of His Native Town at College.

CHICAGO, March 30.—Norman W. Harris, a Chicago banker, has made a novel educational gift to the boys of Becket, his native township, in the Massachusetts hills. Because of his generosity, no boy in the township need go without a high school or college education during the next four years.

Under the terms of the offer, Mr. Harris will pay $5 a week to every native-born Becket boy residing not more than one mile from Becket or Middlefield Station and attending the high schools at Westfield, Pittsfield, Springfield, or Lee.

The only condition is that the recipient shall maintain an average of at least 80 per cent. in his studies and that his deportment shall be satisfactory.

On the same terms, Mr. Harris also offers to pay $5 a week to every native-born Becket young man attending Harvard, Williams, Amherst, Boston Institute of Technology, Yale Scientific, or any State university. The payments will begin next September and continue for four years. It is estimated that at least fifty boys will take advantage of the offer during the coming year. On this basis, the endowment will cost Mr. Harris $10,000 a year.

BECKET, Mass., March 30.—The offer of N. W. Harris to provide educational opportunities for the youth of this town was contained in a letter from the banker to Chairman Mollineux of the local School Board. There are about fifty boys who are either in high school or college. To what extent the requirement of an educational standard of 80 per cent. will cut this list down probably cannot be determined before June.

TWICE ATTEMPTS SUICIDE.

Wife Critically Ill, E. B. Hall Inhales Gas in Apartments.

Edwin Buckley Hall, formerly of the publishing house of Hall & Loke, Boston and New York, with offices at 30 East Twenty-first Street, this city, twice attempted suicide by inhaling illuminating gas yesterday in his apartments, in Eleanor Court, West Ninety-third Street, near Riverside Drive, where his wife is critically ill. Arthur Harper, a relative of Mr. Hall's, who lives in the same house, found him unconscious about 7 o'clock yesterday morning, with a rubber tube in his mouth, one end of which was attached to a gas jet in his bedroom.

Mr. Harper summoned a doctor, who, after working over the would-be suicide an hour, said he would probably recover within a day or two. Shortly after 1 o'clock in the afternoon, Mr. Hall was again found in his room, inhaling gas through the tube. This time his condition was so critical that an ambulance was called from the J. Hood Wright Hospital.

The ambulance surgeon found Mr. Hall unconscious and hurried him to the hospital, where the doctors worked over him several hours before they showed signs of life. It was said last night that the chances were against his recovery.

Mr. Harper said that Mrs. Hall had been critically ill for a long time, and that her life was despaired of several weeks ago. He thought her husband had become melancholy brooding over her affliction.

PAYS ITS $13,000 FINE.

It Cost the Chapman & Dewey Lumber Co. That for Accepting Rebates.

ST. LOUIS, March 30.—The Chapman & Dewey Lumber Company of Kansas City entered a plea of guilty to-day in the United States District Court to the charge of having accepted rebates from the Frisco Railroad on lumber shipments from points in Arkansas to St. Louis.

Judge Dyer imposed a fine of $13,000 and costs amounting to $158.68. A check for the full amount was promptly handed to the clerk of the court.

In pleading guilty the lumber company followed the example of the Frisco Railroad, which was recently fined the same amount after having pleaded guilty to having given rebates to the Chapman & Dewey Company.

ARRANGES FOR HIS CREMATION

Root Then Shoots Himself on the Steps of the Crematory.

BUFFALO, N. Y., March 30.—Melvin A. Root, a real estate dealer of Bay City, Mich., and worth $50,000, arrived here March 20 and made arrangements with a local crematory to cremate his body when dead, adding that if he should be found dead in front of the crematory his body should be taken in and cremated. This morning Root went out to the crematory and shot himself three times on the front steps of the building. He was taken to the Sisters' Hospital, where, it is said, he cannot live.

Root's wife died recently. Her body was cremated and brought to Lockport, this State, where her ashes were buried. Root has also arranged to have his ashes buried there beside those of his wife.

WOMAN HAS SLEPT 58 DAYS.

Everything Known to Science Has Been Done to Awaken Her.

LOS ANGELES, Cal., March 30.—Mrs. Beulah Hawkins, who has puzzled the medical men and psychological professors by her long, unbroken sleep at the County Hospital, will to-day begin the fifty-eighth day of her mysterious slumber.

Unless her sleep is soon broken, the physicians declare Mrs. Hawkins will never survive the effects of it, if she does not die while asleep.

Every effort known to science has been resorted to to awaken her, but so far without avail.

TO ASK SUBWAY BIDS FOR BROOKLYN ROUTE

Corporation Counsel Gives Formal Approval on Legality of Form of Contract.

QUALIFIES INDORSEMENT

Warns Public Service Commission of an "Apparent Lack of Appropriation."

The Public Service Commission yesterday received from Acting Corporation Counsel O'Brien a qualified indorsement of the form of contract for the Fourth Avenue Subway in Brooklyn, and advertisements asking for bids for the construction work may be published by the commission at any time. It is probable that they will appear before the end of the week.

The letter in which the approval was given acknowledged the receipt of the forms of contract, gave the route by sections, and concluded with these two paragraphs:

Pursuant to your request the contracts in question have been examined and are correct in form.

I do not deem it advisable at this time to indorse my approval thereon because of the apparent lack of appropriation to complete the work covered by the contracts.

Inasmuch as the Corporation Counsel had withheld his indorsement, it was thought at first that it would result in holding up the subway project. But it was found that the law simply requires the Corporation Counsel to certify to the legality of the form of contract, and does not stipulate that he shall have anything to say about the finances, and it was the general belief of the Public Service Commissioners that Mr. O'Brien had overstepped the limits of his power in referring to the "appropriation."

Chairman Willcox of the commission, after a meeting of the board, issued the following statement:

The Rapid Transit law requires the Corporation Counsel to approve all subway contracts as to form. Mr. O'Brien, Acting Corporation Counsel in his letter to the commission to-day says, "Pursuant to your request, the contracts in question have been examined and are correct in form."

Speaking for myself, I regard that as an approval of the contracts, and sufficient to justify the commission in proceeding to advertise for bids. I am in favor of advertising the contracts at once."

Mr. O'Brien said later that he had not intended to withhold his approval, but had simply meant to warn the commission that there was an "apparent lack of appropriation" for the work.

Corporation Counsel Pendleton said there was nothing in the letter to stop the commission from advertising, but that eventually it would be necessary for the Board of Estimate to ratify any contract made.

NEW TRANSIT BILL.

Senate Committee for Extending Term of Subway Leases by the City.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, March 30.—As a result of a conference to-day between members of the Senate Committee on Cities, a new Rapid Transit bill will probably be introduced to-morrow as a committee measure which will extend the maximum term for the operation of new subways by private capital to fifty years and for subway extensions thirty-five years. This plan increases the maximum materially, and it is believed that it will be sufficient to attract private capital to build and operate new lines.

TUNNEL TERMINAL PLANS.

Hudson and Manhattan Company Seeks Concessions from Jersey City.

William G. McAdoo, President of the Hudson & Manhattan Railroad Company, which is constructing the tunnels from Cortlandt Street to Exchange Place, Jersey City, through William D. Edwards, counsel for the company, submitted yesterday to the Jersey City Street and Water Board new plans for the station at Henderson Street, which is to be under Railroad Avenue.

Mr. McAdoo asks that the necessary franchise be granted for the right to occupy portions of each street to construct the entrances. He also asks the city to vacate the north half of Railroad Avenue and the sidewalk on the north side of Henderson Street.

Chairman Heavey referred the matter to the Committee on Railroads.

FUNDS FOR SURFACE LINES.

Court Authorizes $3,500,000 of Receivers' Certificates to Improve Roads.

Judge Lacombe, in the United States Circuit Court, granted the petition of Receivers Adrian H. Joline and Douglas Robinson of the New York City and Metropolitan Street Railway Companies yesterday afternoon to issue receivers' certificates to the amount of $3,500,000 for the rehabilitation of the surface lines of the two companies.

ABRAHAM AND STRAUS

BROOKLYN. Store Opens at 8:30 A. M. Closes at 6 P. M. Daily. BROOKLYN.

USE THE SUBWAY—Bronx to Borough Hall—One Fare, 5c.

Extraordinary Sales for Tuesday
As Announced Sunday.

No orders accepted until Tuesday morning. No mail or telephone or hurry box orders.

$16 Princess Bureaus, $10.
Golden oak, polished, shaped base; one large drawer and two small ones, with large French bevel oval mirror.

Drug Store Offering Unusual.
Phillips' Milk of Magnesia, 50c. size at 32c. Store orders only.

$1.65 Bamboo and Matting Tables, 95c. Each.
22 inches high, with 16-inch top and 14-inch shelf.

16c. Art Cretonnes, 10c. a Yard.
From the Puritan Mills, and a third underpriced.

$1.50 Corsets at 69c.
Thomson's Abdominal Corsets, for stout figures, sizes 22 to 36.

$1.25 Corsets at 59c.
Two models. Long waist, princess hip effect. Girdle Corset, with Princess hip. Made of white coutil. Supporters attached to front and side.

$1 H. & W. Corset Waists, 69c.
Medium form, of fine jean, with pearl buttons.

$1.00 Tape Girdles, 49c.
Girdle Corsets, made of fancy tape; supporters attached.

$5.00 Suit Cases, $3.97.
Here's a real $5.00 value, and an offering that is most opportune just now.

Tapestry Brussels Carpets---Underpriced
A lot of 50 new patterns, regularly 75c., 85c. and $1.00, at 59c., 69c. and 79c. a yard.

$1.00 Black Moreen Petticoats, 79c.
Two pretty models in black moreen Petticoats; one style has a full foreplece, attached flare flounce, with stitched bands; the other has an accordion plaited and cluster tucked flare ruffle; value $1.00, at 79c.

Cooper's Sea Tales, 5 Vols., 39c.
The famous Sea Tales of James Fenimore Cooper, 5 volumes, bound in cloth, at 39c. a set.

The Easter Number of The New York Times, to be published next Sunday, will include, among other features, a section devoted entirely to a presentation of the fashions for women during the Spring and Summer seasons. The material for this section has been obtained by this paper from the leading modistes and milliners of Paris and New York. The designs are authoritative in every instance and they will be shown perfectly, in every detail, in an eight page section, of full size, printed on super-calendered paper. The designs include gowns of many sorts suitable for morning, afternoon and evening wear, and millinery for all possible occasions. In all, this Fashion Section will be one high above the ordinary productions along this line—one of quite unusual attractiveness and of real value to women. Orders for The Times' Easter Number should be placed with newsdealers at once. The edition will undoubtedly be sold out very early next Sunday and it is advisable, to insure its receipt, that newsdealers should be notified well in advance of that day.

Water with a snap that appetizes—
Water so good it's a beverage—
Good appetites, good spirits, good health sit round the table where the water served is

Londonderry

The Table Water that adds to the dinner enjoyment and to the after dinner comfort.

The sparkling (effervescent) in the usual three sizes.
The still (plain) in half-gallon bottles.

For Sale by PARK & TILFORD, ACKER, MERRALL & CONDIT CO., CHARLES & CO.
Also all dealers in high-grade Mineral Waters.

900 DROPS
CASTORIA
ALCOHOL 3 PER CENT.
A Vegetable Preparation for Assimilating the Food and Regulating the Stomachs and Bowels of
INFANTS & CHILDREN
Promotes Digestion, Cheerfulness and Rest. Contains neither Opium, Morphine nor Mineral.
NOT NARCOTIC.
Recipe of Old Dr. SAMUEL PITCHER
A perfect Remedy for Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhoea, Worms, Convulsions, Feverishness and LOSS OF SLEEP.
Fac Simile Signature of
NEW YORK.
At 6 months old
35 DOSES - 35 CENTS
Guaranteed under the Food an

Exact Copy of Wrapper.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.

In Use For Over Thirty Years

CASTORIA

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

RAIN UPSETS GIANTS' PLANS IN THE SOUTH

Wet Weather Spoils Chances of Making Money in Exhibition Games.

ALL WELL EXCEPT McGINNITY

"Iron Man" Laid Up from a Strain—New Yorks See Cardinals in Action, but Are Not Alarmed.

Special to The New York Times.

DALLAS, Texas, March 30.—Rain effectually disposed of the last chances the Giants would have of drawing a little money in this section to reduce the high cost of the training trip. As has been the result of the past four weeks in exhibition games, bad weather kept away crowds in both Fort Worth and Dallas on Saturday and Sunday. To-day was a grand baseball day, and Manager McGraw was forced to crowd his day's work into a long morning of practice. He kept his charges going until 1 o'clock, when the rush was made to dinner. This afternoon the St. Louis Nationals played with Dallas. The New Yorkers helped fill the stands to see what merit the Cardinals possessed, but to-night nobody feels worried about the possibilities of the Mound City boys making the Giants hustle for first place in the National League race, even though they beat Dallas.

Practice to-morrow will not be long, as the park must be vacated to allow Joe Cantillion to display his Washington team of American Leaguers before the Dallasites in a contest with the home team.

With the return of warm weather the squad is in good shape and spirits, McGinnity being the only man unable to report regularly in the dining room. The "Iron Man" is confined to his room suffering from severe pains in the groin, the result of a wrench sustained in recent practice. He is much worried, and as the Giants will play in McAlester Saturday and Sunday, and Joe's home is there, he has besought McGraw to send him home, where he can get the best attention. McGraw feels that it would be best to keep McGinnity with the team to assure conditioning when he is able to get about again. He is receiving the best attention.

Manager Cavender of the Waco team conferred with McGraw to-day relative to the signing of his left-handed pitcher, Hensling. Mathewson and Bresnahan have both advised trying the youngster after seeing him perform against the Giants' third team at Waco yesterday, but Cavender maintained that Waco relied greatly on Hensling. McGraw had engaged the youngster, but as he has a large staff of reliable box artists, he decided he would send Hensling back before the Texas League season opens. After the third team's contest with Baylor University at Waco to-day, they will come to Dallas, and to-morrow's practice will include the total number of the squad, with the exception of McGinnity.

YANKEE COLTS VANQUISHED.

Hogg Holds Youngsters Hitless for Five Innings.

Special to The New York Times.

ATLANTA, March 30.—The Regulars and Colts of the New York Americans played a nine-inning game this morning, and the youngsters were beaten by a score of 6 to 3. Hogg pitched five innings for the Regulars, and was invincible, but the Colts had little trouble in scoring off Tom Hughes, who relieved Hogg. Orth and Glade pitched for the Colts, but received poor support. Glade distinguished himself by making a home run and a three-bagger. The Highlanders dispensed with afternoon practice in order to allow a game to be played between the Chicago Cubs and the local Southern League team.

St. Paul's Baseball Schedule.

Special to The New York Times.

GARDEN CITY, L. I., March 30.—Students of the St. Paul Cathedral School are formulating plans for the coming outdoor season with great enthusiasm. The baseball schedule follows:

April 11, Freeport High School; 15, Jamaica High School; 16, Flushing High School; 22, Mackenzie School of Dobbs Ferry; 25, Newark High School; 29, Manhattan Reserves; May 2, Hefley Institute; 6, Erasmus Hall; 13, Commercial School; 20, Salisbury School of Connecticut; 23, Horace Mann; June 3, King's School of Stamford, Conn.; 6, Trinity School. All the games will be played at Garden City.

JACOB
Ruppert
LAGER BEER BOTTLED AT THE BREWERY
At Hotels & Restaurants. ASK YOUR GROCER.

BEWARE OF SUBSTITUTION.
ARTIFICIAL VICHY
MANUFACTURED FROM DISTILLED WATER BY
CARL H. SCHULTZ.
430-444 1st AVE. NEW YORK.
LOOK FOR THE LABEL.

Perhaps this man, oppressed by a Winter overcoat, is bewildered by the variety of Spring coats we set out for his inspection.

Spring overcoats of smooth coverts and rough cheviots, herringbones and diagonals, without velvet collars and with them, without silk facings and with them, silk lined or serge lined, buttoned through or not, rainproofed or not.

$18 to $35.

Boys' Spring overcoats, too.

ROGERS, PEET & COMPANY.

Three Broadway Stores.

258 at Warren st. | 842 at 13th st. | 1260 at 32nd st.

AUTO SHOW BY TRAIN.

Independents Propose a Transcontinental Exhibit in Score of Cities.

Instead of holding an automobile show in New York next Fall or Winter the independent manufacturers, as the fifty-two members of the American Motor Car Manufacturers' Association are known, to designate them from the licensed members, a plan was proposed yesterday, which met with considerable favor, to hold a transcontinental motor show and carry the annual exhibit of the members to a score or more of cities in all parts of the country. Charles E. Lewis of the Jackson Automobile Company suggested this novel idea for a popular automobile show at the meeting of the Committee of Management of the independents yesterday in this city, and it was so well thought of that a special committee was appointed to investigate the plan in all details and report at the next meeting.

If Mr. Lewis's idea is accepted as the show feature for the independent makers it will mean that fifty-two members will participate in the transcontinental exhibit, and it was estimated that a special train of at least thirty freight cars would be needed to carry the machines that the makers would desire to exhibit, in addition to a special train of Pullman cars for the salesmen and exhibition staff.

"This automobile exhibit would last about three months," said Mr. Lewis, "spending one or two days in as many cities as possible of over 100,000 inhabitants."

A tentative suggestion, in case this show method is adopted, was to start from Detroit, going to Cleveland, then to Buffalo, Rochester, Syracuse, Utica, and Albany. Following this the cities visited will include Springfield, Worcester, Boston, Providence, Hartford, New Haven, Bridgeport, New York, Newark, N. J.; Atlantic City, Trenton, Philadelphia, Baltimore, Washington, Richmond, Charleston, West Va.; Pittsburg, Columbus, Cincinnati, Indianapolis, St. Louis, Kansas City, Omaha, Des Moines, Minneapolis, St. Paul, Milwaukee, Chicago, and back to Detroit.

The members present were H. O. Smith, Premier; G. V. Rogers, Mitchell; R. M. Owen, Reo; C. C. Hanch, Nordyke & Marmon Company; W. H. Van Dervoort, Moline Automobile Company; S. H. Mora, Mora, and Alfred Reeves, general manager.

VETERAN BALL PLAYER DEAD.

Charley Sweasy, a Star a Quarter Century Ago, Passes Away at Newark.

Special to The New York Times.

NEWARK, N. J., March 30.—Charles Sweasy, a noted baseball player of twenty-five years ago, died this morning in the Newark Hospital from consumption. He was 61 years old, and a native of the city in which he died.

Sweasy was a favorite of the baseball world from 1868 to 1882, and achieved honor as a second baseman. He came into notice as a clever fielder on an amateur nine in a suburb of Newark in 1868, two years later being called to join the noted Lancaster Red Stockings, managed by the late Harry Wright. At the close of the 1870 season the team disbanded and Sweasy was engaged to captain the Olympic Club of Washington. In 1872 he played with and captained the Forest City Club of Cleveland, and the following year joined the newly organized Boston Red Stockings, under his former captain, Harry Wright. In 1874 he was with Baltimore, and in 1875 he captained and played second base for St. Louis.

When the National League was organized in 1876, Sweasy was signed by Cincinnati. In 1877 and 1878 he was with Providence, and during the latter season figured, with Paul Hines, in the famous triple play from centre field, which has been a cause of much dispute among baseball historians. In 1879 he went to Manchester, N. H., and in 1880 and 1881 he played with the Attleborough, Mass., team, and the next year was forced to retire on account of rheumatism.

Baseball Player Crawford Dead.

PROVIDENCE, March 30.—Forrest M. Crawford, shortstop for the Providence Baseball Club of last season and under contract with the club for the coming season, died at his home at Austin, Texas, yesterday morning of blood poisoning, after a short illness. The news was a great shock to Manager Duffy, who had no inkling that the player was sick. Crawford was a native of Texas. He gained the attention of Manager McCloskey of the St. Louis Nationals and signed a contract with that team in the Spring of 1906. He played a number of games at short field for the St. Louis Club, a lame arm preventing him from working in the box.

Basket Ball Teams Disqualified.

The Registration Committee of the Metropolitan Association yesterday announced the disqualification of the basket ball team of De Witt Clinton High School, including the following players: Simberg, Greenberg, Berkowitz, Melitzer, and Helfault. Most of these men, who have been playing for De Witt Clinton High School, have been registered throughout the season for the Clark House of the Interettlement League, which violates the law of the Public Schools Athletic League, and their cards expired in February, 1908.

The reason for their suspension by the Metropolitan Association is that they came out into open competition and played against an unregistered team, the Lenox A. C. of Clark House, at the Clark House gymnasium last Saturday night. The team of the Lenox A. C., composed of Schiffman, Deitchmann, Solomon, Alpren, Gattlieb, and Geiger, have also been disqualified from further competition under A. A. U. sanction.

Hillman May Run at Dominican Games

Harry L. Hillman of the New York A. C., who established a new 600-yard indoor record at Buffalo last Saturday, together with Sheppard, Bromilow, and Bacon, has been invited to compete in the special 600-yard run which will be the feature of the athletic carnival to be held under the auspices of the Dominican Lyceum at the Sixty-ninth Regiment Armory on the evening of April 4. Hillman is in splendid condition, and, with the three other cracks to pull him out, new figures for the distance are expected to be hung up. Keating, Jack Eller, Sisy, Northridge, Lawson Robertson, Jim Archer, and the best of the district's sprinters, will measure strides in the dashes. Dan Kelly, the Western whirlwind, who holds the world's records for the 100 and 220 yard dashes, has been asked to compete. From the way the entries are pouring in the meet will be the most successful of the Winter.

Country Home for Watchung Hunt.

Special to The New York Times

PLAINFIELD, N. J., March 30.—The Maltby estate, consisting of forty acres situated just over the city line in Middlesex County, has been purchased by the Watchung Hunt Club, which will be used as a home. Two Colonial buildings on the estate are being remodeled in time for the formal opening on Wednesday, April 15. Mayor Charles J. Fisk, the President, has appointed Frederic E. Butler, Henry L. Hall, S. S. Crulkshank, and Lewis A. Timpson as a House Committee; Edwin S. Hooley and Lewis E. Waring have been named as a Grounds Committee. The membership is limited to 150 men, and within a week 135 applications for membership have been received.

Trout Bite Freely.

The trout season on Long Island, so far as three members of the Anglers' Club of New York was concerned—Dr. R. Johnson Held, E. B. Rice, and J. W. Block—opened auspiciously on Saturday in Nassau County. Between the three fifty-nine trout were landed, Dr. Held getting twenty-eight, Eddie Rice twenty-five, and J. W. Block, sixteen. The fish averaged about nine inches in length, Dr. Held carrying off the honors with one weighing a pound and a quarter. Worms, minnows, and flies were tried, but worms were found to be the best bait. Minnows came next, but the trout did not rise for the fly. George Le Blanche and W. T. Ehrich caught thirteen trout between them. They were of good size and quality, but the sport was not so brisk as encountered by their club associates further away. The sport on the whole, however, was considered more favorable than that of last year at the same time.

Cornell Outplays Trinity.

Special to The New York Times.

DURHAM, N. C., March 30.—Cornell won her first Southern game this afternoon from Trinity by errorless playing and better all-around work. The Ithacans are badly crippled in the box, but Goodwille, in his first intercollegiate game, did fine work. The teams play again to-morrow. Score by innings:

	R.	H.	E.
Cornell ..... 0 0 2 1 0 0 0 2 2—7	6	0	
Trinity ..... 1 0 0 1 0 0 1 0 0—3	8	6	

Batteries—Koodwille and Lally; Lane and Flowers.

Scores of Baseball Games.

At Cincinnati—Cincinnati, (National,) 2; Boston, (American,) 1.

At Lincoln, Neb.—Chicago second team, (Americans,) 4; Lincoln, 1.

At Columbia, S. C.—Buffalo, (Eastern,) 8; University of South Carolina, 0.

At Greensboro, N. C.—Guilford College, 11; Lafayette, 8, (ten innings.)

At Charlottesville, Va.—Virginia, 1; Amherst, 0, (ten innings.)

RACING DATES SET FOR YACHTING CLUBS

Long Island Association Solves Question of Allotting Choice Days.

FRICTION OVER OLD PLAN

Season Opens on May 30 and Closes Sept. 19—Larchmont Week from July 18 to 25—Other Dates.

As a result of action by the Yacht Racing Association of Long Island Sound at its annual meeting at the Hotel Astor last evening, it is expected that there will be no further friction among the various clubs in the allotment of racing dates. The association adopted the plan, recommended by its Executive Committee, of assigning dates in a sequence of Saturdays following Decoration Day, Fourth of July, and Labor Day. This sequence, it is expected, will be followed hereafter.

The schedule of races for the coming season—those of the Larchmont Yacht Club being mentioned for the convenience of yacht racing men, although this association has no control of its fixtures—is as follows, the sequence starting with Decoration Day, and the second racing following on the Saturday after that day:

May 30, Harlem Annual, Indian Harbor Special, and Bridgeport Spring.

June 6, Knickerbocker Annual; 13, Manhasset Bay Annual; 20, Larchmont Spring; 23, Indian Harbor Cruising; 25, 26, and 27, Seawanhaka Special.

July 3, American Annual; 4, Hartford Annual and Larchmont Annual; 11, Riverside Annual; 18, opening of Larchmont Race Week; 25, closing of Larchmont Race Week.

Aug. 1, Indian Harbor Annual, 8, Horseshoe Harbor Annual and Corinthian of Stamford; 15, Huguenot Annual, Bridgeport Annual, and Hempstead Harbor; 22, Stamford Annual; 29, American Summer and Northport Annual.

Sept. 4, Seawanhaka Special; 5, Seawanhaka Fall and Hartford Special; 7, Larchmont Fall, Norwalk Annual, and Sachem's Head Annual; 9, Indian Harbor Long Island Corinthian Cup race; 12, Indian Harbor Fall; 19, Larchmont and Manhasset Bay.

Dates for the long distance and cruising races of several clubs have not been determined as yet, but as a rule they are not considered as competing with the regular races.

The amendments to the racing rules as agreed to by the Atlantic Coast Conference of yacht clubs and yacht racing organizations, and, as already approved by the New York Yacht Club, were adopted, with the addition of a single explanatory sentence stating rather more definitely the highest point of measurement in measuring headsails.

Two minor amendments to the general rules were made. One is to the effect that clubs on Long Island Sound are "eligible" to membership in the association rather than "entitled," as the phrase has read heretofore. The other declares it to be the duty of the Executive Committee to "admit" new members, instead of "passing upon their eligibility."

One club, the New Rochelle Yacht Club, has withdrawn from the association, and one new member, the Whitestone Yacht Club, has been admitted. These officers were elected to serve for the year 1908:

President—W. Butler Duncan, Jr.; Secretary—Charles P. Tower; Treasurer—Victor I. Cumnock; Members of the Executive Committee—Stuyvesant Wainwright, Harry A. Jackson, Jr., H. F. Parmelee, F. C. Sullivan.

Ten Boats Entered for Ocean Race.

Two additional entries have just been received for the Sir Thomas Lipton ocean cup race to be held under the auspices of the Brooklyn Yacht Club, starting July 4. They are Frederic Thompson's schooner Shamrock and George W. Titcomb's schooner Uncas. This makes ten entries to date, but the entries do not close until June 15. The ten boats now entered are:

Schooner Tammany, Commodore William C. Towen, Brooklyn Yacht Club; sloop Ondawa, Vice Commodore D. E. Austen, Brooklyn Yacht Club; cutter Gardenia, Rear Commodore Leo S. Herzig, Brooklyn Yacht Club; yawl Hyperion, Commodore Frank Maier, New Rochelle Yacht Club; sloop Mimosa III., Stuyvesant Wainwright, American Yacht Club; yawl Lila, Richard D. Floyd, Brooklyn Yacht Club; cutter Zinita, Hyman Cohen, Brooklyn Yacht Club; yawl Sakana, Havliand brothers, Brooklyn Yacht Club; schooner Shamrock, Frederic Thompson, Brooklyn Yacht Club; schooner Uncas, George W. Titcomb, Brooklyn Yacht Club.

Early Football Work at Yale.

NEW HAVEN, Conn., March 30.—Capt. Robert Burch of the Yale eleven to-day gave orders for the Spring practice to begin on Wednesday, which will be practically concluded by Easter, although the annual contests for excellence in distance and place kicking will probably be held later in April. Capt. Burch plans a greater variety than ever before for the practice. New formations and plays, made possible by the new rules, will be tried, the linemen and the backs both reporting this year for the Spring drill. Capt. Biglow of the eleven last Fall, who will be head coach, will look after the practice. Squads will be drilled in receiving the ball on kick, starting with the interference for backs, and charging with the linemen.

New Jersey Soldiers to Hold Games.

Special to The New York Times.

NEWARK, N. J., March 30.—Four hundred entries have been received for the annual indoor games of the First Regiment, National Guard of New Jersey, which will be held in its armory here on Wednesday night. There will be six open events, the features being the seventy-five-yard handicap, with more than 100 entries; the one-mile run, and the 600-yard handicap.

FREEMAN LEADS GOLFERS.

Fox Hills Player Wins Qualification Trophy in Record Field at Pinehurst.

PINEHURST, N. C., March 30.—One hundred and twelve players started in the thirty-six-hole qualification round of the eighth annual United North and South amateur championship golf tournament to-day, the largest field in the history of these events.

Edwin A. Freeman of Fox Hills led the big field with a card of 157, C. T. Crocker, Jr., of the Alpine Club, Fitchburg, finishing second in 158, and Fred Herreshoff of Garden City was third in 159. Others who qualified for the championship or first division were Walter Fairbanks of the Denver Country Club, N. S. Hurd and Henry C. Fownes, both of the Oakmont Club; J. E. Porter of the Allegheny Country Club, C. L. Becker of Woodland, Allan Lard of Columbia, the championship title holder; J. D. Foot of Apawamis, W. C. Fownes of Oakmont; S. V. Farrelly of Deal, L. E. Wardwell of Megunticook, A. C. Travis of New York, R. H. McElwee of Onwentsia, and L. A. Hamilton of Englewood.

Oil King Wins Walking Match.

Special to The New York Times.

LEXINGTON, Ky., March 30.—Capt. John T. Geary, known to financiers as the Oil King of Kentucky, defeated twenty-six competitors in a walking contest at one mile at the Coliseum Skating Rink here to-night. The contest was for Confederate soldiers, and Capt. Geary's competitors were mostly men who served under Gen. Morgan. The receipts of the affair are to be used for the erection of the Gen. John H. Morgan Monument. George Voorhies, father-in-law of James B. Haggin, and other well-known horsemen were among the starters. The time was 12 minutes and 58 seconds on a fourteen-lap track.

Johner Easily Beats Marshall.

VIENNA, March 30.—The players engaged in the international chess masters' tournament at the local club met this morning in the sixth round, when the two Americans, Marshall and Johner, were pitted against each other, the latter playing the white pieces. Very soon it became evident that Johner would furnish a sensation by beating his adversary, who got a bad position in consequence of indifferent play in the opening, and Johner won hands down. Swiderski's victory over Mieses came also as a surprise, as did Alapin's defeat at the hands of Cohn. The games between Leonhardt and Suechting, Perlis and Berger, Rubinstein and Maroczy, and Bardeleben and Tartakower were drawn, while Reti went down before Teichmann, who thus secured his first victory in this contest. The Spielmann-Duras game was adjourned, greatly in favor of Duras, who is expected to win the game on its resumption on Thursday.

Leach Cross Wins In Boxing Bout.

Before a big crowd at the Dry Dock Athletic Club last night Leach Cross demonstrated his superiority over Sammy Smith, the erstwhile "Pride of the Ghetto." They met for six rounds and at the end Cross had the better of it. Harry Philips and "Babe" Cullen fought a four-round draw. Young Goldman blasted the reputation of Young Britt by knocking out the latter in two rounds, while Billy Green defeated Kid Moran in four rounds. The semi-windup of six rounds proved to be most enjoyable. Each delivered a fusillade of punches, and at the end of the limit, six rounds, the contest was voted a draw.

Rutgers to Play Navy Eleven.

Special to The New York Times.

NEW BRUNSWICK, N. J., March 30.—The Rutgers College football team, whose schedule is partly made up for 1908, will open the season with the United States Naval Academy at Annapolis. The two teams have not met for ten years. Swarthmore is dropped for the Navy game. The usual Election Day game with New York University will not be played this year and Lehigh is taken on instead of New York. Hamilton College is substituted for Union College.

Schoolboy Oarsmen to Row.

The school-boy oarsmen of the city will be represented, as last year, in the annual regatta on May 30 of the Harlem Regatta Association. It was announced at the meeting last night in the Harlem Casino of the Regatta Committee that plans had been perfected for the addition of an interscholastic eight-oared shell race to the events, making seventeen events for the programme, the same as last year. Chairman J. J. F. Mulcahy presided, and fourteen clubs were represented. The committee will meet again next Tuesday night at the same place.

More Money for Olympic Fund.

Secretary Herman Obertubbesing yesterday announced that the Board of Governors of the Metropolitan Association of the A. A. U. has voted $200 to the American Olympic Fund. President Whitney of the American Committee also received from James Speyer a check for $100. With the indorsement of such men as Andrew Carnegie, S. R. Guggenheim, George D. and F. B. Pratt, Clarence Mackay, Mr. Speyer, and others, it is safe to say that within the next few weeks the committee will have secured the $50,000 which it is now trying to raise in order to send a representative American team to London.

Hoppe's Big Lead in Billiards.

PHILADELPHIA, March 30.—Willie Hoppe secured a lead of more than 300 points over Jake Schaefer in two games of 400 points each played here to-day in a 2,400-point exhibition match at 18.2 balk-line billiards. In the afternoon game Hoppe made 400 points to Schaefer's 240, and to-night he ran out his string of 400 when the champion had 250. Hoppe's high run was 78 and Schaefer's 47. The latter is in poor condition.

Downs Wins at Pool.

W. Downs and C. Emerson figured in a close game in the pool tournament at John T. Doyle's Academy last night. Downs won, 50 to 44. The score:

Downs—11 7 10 6 5 8 8. Total, 50; high run, 12; scratches, 0.

Emerson—8 7 4 8 10 12 0. Total, 44; high run, 10; scratches, 1.

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BURNS AND SHAW TRAILERS

Poquessing Wins Another Race—Giles Captures Handicap—Aralia Best of the Two-Year-Olds.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, March 30.—The Washington Jockey Club's offering for the first day of its second week of racing at Benning lacked class throughout the card; but three of the six events furnished head finishes that aroused the public interest, while the contention in the other three races was but little less interesting.

Jockey McCarthy, who began his career in the saddle in the Canadian circuit last Spring under the management of W. H. Mosby, is achieving marked success here as the leading rider of the meeting. Last year McCarthy found it difficult to get mounts at Saratoga because of his inexperience, but the youngster has loomed up here in a most promising manner.

McCarthy has been so successful in the past seven days of racing that the betting public are playing his mounts strongly, no matter how much outclassed they may seem to be, with the result that they have profited largely. To-day McCarthy had a leg up in every race, and returned winner in four. His winning races were on Aralia, High Range, Waterbridge, and Poquessing. Jockeys Burns and Shaw, the veteran riders here, failed to land a winner, although each was second once and Shaw was third in another race. The summaries:

FIRST RACE.—Fillies and mares, three years old and upward; five furlongs, Columbia course. Nanno, 92 pounds, (McCahey,) 6 to 1, 2 to 1, and 11 to 10, won; Tea Leaf, 92, (W. Dugan,) 12 to 1, and 2 to 1, second; Donna Mobile, 92, (Fairbrother,) 20 to 1, 8 to 1, and 4 to 1, third. Time—1:04 2-5. Lady Isabel, Margot, Kingsessing, Coincident, Winning Star, and Javotte also ran.

SECOND RACE.—Fillies and geldings, maiden two-year-olds; one-half mile, old course. Aralia, 99 pounds, (McCarthy,) even, 2 to 5, and out, won; Chaperone, 99, (Bergen,) 6 to 1, 3 to 1, and 7 to 5, second; Bluestock, 99, (Brussel,) 20 to 1, 8 to 1, and 3 to 1, third. Time—0:51 4-5. Cheek, Flat Creek, Dan De Noyles, Daly's Lane, Elizabeth Sweeney, Jack Glenn, Tony S., Scotch Lass, Arondack, and Tiana also ran.

THIRD RACE.—Maiden colts, two years old; four and a half furlongs, old course. High Range, 102 pounds, (McCarthy,) 3 to 1, even, and 1 to 2, won; Puddin, 102, (McDaniel,) 5 to 1, 2 to 1, and even, second; Von Laer, 102, (Brussel,) 9 to 5, 9 to 10, and 9 to 20, third. Time—0:58 2-5. Epifon, Sir Cannon, Flatfoot, Young Roe, Demetrius, Great Jubilee, Sig, and Witching Hour also ran.

FOURTH RACE.—Maiden three-year-olds and upward; seven furlongs, Columbia course. Waterbridge, 99 pounds, (McCarthy,) 9 to 5, 4 to 5, and 2 to 5, won; Cartwheel, 99, (T. Tiana,) 7 to 1, 2½ to 1, and 6 to 5, second; Grandpa, 118, (McDaniel,) 7 to 1, 3 to 1, and 6 to 5, third. Time—1:32 2-5. Coppers, Oroonoke, Tennis, and Chorus Girl also ran.

FIFTH RACE.—Handicap, three-year-olds and upward; six and one-half furlongs, Columbia course. Giles, 90 pounds, (Fairbrother,) 8 to 1, 3 to 1, and even, won; Berkeley, 117, (McCahey,) 2 to 1, 4 to 5, and 2 to 5, second; Smoker, 116, (Shaw,) 9 to 5, 7 to 10, and out, third. Time—1:28 3-5. D'Arkle and Woodlane also ran.

SIXTH RACE.—Selling; three-year-olds and upward; one mile, Columbia course. Poquessing, 109 pounds, (McCarthy,) 17 to 20, 1 to 3, and out, won; Delphie, 110, (Shaw,) 8 to 1, 2 to 1, and 7 to 10, second; Yanhoe, 112, (McCahey,) 7 to 1, 8 to 5, and 1 to 2, third. Time—1:44 1-5. Holscher and Gilvedear also ran.

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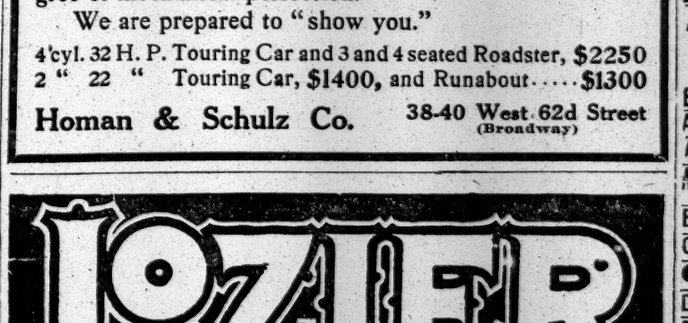

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6 CORNELL CREWS ON WATER.

Courtney Says He Cannot Accept Task of Coaching Olympic Crew.

Special to The New York Times.

ITHACA, N. Y., March 30.—Although the Cornell 'Varsity shell was swamped opposite Glenwood on Saturday evening on the first attempt of the crew to row down the lake and the oarsmen were compelled to beach the boat on the west shore, Coach Courtney ordered the whole flotilla, consisting of three 'Varsity and three four-oared crews, to Crowbar Point this evening, making a record for Cornell rowing. This is the earliest date the crews have ever gone down the lake. There is much gratification in rowing circles to-night.

At the same time Courtney announced positively that he would not accept the task of coaching the American crew at the Olympic Regatta, because his contract with Cornell would not allow it, and he had all the work he wanted with the Cornell crews.

The "old man" broke up Morrow's boat into four-oared crews to-day and made Horton's crew a second 'Varsity. Koerner, a big sophomore, who has been laid up with a sore hand for a week, was back in the first boat, rowing with Clarke, Bayer, Gavett, Dods, Brinton, Weede, and Cox. The training table was started with the following men: Cox, Koerner, Clarke, Gavett, Bayer, Dods, Brinton, Weede, Stevens, Morrow, Backus, Simpson, Frost, Bromley, Holt, and Sanger.

Squabble Over Army-Navy Date.

Special to The New York Times.

ANNAPOLIS, Md., March 30.—While a serious difference of opinion between the athletic authorities of Annapolis and West Point has arisen over the date of the football game next Fall, it is stated on the best authority that the differences are likely to be adjusted. The Army Athletic Association has suggested that the game be played on the 14th or 21st of November, and the Navy Athletic Association has replied that it cannot see its way clear to change the date from the Saturday after Thanksgiving, but is willing to have the matter arbitrated. No reply has yet been received from the army.

Colleges In A. A. U. Gymnastics.

Bartow S. Weeks yesterday announced that all the prominent colleges had been invited to participate in the National gymnastic championships of the Amateur Athletic Union, which will be held at the Savage Institute, Fifty-ninth Street and Eighth Avenue, this city, on Wednesday, April 8. Entries close on Saturday, April 4, with Bartow S. Weeks, Chairman Championship Committee, Post Office Box 611 New York City.

Corrigan Sole Owner of City Park.

NEW ORLEANS, March 30.—Edward Corrigan is now in supreme control of the New Orleans Jockey Club, having to-day secured the stock formerly owned by S. F. Heaslip, the President of the club. By this transfer of stock Corrigan will in future be able to dictate the policy of the club operating the City Park racing plant with little or no opposition.

Entries for Benning Races.

FIRST RACE.—Handicap, three-year-olds and upward; five furlongs, Columbia course. Oraculum, 124 pounds; Bellwether, 121; Oxford, 119; Smoker, 117; Firebrand, 113; Simple Honors, 100; Thomas Hoy, 98; Kingsessing, 95; Winning Star, 90.

SECOND RACE.—Two-year-olds; four and a half furlongs, old course. Spencer Wells, 105 pounds; Taboo, Julie M., Red Doe, Obdurate, Abandon, and Clef, 99.

THIRD RACE.—Selling, four-year-olds and upward; six and a half furlongs, Columbia course. Pierrot, Monte Carlo, Brookdale, and Aqueduct, 110 pounds; Old Guard, Millstone, Sheridan, 107; Venus, Umbrella, Right and True, Wilton Lackey, 105; Woodbine and Jim Nutwood, 102.

FOURTH RACE.—Selling, three-year-olds and upward; seven furlongs, Columbia course. Park Row, St. Joseph, 112 pounds; Oraculum, 107; Poquessing, 103; Racinette, 95; Servile, 91.

FIFTH RACE.—Steeplechase, for maidens; about two miles. Pete Dailey, 158 pounds; Calenda, 156; Golden Glow, 151; Beldemo, 140; Aiken, Benarris, and Wayside, 137; Bessie Kiser, 135.

SIXTH RACE.—Selling, three-year-olds and upward; one mile, Columbia course. Westover, Kempton, and Al. H. Woods, 108 pounds; Littleton Maid, 106; Obert, 102; Grace Cameron, 101; Azure Maid, Glaucus, 97; Whirl, Tillinghast, 94; Blember, 92; Orfano, 89; Denial, 87.

JERSEY AUTOISTS TO MEET.

Action on Motor Laws to be Taken by Associated Clubs To-day.

Important developments regarding the attitude of the New Jersey motorists toward the increased license fees and other changes that have been proposed to the State Motor Vehicle bill this year are looked for in Trenton to-night at the annual meeting of the Associated Automobile Clubs of New Jersey. Meetings of automobile owners and dealers have been held in all of the motor quarters of the State within the past month, and vigorous protests have been made against the continuance of the strenuous laws that have been in vogue for the last two years.

With the inauguration of Gov. Fort and the widespread demand by the leading autoists for more reasonable regulations, it had been confidently hoped that New Jersey this year would extend a more cordial welcome to visiting tourists, as is done by nearly all of the States in the country having auto laws. Senator Frelinghuysen, however, has not only refused to accede to the requests that visitors be allowed to tour in New Jersey even for a limited time without paying the State registration fee, but he has had incorporated in the new bill higher registration fees, namely, $3 for cars under 10 horse power, $5 for cars from 10 to 30 horse power, and $10 for cars over 30 horse power. The present fees are $3 for machines under 30 horse power and $5 for anything over that limit.

Assemblyman Austen Colgate's amendment to the new bill raising the speed limit from twenty to thirty miles in the open country is expected to come before the Legislature for action this week, and it will mark the first line-up in the Legislature of the autoists and their opponents.

The debate on this amendment will have the effect of showing, at any rate, just what the motorists who are seeking for more reasonable laws may expect at the present session.

Jersey May Increase Auto Fees.

TRENTON, N. J., March 30.—State Commissioner of Motor Vehicles J. B. R. Smith has sent a report to Gov. Fort in which he urges that the Legislature take no action this year in regulating further the running of automobiles in this State, except to increase the license and registration fees, add to the number of inspectors, and provide a better method of identification of license holders.

Cobb Turns Up with Tigers.

LITTLE ROCK, Ark., March 30.—"Ty" Cobb, the ball player, joined the Detroit team here to-day. He went out with the club for practice two hours after his arrival.

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Address all communications
THE NEW YORK TIMES,
Times Square, New York City.
Telephone: 1000 Bryant.

NEW YORK, TUESDAY, MARCH 31, 1908.

Entered at the New York Post Office as second-class mail matter.

ONE CENT in Greater New York, Jersey City, and Newark. Elsewhere, TWO CENTS. FIVE CENTS Sunday.

OFFICES—NEW YORK:
Publication.....Times Square
Downtown.....8 Spruce Street
Wall Street.....50 Broadway
WASHINGTON.....Washington Post Building
PHILADELPHIA.....Public Ledger Building
LONDON.....67 Fleet St., E. C.
PARIS.....36 Rue du Sentier

Subscription Rates—By Mail, Postage Paid.

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SIXTEEN PAGES.

MR. ROOSEVELT AND MR. BRYAN.

What Mr. BRYAN had to say at Kansas City last night concerning the identity of his views and policies with the views and policies of Mr. ROOSEVELT is not new. He has said practically the same thing before, though not in the same way. The intrinsic interest of his observations, however, is so great that they do not need the external accident of novelty to commend them to attention. We should think Republicans would read them with ever fresh surprise. Mr. ROOSEVELT is not a Democrat, he says. Neither is he a Republican. He cannot be a Republican, for he has put himself upon a platform of what Mr. BRYAN calls Democratic principles:

> Republican platforms have been full of fulsome eulogy of the Republican Party and barren of recommendations of reform. Even the platform of 1904, upon which President ROOSEVELT was elected, was silent in regard to Governmental evils and gave no hope of relief. To the surprise of Democrats and to the surprise of Republicans as well, the President immediately began to recommend remedial legislation, taking as his guide the platform declarations of the Democratic Party. He did not follow in the footsteps of Democracy out of any desire to compliment the Democrats, or to encourage them, but simply because the Democrats had pre-empted all the ground in front, and he could not go forward without trespassing upon their land. It is not strange that his suggestions were hailed with delight by Democrats and met with indignation by Republicans.

Mr. BRYAN concludes that "the reform sentiment in the Republican Party," that is, the sentiment that sanctions and approves the Roosevelt-Bryan policies, is not only large, but militant. "The corporate interests, powerful as they are, have not had to coerce the Middle West into the support of any of the Republican candidates who are regarded as reactionary. This in itself is the most hopeful sign of a Democratic victory, for the President, having aroused this sentiment, the Republican Party must satisfy the expectations excited or lose the support of the rank and file of the party."

How can the expectations thus excited be satisfied by anything short of the nomination of Mr. ROOSEVELT himself? Mr. BRYAN speaks of Senator LA FOLLETTE. Had the Administration put him forward as its candidate, then, indeed, the party would have had a man acceptable to the Middle West, and to Roosevelt-Bryan radicals everywhere. A good many sober-minded persons, Democrats and Republicans, have adopted Mr. BRYAN'S reasoning. They feel, and they fear, that when the Republican Convention meets the irreconcilable supporters of Mr. ROOSEVELT will strive to create a "Bryan scare." They will insist that if Mr. BRYAN be the nominee against Mr. TAFT, the militant Republicans of the Middle West will go over to BRYAN and elect him. Thus they will hope to frighten the Convention into nominating Mr. ROOSEVELT, who, of course, would hold his militant friends and probably steal away a good many of Mr. BRYAN'S.

If these political diagnosticians are right, we must conclude that the principles Mr. BRYAN claims to have invented, and which he accuses the President of having adopted, are so much more potent with the people than the principles of the old parties that they will in controlling numbers cross the party line to support a candidate hostile to the corporations. There have been signs of reaction in the West. Probably it has not gone so far there as in the East. But if principle is to be put above party, if crossing the line becomes fashionable, we see no reason why Democratic opponents of Mr. BRYAN may not get over into the other camp with the same facility he postulates in behalf of Republicans who would support ROOSEVELT or LA FOLLETTE but would not support TAFT. If such a double exodus should take place, the election figures would be fine confused reading.

The specification by which Mr. BRYAN proves that the President is not a Democrat would evoke laughter from an audience of owls. Mr. ROOSEVELT, he says, "favors the concentration of power in Washington, and a centralization of Government which Democrats regard as distinctly hostile to the National welfare." As a centralizer Mr. BRYAN long ago outstripped Mr. ROOSEVELT. Since the two men hold the same views, how can one be in favor of centralization and the other against it? Mr. ROOSEVELT, as all know, covets power for the Administration. Mr. BRYAN'S policies are based upon the lodgment of more power in the hands of the Executive at Washington. There could be no more extreme measure of centralization than Government ownership of the railroads, which he has advocated, and in which, as he admits, he still believes.

A NEEDED CUSTODIAL ASYLUM.

More than 20,000 feeble-minded and epileptic persons reside in this State, of whom 3,250 overcrowd the asylums at Rome, Syracuse, Newark, and Sonyea; 2,808 need immediately the State's custodial care, and many thousands living in private homes would be better off for it, from the point of view both of the public and of their families. Gov. HUGHES'S Commission, appointed for the purpose, reports that Haverstraw, Rockland County, affords the site for the new institution required, a site that can be reached by the poor relatives and friends of patients from this city at a cost not prohibitive to them and to the charitable societies concerned.

New York City pays 75 per cent. of the State tax for the support of the four existing Western, inadequate, and not easily accessible asylums. It supports in its own institutions 1,100 of the feeble-minded, and 1,800 indigent epileptics. The Legislature proposes to cut down several appropriations on the score of economy. But in the case of the proposed Eastern Custodial Asylum the argument of economy is on the side of Senator ARMSTRONG'S bill appropriating $486,000 for the Haverstraw site. The land selected is cheap, it will soon be dear, and the need of an asylum for Eastern New York State, as declared by the New York Medical Society and the Neurological and the Psychiatrical Societies, is urgent.

INVESTIGATING UNEMPLOYMENT.

A Commission for the purpose of inquiring into the causes, effects, and possible remedies of unemployment in this State is not in itself a bad thing. If the Commission should be made up of able and conscientious men, with as few preconceived notions as may be, the result might be to dispel some illusions and to direct such public action as may be taken into channels relatively harmless and possibly helpful.

The need of light on the subject in this country is perhaps not so great as in England, but it exists. Something was done to supply it in that country during the debate on the Unemployed bill, which has just been thrown out in the House of Commons. It was introduced and for the most part supported by the Labor Party, but it was most vigorously opposed by Mr. JOHN BURNS, the Labor member of the Ministry, and by laboring men in the House. The main aim of the bill was to supply work on land at public cost for those unemployed in private labor. Mr. MADDISON, member for Burnley, a compositor by trade, pointed out that if the unemployed were to be paid less than trades union rates, the first effect of the bill would be to lower wages. Mr. VIVIAN, another workingman, argued that the contribution of his class to the payment of poor workmen in extravagant and necessarily ill-managed tasks would more than offset any possible advantage, while the effect on the workmen themselves would be to "destroy their character, self-reliance, and moral fibre."

Mr. BURNS pressed these arguments home. His contention was that the direct tendency of the bill was to manufacture paupers, and "when you have manufactured a pauper you have ruined a man." He cited his own observation of several relief colonies already in operation. At Hollesley Bay the State was paying £22,000 a year for the cultivation of an estate by 250 men which had formerly been cultivated by a steward and eighteen hands. At Laindon he found public work being done at a cost fully thirty times as great as that of private work of the same sort being done in the neighborhood. In certain relief works established in London for seamstresses the cost of the product was 60 per cent. higher than in the open market and the quality inferior. These and like facts cited in the debate are in harmony with the experience of various countries and times.

They do not prove that there is not a possible use for public measures of employment. For one thing, as we have already pointed out, public employment, if intelligently and firmly administered, may be a satisfactory means of sifting the lazy from the others among the professed unemployed. Actual hard work is an excellent test of character, and it is one that should be applied wherever charity is sought by able-bodied persons. But employment at the cost of the treasury, to be paid for by taxation, and to be furnished to those not actually engaged in private labor, is a very risky thing. Thorough inquiry into the extent to which men and women, really willing and able to work, are without work, and into the causes that may have led to an unusual number of this class, is unquestionably desirable. When we go beyond that to the matter of "remedies," thorough inquiry before any action is still more necessary, but it will be found to be exceedingly difficult.

MR. ROOSEVELT, NATURALIST.

The hearty appreciation of Mr. ROOSEVELT as an eager and expert observer of life out of doors by his British visitor, Mr. KEATNOR, is pleasant reading for Americans, even if they cannot fully share his surprise at this phase of the equipment of their "ruler." Keen eyes, quick ears, bright wit in the study of natural phenomena—though not in the modern way—were possessed by the first of our Presidents, and, later, by Mr. JEFFERSON, and the possession of them by Mr. ROOSEVELT was known to a multitude of readers long before his name was linked with the Presidency.

Indeed, the qualities that make our Chief Executive liked so cordially by so great a variety and so vast a number of his fellow-citizens are reflected in his love for nature and his constant and systematic study of it. Americans take readily to an active man, who accomplishes with certainty objects that they can understand, and large numbers of them are by birth and training roamers and watchers of the fields in the same way, if with less energy, than he. Then, too, they like the friendly spirit which seeks to give pleasure to the guests of the White House each after his kind. Every expression of gratification he provokes pleases them, as it naturally pleases him. Such things temper the fierceness of party strife and quicken the sense of human sympathy. Probably there is no great nation in which the people come closer to their leader and representative than our own. Also, we must remember, there is none where good understanding is more needed.

THE GOVERNOR'S ORDEAL.

How many good citizens realize how great the ordeal is to which the Governor of a State is submitted after every other legal device has been employed to save the life of a murderer? There is rarely a condemned murderer so lacking in the sympathy of relatives and friends, or emotional strangers, that an appeal in his behalf is not made for Executive clemency. The mere fact of a sentence to death generally arouses to action the folks who oppose capital punishment. Many murderers have mothers and sisters eager to make highly emotional appeals for them.

The Governor of this State must personally submit to the test of character, the moral strain, to which such persons subject him. In the case of CHESTER GILLETTE there was not a shred of moral or legal doubt of guilt after the slow processes of the courts had been applied. Yet a strong pressure was brought upon Mr. HUGHES to commute the sentence, in defiance of the law of the State which demands capital punishment for murder in the first degree. Here was a case of deliberately planned, cold-blooded murder, a crafty coward's way of ridding himself of a burden. Apart from the family appeals, natural enough, and not to be condemned, some sort of sentiment in favor of GILLETTE, of a mawkish, unreasoning character, secured expression in the newspapers. The lamentable fact is plain, too, that if the Governor had disregarded his duty and commuted the sentence he would have been sure of some praise and little, if any, immediate blame.

To submit patiently to such an ordeal requires a high order of moral courage. No large measure of renown is likely to ensue. It is merely a part of the day's work. A comparatively few thinking persons yesterday read the Governor's decision in the Gillette matter with some appreciation of the strain to which he had been subject and fresh admiration of his wisdom and integrity.

It would be better if New York State could have a regularly constituted Board of Pardons, like New Jersey and Pennsylvania, for a division of responsibility in such cases is desirable. Nowadays the Governor has a harder duty to perform in a capital case than any other officer, including the prosecutor and the trial Judge, who know that their work will eventually be passed upon by higher authorities. The right of appeal is not to be questioned, but it seems unfair to constitute one man a court of last resort when a human life is at stake.

"MAKING A MARKET" IN KENTUCKY

Wall Street's ways of making a market are not in favor just now, but, with all its faults, it shines in comparison with the night riders' methods. They whip and murder those who accept prices not satisfactory to the organized producers, who are described as combining against the monopoly of their commodity. In discussing this un-American condition of things we accepted the statements of Mr. T. B. HANLY'S article in Van Norden's Magazine for April, that being the most coherent and detailed account of the Kentucky tobacco market which has been published. Yet it would seem that Mr. HANLY was a little too sympathetic in the extenuation of the outrages which he describes. From inquiries in another quarter it may be doubted that the night riders are entitled to acceptance of the allegations in their behalf without discount.

In the first place, the so-called Tobacco Trust's purchases do not amount to a monopoly of any sort of tobacco, ranging from 10 per cent of some sorts to a maximum of say two-thirds of any sort. That is to say, there is always an alternative buyer for those who wish to accept rather than to make a market. In the next place, the price of tobacco has not fallen steadily and irresistibly. It has fluctuated, and is rather rising than falling. The average paid by the trust was 7.29 cents in 1900, reached 10.07 cents in 1903, and was about 10 cents for 1907. The company never announced in advance that sales must be made at 5½ cents, and in general an account of its methods in a spirit as sympathetic as that shown toward the whippers and burners would disclose nothing more obnoxious than large purchases at prices satisfactory to those who accept them, and in competition with other buyers. As between the two sides, those who incline to law and order and the adjustment of price arguments by the arbitrament of the market, are driven to approval of the combination of capital rather than to the combination of the embattled farmers, to which it is proposed to extend special favor by law.

TOPICS OF THE TIMES.

Arguments Right to the Point.

Starting with the humorous, but not on that account the less accurate, statement that the Society for the Prevention of Abuse in Animal Experimentation should be renamed, since it seems to be organized to foster abuse of humanitarians engaged in that form of research, American Medicine makes exactly the sort of argument against the pending vivisection bills for which we have long been waiting and asking. With only a word about the fanatics who make the false assumption that much preventable suffering is inflicted in the laboratories—"those so mentally unclean as to imagine the horrors alleged to exist"—the writer of the article takes up the points in the bills wherein they would fall in accomplishing the avowed end, which is the proper regulation of a necessary practice.

Attention is first called to the fact that, by applying restrictions only to the vivisection of vertebrates the friends of the bills not only betray their ignorance of the existence of some invertebrates probably more sensitive than some vertebrates, but also ignore the evidence as to the sensitiveness of even the higher animals that is given when they coolly gnaw off a limb that has been caught in a trap. Then the phraseology of the bills is curiously vague. Anaesthetics, for instance, must be used in experiments that will cause "pain and distress," but no means of determining the existence of either are suggested, and barnyard surgery, much of which causes great and prolonged agony, can go on as before, though in vastly larger amount than the work of the scientists.

The exceptions as to drug and inoculation experiments and those regarding the communicability of disease, it is declared, would largely nullify the proposed laws, since almost everything could be brought under those categories by the exercise of a little ingenuity. The prohibition, except for instructive purposes, of demonstrations of facts already known would prevent the testing of accepted theories—which are far from being the same thing as proved theories—and so old mistakes would often go uncorrected.

Most emphasis of all is placed on the danger of putting this work under constituted medical authority—which is a bit queer, considering that a medical journal does it. The pertinent cases of JENNER, PASTEUR, and KOCH are brought up, however, and they were all men who excited bitter professional antagonism because they were outside the schools, and their work would have been stopped if the "regulars" could have brought laws like these to bear on them.

The conclusion is that if the Inspectors who are to judge vivisection as right or wrong are fanatical laymen all investigation will cease, while if they are to be biologists the situation will remain exactly what it is now.

Planning a Big Experiment.

If it be true, as reported, that 500,000 women in Illinois are planning to influence the Spring elections in favor of prohibition by the exertion of "mental telepathy," it only shows what absurd notions have been spread abroad by the current "new thought" talk and writing. No doubt the number of women who really think of entering into the scheme is a wild exaggeration, but the story presumably has some basis in fact, and it will be interesting to watch the results of the experiment.

Almost certainly, mistaken as are these good ladies as to the nature of what they with pleasant pleonasm call mental telepathy, there will be results. For it is their purpose to gather around the polls, dressed all in white, and to think hard at the voters as they go to deposit their ballots. The thinking, of course, will produce no effects whatever, except in an indirect and utterly non-telepathic way, but much more than possibly a good many voters will be influenced. They will see the women, they will have read much about their hopes and intentions, and, if the demonstration be really large enough to threaten trouble if ignored, a good many men may be moved to ponder a bit before they vote for the saloons.

It will all depend upon the number and the quality of the women and upon their ability to elude the ridiculous and remain impressive. If the voters laugh the experiment will fail; if they take the matter seriously they will be subjected to a strong "suggestion," and suggestions can accomplish lots, though not, of course, as much or in the way its most voluble exploiters have fooled a large part of the public into believing. In that very belief, regardless of its falsity, lies power, however, and the Illinois women need not be discouraged as long as they retain confidence in their nonsensical undertaking.

They say that already they have brought to confusion and silence would-be orators in favor of license, and done it just by attending their meetings and glaring. It may be. An unsympathetic or antagonistic audience often makes speaking hard and for some might make it impossible, but to call this telepathy is to prove utter ignorance as to the real nature of telepathy—if there be any such thing, which is still a matter of grave doubt.

Republicanism as Seen in Haiti.

Just how much of a republic Haiti is has brilliant illustration in the promptness and simplicity of the methods adopted by President NORD when he determined, the other day, that there wasn't room at his end of the island for twenty-seven of his political opponents. Having made up his mind on that point he made out a list, gave it to some trusted Generals, and told them to clear up the situation. They did it.

There were no "proceedings," as that word is understood in other republics or in countries that have even the beginning of popular government. The Generals merely went out the same evening, seized as many of the men designated as they could find, and shot them. Then, lest the President should doubt their zeal, they took enough other men to make up the required twenty-seven, and shot those, too. It was soon over.

Several little foreign warships came sniffing around soon after, but they contented themselves with suggesting the inadvisability of further massacre for the time being, and the venerable President heeded the advice. Thus a new chapter is added to Haitian history, notable only for its likeness to all the preceding chapters. It is getting to be a big book, now, and some day somebody will decide that it is big enough.

D'Annunzio's "Plagiarism."

From The Paris Journal des Debats.

The Turin paper, La Stampa, charges M. d'Annunzio with plagiarism, the celebrated writer having appropriated a number of passages from the Bible for his drama, "La Nef."

THE UNION SQUARE ANARCHY.

Thinks Police Restrained Rights of Peaceable Assembly and Free Speech.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

In Trafalgar Square in London, where all sorts of ideas are discussed, an American citizen asked a policeman if they were not afraid to let all those cranks talk to the people. He replied, "No; that is the safety valve over there, and the cranks are blowing off." So little attention do the police pay to these meetings that I am informed that they have only one police officer on post there. We might take this lesson seriously, in light of the deed that followed police interference with the meeting on Saturday afternoon.

It is characteristic of human nature to meet force with force and violence with violence. Its use is always to be deprecated, but it is more reprehensible when used by the officers of the law in violation of law.

The police power is given to protect citizens in their rights, and when this power is used to take away these rights, a grave problem will confront this Republic.

Article I. of the amendment to the Constitution of the United States reads: "Congress shall make no law . . . abridging the freedom of speech or of the press, or the right of the people peaceably to assemble and to petition the Government for a redress of grievances."

Section 8 of Article I. of the Constitution of the State of New York reads: "Every citizen may freely speak, write, and publish his sentiment on all subjects, being responsible for the abuse of that right; and no law shall be passed to restrain or abridge the liberty of speech or of the press."

The only power the police authorities of the City of New York have is given by the charter of the City of New York. Nowhere in the charter has the Legislature given the police the power to set aside either of these provisions, but they have arbitrarily arrogated them.

Had the police permitted the gathering in Union Square on Saturday afternoon to hold its meeting I believe there would have been no violence, but when (as the newspapers report) the police refused to let the meeting proceed, and drew their clubs and charged the crowd, both on horse and on foot, they were the violators of the laws, and their tyrannical methods no doubt led a weak-minded person to meet their violence with violence.

The action of the police on Saturday afternoon should be thoroughly investigated by an impartial Grand Jury, and if facts are disclosed showing that they violated the law in the least respect, those responsible should be prosecuted the same as any other violator of the law. If laws are to be respected, those given authority to enforce them should be the first to obey them, and the slightest transgression on their part should lead to swift punishment, otherwise it will breed chaos and disrespect for all law.

WILLIAM RYAN.

New York, March 30, 1908.

The act of Chief Inspector of Police Cortright on Saturday was plainly not aimed at the constitutional right of free speech or of peaceable assemblage. To attempt to hold a meeting in a public park or square without a permit from the Park Commissioner, who is authorized to grant or revoke permits, is a breach of the peace. Park Commissioner Smith, judging, rightly, as the event proved, that the thousands of men of different nationalities, creeds, and temperament attracted by the circulars for the demonstration might become dangerous and unmanageable, withheld his permission. The dispersal of the crowd followed, in accordance with the plain duty of the police.
—Editor TIMES.

Stop Preaching Dynamite.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Something should be immediately done by our National and State law-makers in running down the pests and foes of society before they put their theories into practice. We want a law on our statute books making it a criminal offense to have dynamite or other explosive in possession of any one except those who are obliged to have it and use it for legitimate purposes, and also authorizing domiciliary visits by the police, and providing for substantial and effective punishment of all offenders.

While the murderous intent would probably be difficult to prove, yet the prima facie evidence of being in possession of any deadly explosives without permit should be considered sufficient to establish a case and cause a conviction.

We are confronted with this situation—that drastic and vigorous measures should be taken for the protection of law-abiding society. These Russian Anarchists have had a taste of the Czar's laws and his Cossacks, and have come here to preach the same terror and murder; let us likewise give them a sample of American law which will make them cease to hatch their plots and preach dynamite.

In the meantime our brave police should handle them without gloves. Certainly Inspector Schmittberger and his men deserve great commendation in dealing with the mob at Union Square. Not only are our police the finest but also the bravest. TOMO SARGENTICH.

St. George, S. I., March 30, 1908.

The False Teachers.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Let me, for one, express sincere thanks for your virile and most commendable editorial on "The False Teachers and Their Dupes" in to-day's issue.

YOUR WELL WISHER AND THE COUNTRY'S.

Princeton, N. J., March 30, 1908.

"Model" Car Headlights Omitted.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

As a result of a narrow escape from annihilation by the new pay-as-you-enter cars which I myself have experienced, and a number of others which I have witnessed on the part of the youngsters who play on upper Madison Avenue in the early hours of the evening, I am moved to ask why such a necessary provision as headlights was omitted from the construction of these "model" cars.

If street cars were being introduced for the first time, headlights might be dispensed with, possibly. As it is, however, the headlight is the form to which we have become used. To abandon it now certainly will mean the killing and maiming of a great number of persons through their failure at night to realize how close a car may be to them when they are about to cross the street, or through failure to note whether the car is approaching or receding.

The experience of other communities has shown that the use of bright headlights, even in well-lighted streets, has resulted in a great decrease in the number of accidents and consequently in the amount paid out by the transportation companies in damage suits.

MADISON AVENUE.

New York, March 28, 1908.

The Knickerbocker Receivers.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

In your issue of March 29, (Page 8, Column 6,) there is a letter signed by one of the clerks of the Knickerbocker Trust Company, which is intended to show how the award of $75,000 to each of the receivers and $25,000 to each of the lawyers strikes him. He states that some of the faithful clerks will have to work seventy-five years before one of them earns $75,000, and that the receivers did not earn $1,000 apiece.

As one of the depositors of the Knickerbocker Trust Company, I desire to protest against the award of $75,000 to each of the three receivers and $25,000 to each of the lawyers, as I believe that this sum is exorbitant for the service they have rendered, and I believe that there are many of the depositors who would have been glad to accept the receivership of this institution and pay his legal expenses for the sum of $25,000; and these depositors are possessed of as great ability to serve in this position as the receivers who have just been discharged.

I would like to know what did the receivers and their lawyers do for the money awarded them, and so would all the depositors. Turn on the light.

A DEPOSITOR OF THE KNICKERBOCKER.

New York, March 29, 1908.

SITE FOR NEW COURT HOUSE.

Commission Sticks to Union Square—Urges Immediate Approval.

The commission selected to choose a site for a new Court House has made another report to the Board of Estimate. This time the site selected is still Union Square, but the extent of the property necessary to be acquired is considerably less than was the case with the previous site suggested. Its probable cost is about $20,000,000, including the building. The site faces Union Square on the east, extends back to Irving Place and closes only Fifteenth Street, while the former selection closed both Fifteenth and Sixteenth Streets.

In its report the commission says:

> It is our opinion that it is mandatory by law to make provision for the erection of a new Court House in preference to any other appropriations whatsoever for public improvements.
>
> We think this subject demands immediate consideration and that unless there be valid objections to the fitness of the site it should be approved notwithstanding the present condition of the City's finances.

The members of the commission are Charles S. Fairchild, William N. Cohen, David B. Ogden, Edward M. Grout, and Morgan J. O'Brien.

MASON BUILDERS DINE.

They Give Their Annual Dinner at the Hotel Astor.

The Mason Builders' Association of New York held its annual dinner in the small ballroom of the Hotel Astor last night. One of the principal guests was an honorary member of the association, Daniel Herbert of New York, who is 95 years old.

Among the guests were Charls A. Cowen, President of the association; F. A. Conover and Hugh Getty, Vice Presidents; Arthur Stone, Treasurer; Charles Murphy of the Charles Murphy Construction Company, Otto M. Eidlitz, Francis M. Weeks, Andrew J. Robinson, Robert Eidlitz, John T. Brady, Thomas F. Brady, A. Milton Napier, James Bradley, F. Gallagher, John Kennedy, and P. J. Carlin.

STUCK IN PANAMA MUD.

A Fresh Instance of Incompetence, Mr. Bigelow Thinks.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

The Chief Engineer of the Panama Canal is publishing from month to month fabulous records of excavation and dredging, but he fails to enlighten the public sufficiently as to the spot where he dumps his output. From a respected citizen of Colon, who has held high position in our public service, but who fears the consequences of being promoted to the Ananias Club, I beg to offer this little item, which will probably not appear in any official publication:

The steamship Oroya of the Royal Mail Steamship Company stuck in the mud while entering her berth at Colon on the morning of March 15, 1908.

A competent sea Captain testified that it was

owing to the silting up of the harbor from the deposits made by the seagoing dredge used in the channel leading to the entrance of the canal toward the mouth of the Mindi River.

These deposits are made a mile or two out, to windward of the harbor, and nothing more natural than that the mud should drift back with the trade wind and currents, to fill up the steamer berths at the wharves.

Col. Goethals having been selected because an army officer is muzzled, and not on account of experience with currents and trade winds, it is not to be expected that he should have foreseen what any longshoreman could have told him.

Now then, we shall soon hear of another dredging record—scraping the mud from out of the steamer slips and dumping it back to the mouth of the canal—and so on until the digging of the great ditch is placed on a strictly business—and not political—basis.

POULTNEY BIGELOW.

Bigelow Homestead, Malden-on-Hudson, N. Y., March 28, 1908.

COMMISSIONER BINGHAM.

He Should Stick to His Post and Continue to Deserve Support.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Commissioner Bingham's expressed determination to present his resignation in about one year should not be acceptable to the people. A man of iron, nerve, and brains, he dominates absolutely the police situation and is master of it, a circumstance which has not existed under any of his predecessors.

He is placing the Police Department upon a sound and enduring basis that will be a permanent monument to his ability and perseverence. It is a labor that cannot be completed within a brief space of time, but against the determined opposition of the vicious element and the professional politicians who benefit by breaches of law, it is accomplishing wonders that the Commissioner has realized in a remarkably short time. In civic reform he is the coming man, and it would be hard to predict his future in public affairs, which must be one of honor and importance.

Commissioner Bingham is not receiving the right support from the citizens of this city or the powers that be. His demands for an increased police force commensurate with the increased population, as well as his demands for a secret service, should be recognized. Under these conditions we would truly possess the finest police organization in the world.

JULIUS GOLDBURG.

New York, March 29, 1908.

Asylum for Refugees.

From The Paris Journal des Debats.

Switzerland has always had the honor of offering the right of asylum. In this classic land of liberty, political refugees have for a long time enjoyed a warm reception, especially Republicans, Democrats, and patriots. If of late the welcome has been less enthusiastic it is because Russians educated in Swiss universities have been guilty of so many crimes.

Crowded Solitude.

From The London Tatler.

Here is an extract from the prospectus of a hotel in Switzerland: "Weissbach is the favorite place of resort for those who are fond of solitude. Persons in search of solitude are, in fact, constantly flocking here from the four quarters of the globe."

TULIPS.

Brave little fellows, in crimsons and yellows,
Coming while breezes of April are cold;
Winter can't freeze you, he flies when he sees you
Thrusting your spears through the redolent mold.

Jolly Dutch flowers, rejoicing in showers,
Drink! ere the pageant of Spring passes by!
Hold your carousals to Robin's espousals,
Lifting rich cups for the wine of the sky!

Dignified urbans, in glossy silk turbans,
Burgherlike blossoms of gardens and squares;
Nodding, so solemn, by fountain and column,
What is the talk of your weighty affairs?

Pollen and honey (for such is your money,)
Gossip and freight of the chaffering bee;
Prospects of growing, what colors are showing,
News of rare tulips from over the sea?

Loitering near you, how often I hear you,
Just ere your petals at twilight are furled,
Laugh through the grasses while Evelyn passes,
"There goes the loveliest flow'r in the world!"

ARTHUR GUITERMAN.

HOME RULE PRINCIPLE ADOPTED BY COMMONS

Think Ireland Should Have a Legislature Subject to the Imperial Parliament.

NATIONALISTS ARE ANGRY

Response of Liberal Government to Their Demands Disappoints Them —Healy Attacks Asquith.

LONDON, March 30.—The House of Commons to-night, after a long debate on the question of home rule for Ireland, adopted by a vote of 313 to 157 a resolution moved by John E. Redmond, the Nationalist leader, that "in the opinion of this house a solution of this problem can only be attained by giving the Irish people legislative and executive control of all purely Irish affairs," after it had been amended by adding the words "all subject to the supreme authority of the Imperial Parliament."

In moving his resolution Mr. Redmond announced that his purpose was to put the home rule issue in uncompromising fashion. An overwhelming majority of the present House of Commons, he said, always had professed their belief that the concession of home rue was the only solution of the Irish problem, and that every member of the present Government, at one time or another, had given public pledges to this same effect.

He now purposed to put them on record and free the hands of the Liberal Party and the Government at the next election so as to make sure there would be no repetition of the gratuitous pledges made by so many of the members at the last election not to introduce home rule during the life of the present Parliament.

It was known beforehand that the debate could have but an academic interest, because the Government had pledged that there would be nothing done in the matter of home rule until a mandate should be given at a general election. But the debate was made notable through the strong declaration of Chancellor Asquith, which was all the weightier because made at the moment Mr. Asquith is practically assuming the Premiership.

Mr. Balfour, in a brief speech, had accused his opponents of speaking with two meanings—a Radical meaning and a Nationalist meaning. He asked how it was conceivably possible to carry out great Irish reforms with British money, except by a British Parliament, and ironically challenged Mr. Asquith to clear up this ambiguity.

Amid ironical Unionist laughter, Mr. Asquith rose and said that never in his life had he felt less embarrassed. For over twenty years he himself and his colleagues had steadily and consistently advocated self-government for Ireland's purely local affairs. He held that opinion now as strongly as ever.

He could not, however, support Mr. Redmond's motion in its present form, because he found in it no explicit recognition of imperial supremacy, and, further, because no Parliament would be justified in embarking in such a task as the establishment of home rule unless the matter first had been submitted to the electorate. It would be a gross and inexcusable violation of their promises to do so in the lifetime of the present Parliament. As far as the present Parliament was concerned, he said, they had exhausted their powers in regard to the problem of Irish government in the Irish Councils bill last year.

Mr. Asquith's speech seems likely to produce a strained relationship between the Government and the Nationalists. Bitter disappointment at it was expressed in the lobbies by the Irish members. Timothy Healy made a scathing attack on the Chancellor. He reminded the House that on the question of amnesty for the dynamiters some years ago Mr. Asquith "closed the gates of mercy with a clang," but the gates were opened by the Tory Party within two years.

Then referring to the ordeal of the Pigott forgeries, Mr. Healy said that the only thing he regretted was that Mr. Asquith was engaged in that case to defend the Parnellites. Continuing, he said that it was on the Irish question that Mr. Asquith first came into notice. "To-day he is an important man," said the speaker; "to-morrow he may be a god, but we shall not worship at his shrine."

Chief Secretary for Ireland Birrell came out squarely in support of home rule. The Imperial Parliament, he said, had not time to attend to the needs of Ireland; there were scores of vital measures requiring immediate and constant attention unless they were going to allow "something like hell" to prevail in Ireland.

Earl Percy, on behalf of the Unionists, moved an amendment declaring the House to be unalterably opposed to the creation of an Irish Parliament with a responsible executive, but the amendment was rejected.

EAGER TO HEAR MACCRACKEN.

Biggest Hall of Copenhagen University Too Small for Audience.

COPENHAGEN, March 30.—Dr. Henry M. MacCracken, Chancellor of New York University, who is here to deliver a course of lectures at the university, made his first address this afternoon, and was strikingly successful.

The biggest lecture hall of the university was not large enough to contain half of those who desired to hear the lecture, and for the benefit of those who were unable to get into the hall Dr. MacCracken promised to repeat his lecture to-morrow.

The subject of the lecture is "American Ideals." In delivering it to-day the Chancellor wound up with a reference to the Presidential election of this year, declaring that no candidate would have the ghost of a chance of election who should fail to prove that he had both the will and capacity to enforce the laws upon which the economic bases of the country depend.

NO HOPE FOR PREMIER.

Sir Henry Campbell-Bannerman Gradually Yielding to His Ailment.

LONDON, March 30.—The condition of Premier Sir Henry Campbell-Bannerman shows no marked change for the worse to-day, but the diabetes, which apparently is in its incurable form, and from which the patient is suffering, is making gradual inroads upon his reserve vitality.

The bulletin issued to-day says: "The Prime Minister had a quiet day yesterday and a fairly good night. He continues weak, but there is no marked change in his condition."

Notes of Foreign Affairs.

BERNE, Switzerland, March 30.—The Federal Railroad tunnel through the Ricken mountains, near Lake Zurich, was completed to-day. Construction on the tunnel, which is nearly five miles long, was begun four years ago.

LONDON, March 30.—The Conciliation and Arbitration Board governing the Scottish iron trade has agreed on a reduction in wages of 7½ per cent. on account of the falling off in the iron business.

TOKIO, March 30.—The Emperor has bestowed upon the late Durham White Stevens, who was assassinated in San Francisco by a Korean, the decoration of the Grand Rising Sun, the highest order in Japan. The Japanese Government will give 150,000 yen (about $75,000) to the family of the murdered diplomat, and the Korean Government will give them 50,000 yen—the two sums amounting to about $100,000.

SAN JUAN, Porto Rico, March 30.—The Federal Grand Jury to-day returned an indictment against Capt. George Worley, master of the United States collier Abarenda, charging him with inhuman treatment of his men at sea, in violation of the Federal statutes. The indictment is the result of the Grand Jury's investigation of the murder of Walter Welchert, chief officer of the collier, who was killed at San Juan by Carpenter Alexander Dickson Feb. 20.

DANCED HER HAIR OFF FOR CHARITY'S SAKE

Miss Naudain's "Dolly" Curls Succumbed to Merry Widow Waltz with Donald Brian.

THEIR ACT MADE A HIT

Matinee Vaudeville in the Plaza in Aid of the Darrach Home Netted $1,000.

"Merry Widow, à la Mélisande," a brand-new theatrical concoction, was served upon a large audience in the ballroom of the Plaza yesterday afternoon, when a matinée vaudeville was given in aid of the Darrach Home for Crippled Children.

The Merry Widow, with lavish hirsute effects, was quite impromptu, but resulted in prolonged laughter. Donald Brian, the original Danilo of the "Merry Widow" company, was present to sing and dance for the crippled children. May Naudain, the ingenue of "The Girl Behind the Counter" company, played with him. Mr. Brian, shorn of his regimentals and minute mustache, was a revelation and delight, and the thousand women in the audience would not let him leave the stage until after Mrs. Ethel Watts Mumford Grant, the authoress, who was impresario, had called out to him and Miss Naudain:

"Dance the Merry Widow; that's what they want."

The stage whisper was caught up in a storm of applause and the piano was pushed aside. Miss Naudain took off her Spring hat, with swirling plumes, realizing the risk to impedimenta. The music started and the pair began the dance. After the first few gliding steps Miss Naudain's coiffure began to resent the strain put upon it by the violent waltz, and a "dolly" puff broke from its moorings.

"Stop, Donald! There goes—" began Miss Naudain in a whisper.

But Mr. Brian had no thought of stopping, and another "dolly" puff flew away. Then Miss Naudain's hairpins went on strike, and finally Miss Naudain's coiffure was completely demoralized and her ample crown of natural hair hung about her shoulders. The dance was finished, and Miss Naudain and Mr. Brian took their calls, meanwhile picking up the fugitive "dolly" curls.

"Merry Widow, à la Melissande," said Mrs. Grant to the disheveled Miss Naudain.

After the act Miss Naudain retired, but soon reappeared in the tearoom, as artistically coiffured as usual.

Mr. Brian attained a high place in the hearts of matinée girls, as was attested by a remark dropped by a schoolgirl as she left the ballroom. Turning to her sister, she observed gravely:

"Do you know, Edith, I never knew what real love was till I saw Donald Brian this afternoon."

She was 12 years old.

The whole entertainment was lively and gut generis. Miss Beverly Sitgreaves and Harry Stoddart contributed a capital sketch, acted without the illusion of scenery or curtain. It was called "The Silent System," and Miss Sitgreaves as a nagging, emotional wife won her audience.

Miss Mabel Srock sang in the absence of Mme. Fidora Argilagos, who, Mrs. Grant said, contracted sore throat when she saw she had been featured in the programme.

Miss Margaret Wycherley read Irish poems, and Nina Gordon, Frederick Norton, and Mrs. G. B. Dickey also gave their services.

The net financial result of the entertainment was about $1,000.

Mrs. Grant was assisted in the arrangements by Mrs. Mary Heaton Vorse.

In the audience were many literary and artistic people.

WEDDING PLANS.

Details Arranged for Bliss-Barnes and Gates-Wood Nuptials.

The wedding of Robert Woods Bliss, Secretary of the American Legation at Brussels, a son of William H. Bliss by his first wife, to Miss Mildred Barnes, daughter of Mrs. William H. Bliss by her first husband, will take place on Saturday, April 14, at noon in Grace Church chantry. The Rev. Dr. Huntington will officiate.

There will be no attendants, and the bride's mother will give her in marriage. As the ceremony will occur in Holy Week, it will be of the quietest character, and only the immediate relatives and a few intimate friends of the bride and bridegroom will be asked. About May 1 the bridal pair will sail for Brussels.

Mr. Bliss, who was graduated from Harvard with the class of 1900, entered the Government service at Porto Rico the same year, and the following year was made private secretary to the Governor General. In July, 1903, he was appointed Consul General at Venice, and in October, 1904, was appointed Second Secretary of the American Legation at St. Petersburg, and from there he was sent to his present post.

At the wedding of Miss Mary Underhill Wood and Merrill Edwards Gates, Jr., at noon Tuesday, April 7, Miss Lois Homans, daughter of the late Mrs. Edward C. Homans, will be the bride's only attendant. William Bishop Gates, brother of the bridegroom, will be best man.

Miss Wood is the only daughter of the late William H. S. Wood, who was the head of the century-old publishing firm of William Wood & Co. of 51 Fifth Avenue, and was for several years President of the Bowery Savings Bank. Miss Wood is a grand-niece of the founder of Johns Hopkins University of Baltimore.

Mr. Gates is the oldest son of Dr. Merrill E. Gates of Washington, formerly President of Rutgers and Amherst Colleges.

After repeated denials the engagement of Miss Eva Van Cortlandt Morris, daughter of the late Mr. and Mrs. A. Newbold Morris, to McDougal Hawkes, son of the late Wright Hawkes, has been confirmed. Mr. Hawkes was at one time Dock Commissioner. He was graduated from Columbia in 1885. Miss Morris has been out a number of years.

The marriage of Miss Emily R. Wolff, daughter of Mrs. Julius R. Wolff, to Ernest A. Cardozo will take place this afternoon at 4:30 o'clock, at 31 West Forty-fourth Street. The Misses Josephs and Levy, cousins of the bride, will act as flower girls.

MISS HELEN BROWN A BRIDE.

Married Last Evening at the Savoy to Sigbert Wittman.

The wedding of Sigbert Wittman and Miss Helen Brown, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Marcus Brown of this city, took place last night at the Savoy. The Rev. Dr. Rudolph Grossman officiated.

The bride wore a white satin gown, trimmed with rose point and Duchess lace, and carried orchids and valley lillies. Miss Mildred Brown was her maid of honor, and Hugo Wittman, brother of the bridegroom, was best man.

After a bridal trip Mr. and Mrs. Wittman will live in New York.

WHANN—SIBLEY.

The wedding of Miss Aline Sibley, second daughter of Mrs. C. W. Sibley, to Charles Whann, Jr., was celebrated yesterday afternoon at the residence of the bride's mother, West End Avenue and Eighty-first Street. The bride's sister, Miss Adele Sibley, was maid of honor.

The Rev. Dr. De Lancey Townsend of the Church of All Angels officiated. Only relatives and intimate friends were present. Immediately after the ceremony the bridal pair left for a Southern tour.

SCHLOSS—STERN.

Hugo N. Schloss and Miss Ruth Stern, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. M. M. Stern of the Hotel Majestic, were married at 6:30 o'clock last night at Delmonico's. The Rev. Dr. Fisher of Atlantic City officiated.

The bride wore a white satin gown trimmed with point lace. She was unattended. Milton J. Schloss, brother of the bridegroom, was best man.

After a trip South Mr. and Mrs. Schloss will live in New York.

Harold N. Winthrop Engaged.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, March 30.—The engagement is announced of Harold Neilson Winthrop of New York to Winifred, the elder daughter of Wiseman Keogh, the British Consul at Monaco.

COWBOY SONGS AT MUSICALE.

Thomas Tryon Entertains Friends at National Arts Club.

Thomas Tryon entertained last evening with a musicale in the rooms of the National Arts Club. The programme was devoted to American composers, and the novelty of the evening was the introduction of cowboy songs and Spanish-Californian and negro folk songs.

Compositions by Henry Gilbert, Gertrude Normand Smith, Edgar Stillman Kelly, and Thomas Tryon were sung by David Bispham, Armand Crabbé of the Manhattan Opera, Henry Barnhart, Reunald Werrenrath, and Miss Lila Hascall. Miss Mary Williamson played piano compositions by Noble Kreider.

Among the guests asked were Mr. and Mrs. Thomas A. Janvier, Mr. and Mrs. E. H. Blashfield, Mr. and Mrs. Henry Poor, Mr. and Mrs. Henry Marquand, Sir Purdon Clark and Lady Clark, Mr. and Mrs. Walter Damrosch, Mr. and Mrs. Poerre Mali, Mr. and Mrs. Robert de Forest, Mr. and Mrs. E. K. Rossiter, Mr. and Mrs. W. M. Barnum, and Mr. and Mrs. D. N. B. Sturgis.

PENFIELDS OFF ON LONG TRIP.

They Will Tour the Riviera in Motor Cars and May Go Up the Nile.

Mr. and Mrs. Frederic Courtland Penfield, (Mrs. Weightman Walker,) who were married on Feb. 27 and have passed much of their time since the wedding at Atlantic City, are booked to sail this morning on the Hamburg for Naples. Their two automobiles will meet them at Naples, and after visits in Rome and Florence they will tour the Riviera to Spain.

They intend to spend two months touring the Iberian Peninsula, and then will go to Biarritz, where a party of friends will join them for a run to Paris.

In August they will visit in England, and may later take a trip up the Nile and visit Khartoum.

Mr. Penfield was for some time the American Minister and Consul General to Egypt, and it is quite likely, if this Nile trip is made, that he will revise and amplify his book "Present Day Egypt," which he wrote after his retirement from office.

SAILING FOR EUROPE.

Among those sailing to-day on the North German Lloyd liner Kaiser Wilhelm II. are:

Mr. and Mrs. Herbert W. Adams, Comte de Belmont, Princess Belloselsky, Mr. and Mrs. Amedeo Bassi, Baroness Bledenfeld, Mrs. H. D. Brookman, Mr. and Mrs. Allen Curtis, Mr. and Mrs. A. B. Claflin, Mr. and Mrs. B. F. Drakenfeld, Mr. and Mrs. M. L. Gerstile, Mr. and Mrs. Charles Gilibert, Miss Mary Garden, Mr. and Mrs. Theodore F. Jackson, Mrs. W. S. Kernochan, Mr. and Mrs. W. B. Leeds, Mr. and Mrs. Otto Loewengard, Mrs. Edward Spencer Mead, Mr. and Mrs. D. Neustadter, Alexander von Nuber, Austro-Hungarian Consul General, Chicago; Mr. and Mrs. George Putnam, Miss R. H. Reid, Mr. and Mrs. Jacob Rothschild, Mr. and Mrs. Francisco de Sinmaga, Miss E. Whitney, Egerton Winthrop, and Mr. H. Wheeler.

Outgoing passengers on the Hamburg-American liner Hamburg sailing for Naples are:

Dr. E. B. Bronson, Mr. and Mrs. R. C. Brandt, Mr. and Mrs. H. W. Barrows, Dr. C. H. Cooke, Mme. Glannina Russ-Donesana, Bernard von Essen, Mrs. E. D. Gordy, and Mrs. H. Heinstock, Mr. and Mrs. Marshal Hale, Mr. and Mrs. Thomas W. Jopson, Mr. and Mrs. Darwin P. Kingsley, Mrs. Elizabeth S. Marshall, Mr. and Mrs. Frederic Courtland Penfield, Mr. and Mrs. James Brown Potter, Mr. and Mrs. John G. Shedd, Mr. and Mrs. Edward F. Swift, and Dr. and Mrs. E. W. Trotchell.

The Ryndam of the Holland-America Line sailing for Rotterdam will have among those on board:

C. W. Antony, Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Batsdorf, Mrs. Frank Batsdorf, Mrs. J. S. Coburn, Otto von Fell, Miss Eleanore Dubois Harris, Mr. and Mrs. Oscar Korn, Mrs. W. J. Lyman, Dr. and Mrs. William O. Osborne, Mrs. A. B. Savage, and Mrs. Charles Le Tassier.

Brander Matthews Play for Charity.

Under the auspices of the Wayside Workers, matinée and evening performances will be given to-day at the Waldorf-Astoria of the comedy "Frank Wilde," by Prof. Brander Matthews. "Miss Flipper's Holiday" will also be produced. The proceeds will go to the Fresh Air Fund.

The Szechenyis at Vienna.

VIENNA, March 30.—Count Laszlo Széchényi and the Countess arrived in this city this morning. It is their intention to make a prolonged stay here. A large and curious crowd assembled at the railroad station to get a sight of the couple, but friends of the Count made arrangements for them to leave the train before it put into the station.

Social Notes.

The Play Ground Association will give a dinner to-night at the Waldorf-Astoria in honor of Mrs. Humphry Ward. The Duchess of Marlborough will be among the speakers. Mrs. Clarence Mackay, who has done much to insure the success of the dinner, will not attend, owing to the recent death of her aunt, Mrs. Elizabeth Duer.

Mme. Constance Lee de Pastor of Washington has been the guest for several days of Mr. and Mrs. Julien Jaquelin Mason.

There will be a recital and author's reading this afternoon by F. Hopkinson Smith in the Horace Mann Auditorium at Columbia University for the benefit of Auxiliary 16 of Stonywold Sanitarium.

The Germanistic Society of America gave a concert last night at the Waldorf-Astoria. The programme included "Wotan's Farewell" from "Die Walküre," a selection from La Bohème," and recitations by Fräulein Hedwig Reicher. Christian Kreins conducted the orchestra.

Former President Grover Cleveland and Mrs. Cleveland will come to New York on Thursday for several days. They have engaged apartments at the Buckingham.

Mr. and Mrs. B. F. Evans of Morristown, N. J., are at the St. Regis.

Mr. and Mrs. H. F. Godfrey have returned to town from Old Westbury, L. I., and are at the Buckingham.

Mrs. Daniel Thomson has issued invitations for a lecture this morning at her home, 27 East Seventy-fifth Street. Baron Uxkullof will speak on Russia.

Mrs. J. M. Longyear and Miss Judith Longyear have arrived from Boston and are at the Gotham.

Mr. and Mrs. Tracy Dow have returned from Virginia Hot Springs and are at the Gotham.

Mr. and Mrs. Frederick S. Snow of Tuxedo are at the Gotham, and are giving a number of small dinners.

Mr. and Mrs. Herbert Carpenter have gone to Atlantic City.

The Pelham-Clintons will sail for home to-morrow on the Mauretania. The Duchess of Marlborough will sail on the same ship.

Mr. and Mrs. Clarence Mackay, who went to Harbor Hill over Sunday, have returned.

50 Fathoms Deep

WAY down on the bottom of the sea under three hundred feet of water is the favorite home of the codfish. The ice-cold water of Norway and the North Atlantic is his joy. He has the power to grow fat under severe surroundings. The same natural power is in

Scott's Emulsion

of Cod Liver Oil. Nature herself put it there. This power produces new flesh and new life in those who suffer from wasting diseases.

All Druggists; 50c. and $1.00.

THE MELODRAMA OF THE MOMENT

An Association of Unrelated Incidents to Excite Laughter and Tears.

THE AUDIENCE REVELS IN IT

"The Outlaw's Christmas" Combines Large Doses of Gunplay, Horseplay, and Sentimentality.

THE OUTLAW'S CHRISTMAS, a melodrama in five acts, by Theodore Kremer. New Star.

Jack Foster	Julian Noa
Kate Foster	Lida Merab
Ruby Foster	
Baby Gussie Shires or Baby Lillian Wallace	
Horace Harper	Daniel Lawlor
Anna Robinson	Gertrude Dion Magil
Isadore Breval	Tom Sam Van
Maggie Quirk	May Henderson Thurston
Edward White	J. D. Herblein
Faber	Daniel Higgins
One-eyed Jimmy	Harry Scott
Charlie Nelson	Joseph Lewis
Black Pete	M. F. Ryan
Asbestos Bill	William Willis
Smiling Bob	Frank Woolford

"The Outlaw's Christmas" is an alluring title, especially with warm weather close at hand. It has a frosty sound. And the Klondike lithographs, with the beautiful green snow and blue ice, give promise of something refreshing.

But why—this after one has seen it—why "The Outlaw's Christmas"? Why not his New Year or Thanksgiving? As far as any relation of plot to title is concerned, it might as well be one or both. In fact, from the lavish expenditure of blank cartridges it suggests even more a Fourth of July celebration.

But it is not Mr. Theodore Kremer's way to answer questions. Christmas is a good peg on which to hang a sentimental interest, which is probably all the reason he requires. So "The Outlaw's Christmas" he makes it, and there is a scene to carry out the title. And as a matter of fact, the conscientious author is better than his word. For before the play is over two Christmases are shown, and the sad Klondike Yuletide of the outlaw, over which Joe and Bill and Moll and Sal have nearly cried their eyes out, has been forgotten in the festive joyfulness of the latter celebration, when the outlaw, no longer an outlaw, is home again with wife and child, while the villains are either dead or safely given over to the stern custody of the avenging law. But the felicitous conclusion has not been reached without a struggle. Nor without the introduction of many and varying incidents of a wholly extraneous kind. That is the way of the melodrama of the moment, the kind that the optimistic Mr. Blaney recently said was going out of fashion.

The triumph of virtue in melodrama is not easy, and the resourcefulness of vice seems almost endless. Throughout five acts the villains have pursued the hero and his innocent wife and child. And they, in turn, have been pursued by Maggie Quirk, the Irish landlady, whose heart is gold, though her hands are rough and red, and the struggling French artist, who is in love with her, and who can sing a comic song when matters get too painful to be borne.

Why the outlaw is an outlaw at all is a thing that must be guessed at, though Mr. Kremer no doubt makes it plain enough for those who will see his play from the very beginning to the bitter end. It requires a peculiar mentality to grasp these things. It is all in the point of view. The New Star audience wouldn't get a laugh out of "Man and Superman," and it would probably go into paroxysms over "Pélleas and Mélisande." But Kremer it can understand. He gives both the laughter and the tears it craves. And still the cry that real drama must appeal to the composite emotion of the crowd. There never has been a sillier notion. But it is the notion that excuses nine-tenths of the bad plays.

A thing like "The Outlaw's Christmas" positively passeth understanding. But eyes are wet when the weeping mother and her child are forced to betray the presence of the outlawed Jack Foster to the villains who have come to lynch him in his lonely cabin in the Klondike. All has been so happy and peaceful up to that moment. The French artist has sung about Christmas, (a song "especially composed by himself for this play,") and the little girl has decked out the Christmas tree. The good-hearted Irish landlady has arrived from New York unexpectedly to spend the holidays with the outlawed family, and the villains for the time being have been swept on a false scent. Then all in an instant happiness gives way to woe. The resourceful villain, with Jack Foster's arch enemy, the villainess who loves hm, and "would be avenged because he has wedded another," comes snooping round the cabin. He has an order of arrest signed by the District Attorney of New York. And they have organized a possee. Black Pete, a hireling of the villains, has led them to the spot. And once captured there must be no chance for Jack Foster to escape. He must be lynched on the spot with his wife and child in the room to look on at the cruel deed.

But Black Pete has a moment's softening of the heart. He decides that the victim shall have a chance to bid his wife and child farewell. Black Pete is an obliging scoundrel, and it is at his suggestion finally that the others agree to the wife's next appeal for mercy. She thinks it will be too disgraceful a thing for her husband to be hanged. She cannot bear the thought. Why not shoot him instead? Why not let her do the shooting?

Now what could be more natural than for the villain and his posse to hand over to her their one solitary revolver? And yet it must be freely admitted that to a lesser genius than Mr. Kremer the idea might never have occurred. Of course, when the wife gets the pistol in her hands she turns it on the villains and peppers right and left, her good work being seconded by the Frenchman, who has meanwhile gone out for aid and who shoots recklessly at everybody in the place. So that when the curtain falls you know that the outlaw is saved from hanging, though villainy must go on, for there are still three acts to come.

The strangest part of it all is the fact that there are people in the world—and many of them—who give themselves up to the illusions of such plays. They laugh uproariously at the silly comedy and are intensely moved by such a scene as the one described. Moreover, they will pay to see these plays.

Such being the case, the Kremers will probably continue to write them, the alleged actors to act in them, and the managers to produce them. But there ought to be an antidote. The right sort of popular theatre might provide it. It is needed worse than libraries.

"THE WOLF" IS PRODUCED.

Eugene Walter's New Play Is Located in the Hudson Bay Country.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, March 30.—The Shuberts produced for the first time on any stage at the Belasco Theatre to-night a drama of the Hudson Bay country called "The Wolf," by Eugene Walter, whose play "Paid in Full" is one of the successes of the New York season.

The cast numbers six persons, only one of whom is a woman. The part of Hilda is played by Ida Conquest. The other five members of the cast are William Courtenay, Walter Hale, Thomas Findlay, Sheridan Block, and Jack Devereaux. The play was staged by J. Huffman with the assistance of the author. The first production of "The Wolf" brought out a typical Washington society audience.

POMMERY "Sec" and "Brut"
THE STANDARD FOR CHAMPAGNE QUALITY

"MARTA" AT METROPOLITAN.

Miss Bessie Abott Pleases in the Title Role.

"Marta," which has been sung infrequently at the Metropolitan Opera House this season, was brought forward again last evening. Mr. Ferrari at the beginning of the year was wholly unfamiliar with the score, and the first performance of the work suffered from this and other causes, which combined to make the opera drag. Last night, however, the performance moved along swiftly enough, although such works can never receive their due at the Metropolitan while the present lifeless and inaudible chorus is permitted to occupy the stage.

Miss Bessie Abbott sang the title rôle for the first time this season. She had appeared in the part but once before, when she was substituted last year for Mme. Sembrich at a late hour and without a rehearsal. It was natural, therefore, that her representation last night should be an improvement in many particulars. She was a generally charming Marta, sprightly enough and a pretty picture in the various dresses. However, she was not in especially good voice, and seemed to find particular difficulty in reaching some of the high notes. "The Last Rose of Summer" was well done and aroused considerable enthusiasm, which continued for some time after the performance had proceeded.

Mr. Plancon has not sung Plunkett for some time, as that rôle has been intrusted to Mr. Journet. It was a great pleasure to welcome Mr. Plancon back. Mr. Bonci's Lionello is vocally perfection, and Nancy is one of Mrs. Homer's best parts. Mr. Barocchi was an inefficient Sir Tristan.

CONRIED SUES DALMORES.

Metropolitan Alleges He Broke a Contract in Going to Hammerstein.

Charles Dalmorès, the French tenor of the Manhattan Opera House, has been served with papers in a suit brought against him by the Conried Metropolitan Opera Company, through Frederick Sperling, a lawyer, for damages for breach of contract. Mr. Dalmorès is either requested to fulfill his contract with the Metropolitan or pay $20,000.

Mr. Dalmorès signed a contract with the Metropolitan to sing there next season, but afterward Mr. Hammerstein showed that he had papers in his possession signed previous to the Metropolitan contract by the tenor, by which he could hold him. Mr. Daimorès is sailing for Europe to-day on the Kaiser Wilhelm II. His lawyer, Louis Mathot, said yesterday that he anticipated little trouble with the suit.

FOR PHILADELPHIA OPERA.

Hammerstein Begins Work of Tearing Down Building on Site.

Special to The New York Times.

PHILADELPHIA, March 30.—Before a great crowd Oscar Hammerstein to-day kept his promise to begin this week the erection of the city's first home for grand opera exclusively by commencing the demolition of the old Harrah mansion.

Arthur Hammerstein had been delegated to conduct the ceremony. With a crowbar, just as the clocks struck 12, he dislodged a coping from one of the square stone pillars at the entrance to the house. Then he broke a bottle of champagne against the stone.

The contract for the making of the necessary excavations was let to-day by Arthur Hammerstein to a Philadelphia firm. He will spend much of his time here.

Cyril Scott in a New Play.

Cyril Scott will appear at the Garrick Theatre next Monday night in "The Royal Mounted," the new play written especially for him by Cecil B. and William C. De Mille, under the management of Samuel Claggett. Mr. Scott appears as a Lieutenant of the Mounted Police of Canada. This will be the first New York production made under the management of Mr. Claggett.

THEATRICAL NOTES.

The 100th performance of the burlesque of "The Merry Widow" was given last night at Weber's Music Hall.

The engagement of "Miss Hook of Holland" at the Criterion Theatre will come to an end on April 11.

Clergymen of various creeds, with their wives and children, attended the performance of the Miller Associate Players in "The Servant in the House" last night at the Savoy Theatre.

Two additional companies of "Girls," the new Clyde Fitch comedy now at Daly's, will be formed immediately. One of these companies will open for a run at the Garrick Theatre, in Chicago, and the other will go to the Pacific Coast.

Charles Frohman has purchased from Sigismund de Ivanowski the life-size oil portrait of Ethel Barrymore in "Capt. Jinks." The portrait is to hang in the foyer of the Empire Theatre, beside the portrait of Maude Adams as Peter Pan.

Prof. R. W. Wood of Johns Hopkins University will make the first practical test of his new lighting apparatus as adapted to the stage at the Grand Opera House to-night, in connection with the production of "The Blue Moon."

BROOKLYN AMUSEMENTS.

Robert Edeson in "Classmates," the college drama formerly seen in Manhattan at the Lyceum Theatre, was the attraction last night at the Montauk.

At the Broadway Theatre the Rogers Brothers appeared in "The Rogers Brothers in Panama."

The attraction yesterday at the Majestic Theatre was "Wine, Women and Song," the offering which ran all last season at the Circle.

"The Two Orphans" was the production offered patrons of the Columbia Theatre last night.

Cecilia Loftus was the headliner in the vaudeville bill at the Orpheum Theatre yesterday afternoon and evening. Many other well-known vaudeville attractions were included in the programme.

Dinner for J. Pierpont Morgan.

ROME, March 30.—The American Ambassador, Lloyd C. Griscom, gave a dinner and reception to-night in honor of J. Pierpont Morgan and his daughter, Mrs. Satterlee. Many of the Cabinet Ministers and Ambassadors and a number of prominent Americans were among the guests.

Prof. Robert Koch Coming Here.

BERLIN, March 30.—Prof. Robert Koch and his wife left for Bremen to-night, where they will take passage on the Kronprinzessin Cecilie, sailing for New York to-morrow.

FOR THE TABLE.

Asparagus is becoming more reasonable in price. It is 35 cents a bunch, and comes from California.

Peas are 25 cents a quart. If one gets them ready shelled, a solid quart measure full, they are 90 cents, and one is not deceived by pods.

String beans are 35 cents a quart, and wax beans 25 cents.

Lima beans are $1.25 a square half peck basket.

Dandelions show that Spring has really arrived, and they may be had for 15 cents a quart, either the small ones, which make a delicious bitter salad, or the larger ones, which are cooked as a vegetable.

New Bermuda beets are 10 cents a bunch.

Hot house carrots are 25 cents a bunch.

Rhubarb comes three bunches for 25 cents, or 10 cents for a single bunch.

Hothouse tomatoes are 40 cents a quart, and southern ones 15 cents.

Green peppers are 5 cents each.

Cauliflower is 25 and 35 cents a head, according to size.

Mushrooms are reasonable at 65 cents a pound—hothouse.

Artichokes, both French and Californian, are 20 cents each.

The Jerusalem artichokes, which are cooked like potatoes, are 15 cents a quart.

Chickery, which is one of the excellent salads, is 25 cents a head for the imported and 15 cents for the domestic.

Lettuce is 10 cents a head.

Chives are 10 cents a root. These belong to the onion tribe, and the little tops chopped make a delicious addition to a salad where the onion flavor is desired. Chives are economical, for the root may be kept growing indefinitely and a little taken from the tops when it is needed.

Tarragon and chervil are two other fresh adjuncts to salads which are worth considering. They are both imported from France. Tarragon is 15 cents for a small bunch, and chervil 10 cents.

Hothouse cucumbers are 15 cents each, and the southern four for 25 cents.

Yellow squashes are about gone, but the little white squashes are 10 cents each, or three for 25. Green squashes are 7 cents a pound.

Hothouse radishes are 5 cents a bunch.

Watercress is 5 cents a bunch.

Endive, which never changes much in price, is at about its highest figure, 30 cents.

BUSINESS NOTICES.

Tompkins & Tompkins, Counselors-at-Law, 156 Fifth Avenue. Wills, Probate of Wills.

TETRAZZINI TO SING HERE FOR FIVE YEARS

Likes Oscar Hammerstein, So She Extends Her Contract with Him.

WILL BE GLAD TO RETURN

Tells All About It and Gives Her Farewell Impressions in Intervals of Trunk Packing.

Mme. Luisa Tetrazzini, who is to sail away to-day on the Kaiser Wilhelm II., replaced her three-year contract with Oscar Hammerstein last evening with one for five years. The ebullient soprano had three reasons for this decisive act in her career.

"First," she said, "I like Oscar Hammarstein. The other two reasons I've forgotten."

Mme. Tetrazzini of the coloratura high notes, was very busy yesterday helping twelve or thirteen maids to pack her trunks. The way she helps is to sit on the piano bench, robed in a lace "creation," and give directions in her baby voice about the trunks the gowns are to repose in. While she was doing this she found time to talk with a TIMES reporter and to sign photographs for newly acquired New York friends.

"It's settled," she rippled in French, "I'm to be here for five more years instead of for three more, and I am glad. No more worry about contracts. And when I sail to-day I shall have a clear mind about my future.

"I am going at once to Paris to purchase gowns. Then I shall go to London to sing twenty-four performances at Covent Garden. After that I have promised to sing twice at the Kursaal at Ostend, and then am to go to Milano for a rest. In October I am to make a concert tour of the big English cities—Leeds, Manchester, Birmingham, and the others. Then I come back to New York, and Mr. Hammerstein will control all my time for the next five years."

The soprano smiled blandly and raised her dimpled hand to point a finger in the direction of a trunk.

"My Traviata gowns go in that trunk," she said.

"I've had an exciting Winter in New York. When I haven't been singing, I've been about seeing things. I think the view from your Times Building is one of the most wonderful things in New York. It seems taller than the Eiffel Tower. Then I've been to the Bronx Zoo and the Aquarium, where they tell me that Jenny Lind made her début. Fancy that! I should think it would be rather damp down there. And I've been to the Metropolitan Museum—all the places that one goes. When Americans go to Europe, I understand that they go sight-seeing in exactly the same way.

"I've been to the theatre, too—to 'The Merry Widow,' very charming; the Hippodrome, a wonderful spectacle. What a theatre that would be for a production of 'Aida' or 'Le Prophete'! And 'The Girl Behind the Counter.' You see, I mostly select musical plays because I do not speak or understand English. However, I have been to some of the serious plays, too, and had them explained to me, but I must say it is usually very tiresome to listen to a play in a foreign language.

"After all, that Times Building tower is something I can't help thinking of more than anything else in New York. My window in the Knickerbocker Hotel looks out upon it, and I see it constantly. It is so very high—higher, even, than the other high buildings. I always feel as if all the buildings in New York were going to fall on me and crush me, they loom so far into the sky.

"The New York public has been very good to me, and I appreciate it. A London success did not make me a success here. I had to win the American public as I won the English public, and I am glad that I have succeeded in some measure. I have enjoyed singing here this season. Next year I hope to be heard in some other parts besides those I have already sung here."

HAMMERSTEIN GIVES IN.

Going to Have a Secretary in Paris for the First Time in His Life.

Oscar Hammerstein is going to Europe to-day in company with Mary Garden, Luisa Tetrazzini, and about twenty other singers of the Manhattan Opera Company on the Kaiser Wilhelm II. Last night the Impresario made a confession to a TIMES reporter. When he reaches Paris he will take unto himself a secretary for the first time in his career.

"Last year when I was in Europe I had to keep in hiding, so many people wanted to sing for me or interview me or see me for some reason or other," he said last night. "This year its going to be different. I shall be at the Grand Hotel in Paris, and I shall let every one know that I am stopping there, but every one who sees me has to pass my secretary, and he's going to be a regular Cerberus. No bad singers need apply.

"I shall not be gone very long on this trip. I must get back in a few weeks to take a look at the Philadelphia cornerstone. Later in the Summer I'm going back to Europe. I have a lot to do this year.

"To-night I closed a five years' contract with Tetrazzini, which I consider a great piece of work, and I expect to close some other contracts in a few weeks which will astonish a few people. I'll have some announcements to make in Paris."

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BARBER—WOODRUFF.—On March 28, Sara A. Woodruff to Emery G. Barber.

HEIDRICH—SMITH.—On March 26, at Newark, N. J., Catherine M. Smith to Herman Heidrich.

Died.

BUSH.—At Summit, N. J., on Sunday, March 29, 1908, Ellen Foy, wife of the late Dr. William N. Bush, in her 71st year. Funeral private.

CHILDS.—Suddenly, at her home in Cazenovia, N. Y., on Sunday, March 29, Emma Litchfield, widow of J. D. L. Childs and daughter of the late Elisha and Lucy Litchfield, in the 76th year of her age.

CULVER.—On March 29, Henry Kassebart, beloved son of Matilda Culver, aged 47 years. Relatives and friends are respectfully invited to attend the funeral services at his late residence, 60 St. Nicholas Avenue, on Tuesday at 1 o'clock. Interment at Greenwood.

EISENMANN.—In Paris, France, Sunday, March 29th, Oscar F. Eisenmann, beloved brother of Gustav F. Eisenmann, suddenly of heart failure, aged 62 years.

FITZGERALD.—March 30, 1908, Virginia Brooks FitzGerald, wife of David C. FitzGerald. Funeral services will be held Wednesday, April 1, 1908, at 1:30 P. M., at her late home, Washingtonville, N. Y.

FORD.—At Washington, Conn., March 27, Dr. William J. Ford, in the 58th year of his age. Services at his home Tuesday, March 31, at 1 P. M.

FORT.—Nathalie, widow of Edward Fort and daughter of the late Hyacinth Peugnet, on March 30, at her residence, 231 West 45th St., New York City. Funeral at St. Francis Xavier's Church, West 16th St., on Wednesday, April 1, at 10 A. M. Please omit flowers.

HALSEY.—At 855 West End Av., March 29, 1908, Jerusha W. Halsey. Funeral services will be held at the residence of her sister, Mrs. D. D. Russell, East Chester, N. Y., on Wednesday, April 1, at 3 o'clock P. M. Train leaves Grand Central Station, New Haven R. R., 2:15. Interment private.

HAYDEN.—At Philadelphia, March 29, Harris H. Hayden of New York City, aged 63 years. Funeral at Congregational Church, Windsor Locks, Conn., Wednesday, April 1, at 2 P. M.

HEALY.—On March 29, 1908, Dr. James Redmond Healy. Funeral from his late residence, 226 East 116th Street, on Tuesday, March 31. Solemn requiem at St. Paul's Church, 118th St., near Lexington Av., at 10 A. M. Interment at St. Raymond's, Westchester.

HUSTED.—In Paris, France, on Sunday, March 29, Charles Seymour Husted, son of the late Seymour L. and Mary E. Husted, aged 63 years. Notice of funeral hereafter.

LANDE.—On March 29, Sara (Rubinsky,) wife of M. Boas Lande. Funeral from her late residence, 1,187 Lexington Av., Tuesday, March 31, at 10 A. M.

McMURTRY.—William McMurtry, at his home, Newton, N. J., Sunday, March 29, in his 88th year. Services at his late residence, Wednesday, April 1, upon arrival of the 12 o'clock train from New York. It is request that no flowers be sent.

MEEKER.—Suddenly, on March 29th, at Rye, N. Y., Frederick Wood Meeker, son of the late Samuel A. and Mary C. Meeker, and husband of Abby Leaming. Funeral services will be held at his late residence, in Rye, on Wednesday morning, April 1, at 11:15. Carriages will meet the train leaving Grand Central Station at 10:05. Interment private.

MEEKER.—Veterans of the Naval Militia are notified that the funeral of Frederick W. Meeker, formerly Ensign Fourth Division, First Battalion, Naval Militia, will be held at his late residence, in Rye, N. Y., on April 1, at 11:15. Members of the Naval Reserve Association are requested to attend.
HERBERT L. SATTERLEE, President
EDWARD T. McLAUGHLIN, Secretary.

MILBANK.—Suddenly, on Monday, March 30, Maria Louisa, wife of Robert Milbank, M. D., Notice of funeral hereafter.

PATTEN.—In New York City, March 30, 1908, Christine T. Patten, wife of Col. W. S. Patten, Assistant Quarterm

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FINANCIAL MARKETS

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ERIE'S AFFAIRS A FACTOR

Financial Plans Under Consideration —Money Rates at New Low Levels Here and Abroad.

The stock market made very little real progress yesterday in either direction. It was plain from the course of a greater number of shares that the selling for both accounts which marked Saturday's short session was under way again, but a larger measure of support was forthcoming, and at the end of the day, although losses were general, they were with few exceptions confined to unimportant fractions. Some of the exceptions were interesting and revealed certain of the influences at work. Erie common closed with a loss of 1 point, Erie first preferred 2 points, and Erie second preferred 3 points, and, save in the second preferred stocks, these were not the low prices of the day. The explanation was to be found in the fact that the Erie Directors were scheduled to meet during the day to discuss plans for taking care of some $5,500,000 of notes maturing on April 8. These notes have been offered through the Wall Street district for a month or more at prices indicating on the part of holders considerable doubt as to their payment at maturity. It was reported yesterday that offers under 90 had been made early in the day. The stocks of the road have been equally weak, and in the absence of any definite statement from the management or from the Board of Directors, the financial community has been agitated by this situation. It is understood that, in addition to the notes themselves, there is a floating debt as great, if not greater, in amount, which must be cared for shortly, and some word on both these points was expected on the Stock Exchange from the Directors' meeting. No statement was forthcoming, however, save the simple announcement that another meeting on the matter would be held on Thursday, and this hardly tended to inspire cheer. The American Smelting shares were also weak, a fact not unconnected, perhaps, with the flotation on the outside market by sensational methods of a gold mining stock, of which control is held by a subsidiary of American Smelting. Two railroad earnings statements for February were submitted, that of the Atlantic Coast Line, showing a loss of $77,000 in gross and of $18,000 in net, while the Canadian Pacific's return was a decrease of $139,000 in gross and $264,000 in net, an exceptionally poor showing for this property.

On money markets there were several interesting developments, the first of these concerning the fall in call money rates in this city to 1¼ per cent. for the first time this year, but the drop has little more than sentimental interest, since the average for many weeks has been under 2 per cent. The rate is, of course, simply a measure of the accumulation of idle money and of the reluctance on the part of the banks to make future commitments. In London the open market discount rate dropped to 2½ per cent., the lowest figured quoted since 1904, and the inference in the English capital is that the Bank rate will undergo further reduction. For the first time since February 17 the United States Treasury yesterday reported an excess of receipts over expenditures. The figures showed a surplus of $271,968. The deficit since Feb. 17 amounts to over $14,000,000; that for the fiscal year thus far to $36,200,000. Yesterday's excess of receipts hardly marks the turn in this tide.

CALENDAR FOR TO-DAY.

BOOKS CLOSE.

Central and South American Telegraph Co.
Central Coal & Coke Co.
Cincinnati, Newport & Covington Light & Traction Co.
Colorado Telephone Co.
Corn Products Refining Co. preferred.
Franklin Mining Co.
Globe-Wernecke Co. preferred.
Havana Electric Railway preferred.
Kansas City Southern Railway preferred.
Nova Scotia Steel & Coal Co.
Otis Elevator Co.
Procter & Gamble Co. preferred.
Railroad Securities Co. preferred.
United Gas Improvement Co.
United States Smelting, Refining & Mining Co.
Utah Consolidated Mining Co.
Virginia-Carolina Chemical Co. preferred.

DIVIDENDS PAYABLE.

Aeolian Weber Piano and Pianola Co.
American Bank Note Co.
American Brake and Shoe Foundry Co. on common and preferred.
American Radiator Co. on common.
American Screw Co.
American Surety Co.
Boston & Albany Railroad.
Boston Consolidated Gas Co.
Calumet & Hecla Mining Co.
Chelsea Gas Light Co.
Chicago Telephone Co.
East Boston Gas Co.
Fifth Avenue Trust Co.
Great Western Cereal Co. on preferred.
Guaranty Trust Co.
Hudson Realty Co.
Johnstown (Penn.) Passenger Railway.
Knoxville Railway & Light on common and preferred.
Liberty National Bank.
Memphis Street Railway on preferred.
Morgan & Linotype Co.
Morton Trust Co.
National Licorice Co. on preferred.
New York, New Haven & Hartford Railroad.
New York Trust Co.
Nineteenth Ward Bank.
Otis Elevator Co.
Royal Baking Powder Co. on common and preferred.
St. Joseph Stock Yards.
South Side Elevated Railway, Chicago.
Texas & Pacific Coal Co.
Title Guarantee and Trust Co.
Van Norden Trust Co.

ANNUAL MEETINGS.

American Telephone & Telegraph Co.
Canadian Westinghouse Co.
Mohawk Mining Co.

MONEY AND EXCHANGE.

Money on call on Stock Exchange collateral loaned at 1¼@2 per cent., with the last loan at 1½ per cent. Most of the day's loans were made at 1¾ per cent.

Time money loaned at 3 per cent. for sixty days, 3¼@3½ per cent. for ninety days, 3¾@4 per cent. for four months, and 4¼ per cent. for five and six months.

Mercantile paper rates, 5½@6 per cent. for four to six months' indorsed bills receivable and choice single names.

Clearing House statement: Exchanges, $143,919,285; balances, $9,809,879; Sub-Treasury debit balance, $3,947,416.

The local banks have lost $59,000 since Friday, as compared with a gain of $211,000 in the same time last week.

Sterling exchange closed firm, with demand quoted at $4.8640@$4.8645, sixty days at $4.84@$4.8405, and cables at $4.8670@$4.8675.

Continental bills were quoted as follows: Francs, 5.19⅝ less 1-16 and 5.16¾; reichsmarks, 94 7-16 and 93¼ less 1-64; guilders, 40⅛ less 1-32.

Exchange on New York at Boston was quoted at 10c discount; at Chicago at 40c premium; at St. Paul, 30c premium; at St. Louis, 75c premium; New Orleans, commercial, 50c discount; bank, 25c discount; San Francisco, $1.25 premium.

SILVER QUOTATIONS.

Bar silver was quoted in London at 25 9-16d per ounce and in New York at 55⅛c per ounce. Mexican dollars were 47c.

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE—Monday, March 30, 1908.

Total sales March 30, 1908..... 613,508
From Jan. 1, 1908..... 41,731,557
Corresponding date last year..... 71,748,791

Closing Bid.	Closing Ask.	Sales.		First.	High.	Low.	Last.	†Net Change.
166	177	20	Adams Express.....	166	166	166	166	...
60½	60⅝	46,800	Amalgamated Cop....	60⅞	61	59⅝	60⅝	— ⅛
17⅞	18	100	Amer. Agricul. Chem...	18	18	18	18	— ¼
12	12½	100	*Amer. Beet Sugar....	11¾	11⅞	11¾	11⅞	— ¾
4⅞	5	100	American Can.....	4⅞	4⅞	4⅞	4⅞	...
50	50¼	400	American Can pf.....	49¼	50⅛	49¼	50⅛	+ ⅛
£18¾	32½	1,400	Am. Car & Foundry...	32½	32⅝	31¾	32¼	— ¼
88	93½	100	Am. Car & Found. pf...	92½	92½	92½	92½	— ½
27½	28¾	400	American Cotton Oil...	28¼	28¼	28¼	28¼	...
5½	6	100	*Amer. Grass Twine....	5¾	5⅞	5¾	5¾	...
3½	3⅞	200	Am. Hide & Leather...	3½	3½	3½	3½	...
15¾	16	700	Am. Hide & Leath. pf..	15½	16⅛	15½	16	+ ⅛
20½	20¾	2,505	Amer. Ice Securities...	20¾	20⅞	20	20⅜	— ⅛
7	9	150	*American Linseed.....	7½	7½	7½	7½	— ⅜
45	45½	3,625	*Amer. Locomotive.....	45¼	45⅞	44⅞	45¼	...
93¼	94	500	*Am. Locomotive pf....	93⅞	93⅞	93½	93½	— ½
5½	6	100	American Malt.....	6	6	6	6	— ⅛
70½	70⅝	42,975	*Amer. Smelt. & Ref...	71⅝	71⅞	69⅝	70¼	— 1½
95	95½	1,100	*Am. Smelt. & Ref. pf...	97	97	94½	95½	— 1½
30½	31½	100	Am. Steel Foundries...	31½	31½	31½	31½	+ ½
85	86¼	100	Amer. Tobacco pf.....	85¼	85¼	85¼	85¼	+ ¼
20¼	21	200	*American Woolen.....	21	21	20¾	20¾	— 1⅛
83	85	10	*Amer. Woolen pf.....	83	83	83	83	...
38⅞	39⅛	5,400	*Anaconda Cop. Min...	39¼	39½	38½	39¼	— ⅝
78⅞	78¾	10,400	Atch., Top. & S. F....	74¼	74⅝	73½	73⅝	— ⅞
72	73	100	Atlantic Coast Line....	72	72	72	72	— 1
82⅞	83	500	Baltimore & Ohio.....	82¾	83	82¾	82⅝	— ¾
4	4¼	600	*Batopilas Mining.....	4	4⅛	4	4⅛	+ ⅛
46	46¼	5,790	Brook. Rapid Transit...	45⅞	46¼	45½	46	— ⅜
152¼	152¾	3,950	Canadian Pacific.....	152	152⅜	151½	152¼	+ ⅜
148	149	100	*Can. P.sub.cfs.1st pd..	148¼	148¼	148¼	148¼	— ¼
20¼	20⅜	10,920	Central Leather Co....	19⅝	20⅜	19⅝	20⅜	+ ¼
86⅜	87	1,285	Cent. Leather Co. pf...	85⅞	86⅜	85⅞	86⅛	+1
31⅞	32	2,700	Chesapeake & Ohio.....	32½	32½	31¾	31¾	— 1
5	5⅜	100	Chicago Gt. Western..	5½	5¼	5	5	— ⅛
7	7½	100	Chi. Gt. West. pf., B..	7¼	7¼	7¼	7¼	— ⅛
117⅝	118¼	11,300	Chi., Mil. & St. Paul..	118½	118⅝	117½	117⅝	— 1⅛
110½	112	80	*C., M. & St. P. crts, 45 per cent. paid.....	110½	110½	110½	110½	...
134	136½	461	*C., M. & St.P.pf.crts, 45 per cent. paid.....	135	135	135	135	...
147⅝	148	1,370	Chicago & Northwest..	147⅞	148	147½	147⅞	— 1
185	200	10	Chi. & Northwest. pf...	200	200	200	200	...
124	128	500	Chi., St. P., M. & O....	124½	125	124	123	— 2½
2	2½	400	*Chi. Union Trac. t. r..	2	2	2	2	— ⅛
54⅜	54½	225	Clev., C., C. & St. L...	55	55	54⅜	54⅝	— 1⅛
23⅜	24	10,350	Colorado Fuel & Iron..	23½	24⅜	22¼	23⅝	+ ⅛
24⅝	25¼	1,200	Colorado Southern.....	25¼	25½	25	25⅛	— ⅛
54½	55	380	Col. South. 1st pf.....	54¼	54¾	54¼	54½	+ ¼
45½	46	500	Col. South. 2d pf.....	46	46	45¾	45¾	— ¼
19⅝	20	600	Colum. & Hock. C.& I..	19⅞	19⅞	19½	19½	— ¾
113½	114	1,500	Consolidated Gas.....	115	115	112¾	114	— 1
13½	13¾	200	Corn Products Ref.....	13⅞	13⅞	13¾	13¾	— ⅛
65	66	100	Corn Prod. Ref. pf.....	65	65	65	65	— 1
153½	155	1,000	Delaware & Hudson....	153¾	154	152⅞	154	— 2
20¾	21	400	Denver & Rio Grande...	21	21	20½	20⅝	— ⅝
52	55	230	Den. & Rio Grande pf..	55¼	55¼	55¼	55¼	— ¾
82¼	83	400	*Distillers' Securities..	82½	82⅝	82¼	82½	— ¾
9	10	1,500	*Duluth, S. S. & A....	9½	10⅜	9½	10⅜	+1¼
19	19¾	1,220	*Duluth, S. S. & A. pf..	19⅝	19⅝	18¼	19⅜	+1⅝
14⅞	15⅛	9,900	Erie	16	16¼	14⅜	15	— 1
82¾	83	2,700	Erie 1st pf.....	84½	84½	82½	83	— 3
22	23½	700	Erie 2d pf.....	23½	23½	22	22	— 8
126	127	300	General Electric.....	126½	126½	126¼	126¼	— ⅝
123⅝	124	7,544	Great Northern pf....	123½	124⅝	123¼	123⅝	— ⅛
57¼	57¾	2,200	*G. N. certs ore prop..	57½	57½	57	57½	— ⅛
70	73	100	*Hock. Val. tr. rects..	73	73	73	73	+1½
125½	126½	100	Illinois Central.....	126	126	126	126	+ ⅞
7⅜	8¼	200	Interborough-Met	7⅜	7⅜	7½	7½	— ½
20	20⅜	600	Interborough-Met. pf..	21	21	20¼	20¼	— ½
55	55½	300	Internat. Paper pf....	55⅜	55⅜	55½	55½	— ½
23	24	200	Int. Steam Pump.....	23	23	23	23	— ½
62¼	63	100	Mackay pf.....	62¾	62¾	62¾	62¾	— ⅝
123	128	100	Manhattan Elevated....	125	125	125	125	— 2½
19½	19⅝	8,200	Mexican Central.....	19½	19½	19	19⅜	+ ⅛
24	24½	200	Minn. & St. L.....	24½	24½	24	24	— ½
107	108	850	M., St. P. & S. S. M....	107	110	107	109¾	+2¾
24½	24½	1,300	Mo., Kan. & Texas....	24½	24½	24	24½	— ⅞
41½	42	1,900	Missouri Pacific	42	42½	40¾	41½	— ⅝
10½	10⅝	25	Nat. Enam. & Stamp..	10½	10⅝	10⅝	10⅝	...
76	76	100	Nat. Enam. & S. pf....	76	76	76	76	+1
58	58	1,300	*Nat. Lead Co.....	58	58	56½	57¼	— ½
96½	96½	100	*Nat. Lead Co. pf.....	96½	96½	95½	95½	— 1
50¼	50¼	15	*Nat. R. R. M. pf.....	50¼	50¼	50¼	50¼	...
7	7¼	1,800	*Newhouse M. & S....	7	7¼	6⅞	7¼	+ ¼
66	68½	85	*N. Y. Air Brake.....	66	66	66	66	...
97⅜	97⅝	1,700	New York Central.....	97⅜	98	97¼	97½	— ½
131½	134½	100	N. Y., N. H. & Hart...	134⅞	134⅞	134⅞	134⅞	+ ⅝
33	33½	300	N. Y., Ont. & West....	33½	33½	33¼	33¼	— ⅛
64	65	950	Norfolk & Western....	65¼	65¾	64	64	— ⅛
50½	52	549	North American	53	53	51	51	— 1½
127⅞	128¼	86,470	Northern Pacific	127	128⅛	126⅞	127⅞	+ ⅜
110	110⅜	500	*N. P. rects., 50% pd..	110⅜	110⅜	110	110½	+ ½
74	76	100	Pacific Coast	76¼	76¼	76¼	76¼	+ ½
29⅜	30	1,400	Pacific Mail	31¼	31¼	29⅝	29⅞	— ¾
116¼	116¾	12,000	Pennsylvania R. R.....	116⅜	117¼	116¼	116⅝	— ¾
89⅜	90	1,710	People's Gas, Chi.....	89½	89⅞	89¼	89⅞	+ ⅛
65	69	50	P., C., C. & St. L.....	68¼	68¾	68¼	68¾	...
82	90	75	P., C., C. & St. L. pf..	81	81	81	81	...
9½	10	100	Pittsburg Coal	10	10	10	10	+ ¼
24½	25	450	Pressed Steel Car.....	24⅝	24⅝	24¼	24¼	— ¼
78½	80½	100	Pressed Steel Car pf...	79	79	79	79	— 1
34	35	300	*R'way Steel Spring...	35	35	35	35	— ¼
105½	105½	120,700	Reading	105½	105⅞	104¼	105¼	— ¼
19¼	19⅝	6,725	*Rep. Iron & Steel....	19⅝	19⅝	18⅜	19½	— ⅛
73⅞	73⅞	1,877	*Rep. Iron & Steel pf..	73⅝	73⅝	72½	73	...
14⅜	14⅝	1,400	Rock Island Co.....	14⅜	14⅝	14¼	14¼	— ⅛
28	28	1,000	Rock Island Co. pf....	28	28	27¼	27¼	— 1
48½	48½	1,000	Sloss-Shef. S. & Iron..	48½	48½	47⅞	47⅞	— 2⅝
100	100	100	Sloss-Shef. S. & I. pf..	98	98	93	93	+1½
75⅞	76	8,000	Southern Pacific	75⅞	76	75¼	75⅝	...
111	112	250	Southern Pacific pf....	111⅞	111⅞	111⅜	111½	+ ⅜
13⅞	13⅝	5,860	Southern R'way ext....	15	15	12½	13½	— 1½
39	40	1,750	South. R'way pf., ext..	40¼	40½	38	39	— 2
42⅜	42½	10,700	*Tennessee Copper	42¾	42⅝	41⅞	42⅝	+ ⅝
16¾	17½	600	Texas & Pacific.....	17	17	16¾	17	— ⅛
9	9¼	500	Tol. R'ways & Light...	9⅛	9⅛	9	9	— ⅛
18¼	18¾	800	Tol., St. L. & West....	18	18⅝	18	18¾	— ⅛
41¼	42	1,000	Tol., St. L. & W. pf....	41⅜	42¼	41⅝	42	— ⅛
126½	126⅝	94,225	Union Pacific	127⅛	127⅞	125⅝	126⅛	— ⅝
16	17	100	United R'ways Inv....	17½	17½	17½	17½	— ½
28½	29	610	U. S. Cast Iron Pipe...	28½	28½	28½	28½	— 1
80	90	10	U. S. Express.....	85	85	85	85	...
40	41	100	U. S. Realty & Imp....	40	40	40	40	...
22¼	23	50	U. S. Rubber.....	23	23	23	23	...
34	34½	79,000	U. S. Steel.....	34½	34⅝	33⅝	34	— ½
98¼	98¾	4,000	U. S. Steel pf.....	98⅜	99	98¼	98⅝	— ⅛
33⅝	34¼	1,700	*Utah Copper	34½	34½	33½	33⅝	— ½
19⅜	20⅜	500	Va.-Caro. Chemical....	20	20	19¾	19¾	— ⅝
93½	94¼	100	Va.-Caro. Chem. pf....	94	94	94	94	...
11	11½	600	Wabash	11½	11⅝	11	11	— ⅜
18⅞	19	800	Wabash pf.....	19	19	18¾	18⅞	— ⅛
260	300	15	Wells-Fargo Express...	260	260	260	260	— 1
6½	7	200	Western Maryland.....	7⅜	7⅜	7⅜	7⅜	— ⅛
55	55	100	Western Union Tel....	54⅝	54⅝	54⅝	54⅝	— 1⅛
51⅜	52⅜	1,800	Westinghouse E. & M..	53	53	51½	51½	— 1½
80	85	100	Westinghouse 1st pf...	80	80	80	80	+4
6	7¼	400	Wheel. & Lake Erie....	7	7	6	6	— 1
15½	16½	300	Wheel. & L. E. 1st pf..	15½	16	15½	16	+ ½
7½	9	300	Wheel. & L. E. 2d pf..	7	8	7	8	+ ⅛

*Unlisted. †From last previous sale, based on 100-share lots.

156,670			MINING STOCKS.					
1,500	.Atlanta	.26	.26	.26	.25			
200	.Belcher	.14	.14	.14	.14			
1,000	.Blue Bell	.09½	.09½	.09½	.09½			
300	.C. & Va.	.45	.45	.45	.45			
300	.Challar	.10	.10	.10	.10			
300	.Elkton	.52	.52	.52	.52			
300	.Goldf. Cons.	5.15	5.15	5.15	5.15			
800	.Hale & Noro.	.29	.30	.29	.30			
500	.Kendall	.18½	.18½	.18½	.18½			
500	.May Queen	.09½	.09½	.09½	.09½			
200	.Mexican	.91	.92	.91	.92			
2,000	.Mont. Mt.	.14	.17	.14	.17			
1,500	.Red Hill	.27	.27½	.27	.27½			
600	.Savage	.34	.36	.34	.36			
900	.Silver Pick	.25	.25	.25	.25			
4,600	.Tramps Cons.	.22½	.23	.22½	.23			
15,500								
525,000	.May option	.93½	.93½	.92⅝	.93½			

TRADING IN BALTIMORE.

Special to The New York Times.

BALTIMORE, March 30.—Mount Vernon Woodberry Cotton Duck 5s were a feature in the local investment trading to-day, and advanced ¼ point. Baltimore 4% stock was ⅝ point firmer. Houston Oil common was up ⅞ of a point. Seaboard common was ½ point firmer, but Seaboard 4s lost 1½ points.

Shares, 455; bonds, $41,000.

BONDS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
$5,000	.Balto. City 4s, 1950	102	102	102
1,000	.A. C. L. of C. 5s ctfs.	88	88	88
6,000	.Seaboard 4s	48⅝	47	47
1,000	.Western Maryland 4s	65¼	65¼	65¼
1,000	.United Ry. 4s	86	86	86
3,000	.United Railway inc.	50	50	50
2,000	.United Ry. fdg. 5s	76¾	76½	76½
1,000	.Consol. Gas 5s	107	107	107
6,000	.Consol. Gas 6s	102¾	102⅝	102⅝
13,000	.Cotton Duck 5s	70½	70¼	70½
2,000	.G. B. S. Brew. 4s	40	40	40

STOCKS.

200	.Seaboard Co. com.	5½	5⅜	5½
25	.Seaboard Co. 2d pf.	10½	10½	10½
20	.West. Maryland	3	3	3⅜
205	.Houston Oil	7⅞	7⅞	7⅞
5	.Mechanics' Bank	26	26	26

CONSOLIDATED EXCHANGE.

Monday, March 30, 1908.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
16,570	.Amal. Copper.	60¾	61¼	59⅝	60⅝
380	.Am. C. & Fdy.	32½	32⅝	32	32½
10	.Am. Cot. Oil.	28¼	28¼	28¼	28¼
120	.Am. Ice.	21⅜	21⅜	20½	20⅞
1,810	.Am. Locomo.	45¼	45⅝	44½	45¼
21,560	.Am. Smelting.	71⅝	71⅞	69¾	70⅝
1,080	.Anac. Copper.	39¼	39⅝	38½	39
1,860	.A., T. & S. F.	74¾	74½	73½	73⅝
150	.Balt. & Ohio.	82⅜	82⅜	82⅜	82½
1,640	.Brook. R. T.	46	46⅜	45⅝	46⅛
100	.Can. Pacific.	152	152⅞	151	152¼
60	.Cent. Leather	20½	20½	20¼	20¼
120	.Ches. & Ohio.	32⅝	32⅝	31⅝	32
40	.Chi. Gt. West.	5½	5½	5	5
1,880	.C., M. & St. P.	118	118⅜	117¼	118
4,290	.Col. F. & I.	22¾	24½	22½	23⅝
70	.Dist. Secur.	32¾	32¾	32¼	32½
730	.Erie	16	16¼	14½	15⅛
10	.Erie 1st pf.	83¼	83½	83⅛	83⅛
890	.Gt. North. pf.	123½	124⅛	123⅛	124
50	.Inter.-Met.	8	8	8	8
90	.Mex. Central.	19⅝	19⅝	19¼	19⅝
50	.Mo., K. & T.	24	24½	23⅞	24¼
630	.Mo. Pacific.	41¾	42⅛	40½	41⅞
160	.Nat. Lead.	57¾	58⅛	56⅝	57¾
180	.N. Y. Central.	97½	98	97¼	97¾
5,030	.Nor. Pacific.	127	128⅝	127	128
160	.Pacific Mail.	31	31	30	30¾
1,140	.Pennsylvania.	116⅝	117	116¼	116¾
30	.Pr. Steel Car.	24⅝	24⅝	24¼	24¼
83,100	.Reading	105½	106	104¼	105⅝
530	.Rep. Steel.	19⅝	19⅝	19	19¼
10	.Ry. St. Spg.	84½	84½	84¼	84½
60	.Rock Island.	14⅝	14⅝	14¼	14¼
60	.Rock Isl. pf.	28⅛	28⅜	27½	27½
960	.Southern Ry.	15	15	12⅝	13⅝
40	.South. Ry. pf.	39	39	37½	37½
1,240	.South. Pacific	75⅜	76¼	75¼	75⅜
49,140	.Union Pacific.	126⅞	127⅝	125⅞	126⅝
10,480	.U. S. Steel.	34½	34⅝	33¾	34
1,080	.U. S. Steel pf.	98½	99	98½	98½
10	.Wabash	11¼	11¼	11¼	11¼
20	.Wabash pf.	19	19	19	19

JERSEY STOCK TAX STANDS.

Holdings of Non-Residents in New Jersey Corporation Are Taxable.

Special to The New York Times.

TRENTON, March 30.—The Supreme Court to-day held that stock in a New Jersey corporation, regardless of the place of residence of its deceased owner, is liable to assessment for collateral inheritance tax. The result of the decision is to set aside the certiorari proceedings instituted by William T. Evans of Montclair and Alfred Neilson of New York, the American executors of Philo Laos Mills, who died in England, against George E. Russell and J. Willard Morgan, as Surrogate of Essex County and State Controller, respectively.

When Mr. Mills died, in 1905, he was the owner of 8,889 shares of the common stock of Mills & Gibb, a New Jersey corporation. By the terms of the will, the income of the stock was bequeathed to Mrs. Mills, at whose death it was to go to the testator's nephews and nieces. Surrogate Russell, in accordance with the provisions of the collateral inheritance tax, appraised and assessed the stock.

The executors contended that the collateral inheritance act did not apply to the personal property of a non-resident.

MINING STOCK QUOTATIONS.

SAN FRANCISCO, March 30.—The official closing quotations for mining stocks to-day were as follows:

Andes	.06	Mexican	.86
Belcher	.12	Occidental Con	.13
Best & Belcher	.57	Ophir	2.35
Caledonia

TOPICS IN WALL STREET.

Market Guessers Wrong.

Many prophecies went wrong in yesterday's market, inasmuch as most of those making predictions apparently had in mind important fluctuations in the principal stocks. The character of the trading on Saturday was taken into consideration, and the news developments in the meantime fortified the postions taken by those who elected to tell what was likely to happen in the market in the course of the day. Those who committed themselves to the bull side were pronounced in their opinions that the market would have a sharp rally which would be emphasized at the expense of the shorts. Those who professed to look at the situation in a pessimistic way assumed that the reaction which has been talked of for a week or more would become fully developed during the trading session and that stocks would break sharply. As a matter of fact, it is seldom that the early gossip has so much of the positive in it as it had yesterday, and it is equally seldom that opinions are so equally divided as to the probable outcome of the day's trading. The actual market itself did not develop anything startling, and as a consequence it was more or less disappointing to a majority of those who tried to read the speculative handwriting on the wall.

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Watching Venezuelan Situation.

Material evidence of the interest in the Venezuelan situation was not wanting in the early trading yesterday, and many conservative brokers appeared to believe that it would have an influence on the market. Subsequently the prices gave the impression that whatever action Congress might take would not result in actual hostilities, and diplomatic negotiations, even if they are conducted by means of warships, so long as the feeling prevails that there will be no physical force, do not necessarily cause speculative worry. It was pointed out that if the dominant party in the market had been operating on the short side of the account more would have been heard of the chances for trouble and pressure would have been developed under the excuse of such possibilities. Showing the interest that is already being felt in crop conditions, most of the brokerage houses now make it a point to submit the weather news from the crop sections to their customers every morning. This will continue indefinitely, or until all the crops are out of danger from adverse weather developments.

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Bases for Rumors.

Weakness in the Erie stocks, sympathetic sagging in Southern Railway issues and some pressure in Atchison, together with a moderate reactionary tendency in some of the copper stocks, developed items for gossip yesterday. The meeting of the Erie Directors, with the knowledge that some action must be taken soon about the company's finances, explained in a way the weakness in the stock. It did not mean, necessarily, that the result would not be satisfactory, and indicated nothing more than the willingness of the professionals to take advantage of a speculative situation which might possibly result in a substantial scalping profit. There was no news regarding Southern Railway except the usual gossip, which is more or less hackneyed. From time to time pressure developed in Atchison, and emphasized the dividend gossip. It was easy enough to convince any one not in sympathy with the present market that a reduction in the Atchison dividend is a certainty, but there were many and there are many who are content to wait for the action of the Directors before taking an adverse position on the stock. It was assumed that there is some connection between the lack of positive strength in Amalgamated Copper and the Anaconda dividend meeting. That assumption would be more easily accepted, of course, if the action of the Directors in the matter of the dividend could be figured out.

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Opportunities for Theorists.

One of the interesting features of the present market is the range it offers to theorists to explain its characteristics and to offer legitimate reasons for its strength. Naturally, it is asserted that the one fact making positively for the advance in the market was the presence of a very large short interest. It is not easy, however, after a very substantial advance in which the short interest has been supposedly eliminated, to account for a continuation of a firm tone. Neither is it easy to determine when a market hesitates at the top, but concedes very little in price reaction under heavy sales, just what the character of the selling is. The ordinary explanation is that it is profit taking and distribution, but this would mean nothing more nor less than liquidation, and actual liquidation of any important block of stock or stocks is seldom accomplished except at a heavy concession in price. On the other hand, short selling by professional traders might explain and would certainly make the technical position of the market better.

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Optimism Mixed with Caution.

Verbal bullishness is a quality much in evidence in the district at present. Such pseudo traders are more than half-brother to the conversational bear. One big operator, more or less identified with one stock, is noted for his ability to impress his assumed position on the market on his hearers and convince them that his commitments are as large as his talk would indicate. Some two or three weeks ago he was trading in a certain office and had expressed himself in the most violently bullish way, finally verifying his own belief in the market by liberal orders in half a dozen stocks, given with the nonchalance that could be assumed only by one confident of his position. One of the quiet traders in the same office had been content to listen to this operator's enthusiastic talk, and, while agreeing with him, usually said very little, and refused to go heavily into the market. He found out, however, that immediately after the orders were executed the loud talking bullish gentleman had placed stop orders with his broker just one point below the purchase price. These stop loss orders were reached in every instance, but no one in the office, with the one exception, knew about this part of the affair. A few days ago the quiet trader met the extreme optimist, and the latter, slapping him on the shoulder, exclaimed: "I told you to buy stocks that day in ——'s office, and I was right. If you had done so you would have secured big profits just as I did."

UP GO EXCHANGE SEATS.

Bid of $65,000 for One, a Gain of $13,500 Since Last November.

Stock Exchange seats have made a substantial recovery in price. It was learned yesterday that $65,000 has been offered for a seat within a few days, which represents a gain of $13,500 since the demoralization of last November, when the membership privilege on the Exchange sold as low as $51,000, a low record which had not been touched since 1903.

The rate has been steadily rising since the market began to pick up. The price paid last week by Chalmers Dale for the membership of Harris K. Smith is said to have been $60,000, which was $8,000 in advance of the last previous sale. Seats sold as high as $95,000 in 1905 and 1906, and at the height of the bull market in the latter year $100,000 was offered, with no takers.

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CLARENCE W. SEAMANS, Pres. Union Typewriter Co.
HERMANN SIELCKEN, Crossman & Sielcken, New York.
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INDEPENDENT OF THE CONTROL OF ANY SINGLE INTEREST

BID AND ASKED QUOTATIONS.

The following were the closing quotations for Government bonds and for stocks in which there were no transactions:

	Bid.	Asked.
2s, r., 1930.	103¾	104½
2s, c., 1930.	104½	...
3s, r., 1918.	101	102
3s, c., 1918.	101	102
3s, 1918, sm.	100½	...
4s, r., 1925.	120½	121½
4s, c., 1925.	122½	...
Panama 2s.	103	103¾

Allis-Chalm.	7¾	8
Allis-C. pf.	18½	19½
A. A. C. pf.	75	81
A. B. S. pf.	..	80
Am. Coal.	100	150
A. C. O. pf.	82	85
Am. D. Tel.	..	39
Am. Exp.	180	190
Am. L. Co. pf.	.....	17½ 24
Am. M. pf.	30	35
A. S. pf., B.	75	78
Am. Snuff.	170	240
Am. Sn. pf.	82½	88
Am. St. F.	5½	6
Am. S. R.	124½	125¼
A. S. R. pf.	121	124
A. T. & C.	52	65
A. T. & T.	108	110
Ann Arbor.	20	30
Ann A. pf.	70	80
A. T. & S. F.	.....	85½ 85¾
A. T. & S. F. pf.	.....	85½ 85¾
B. & O. pf.	82	85
Beth. Steel.	12	13½
Beth. S. pf.	32½	35½
B. Un. G.	105	110
Bruns. City.	7½	9
B., R. & P.	73	105
B., R. & P. pf.	.....	96
B. & S. pf.	20	25
But'k Co.	20	25
Canada So.	60	61¼
C. C. & C.	..	60
C. R. R. of N. J.	.....	173 176
C. & S. A. Tel.	.....	110
Chi. & Alt.	10	13
C. & A. pf.	..	49
C., B. & Q.	150	240
C. & E. Ill. pf.	.....	150
Chi. Gt. W. pf., A.	17	25
Chi. Gt. W. deb.	.....	40 50
C., I. & L. pf.	40	90
C., M. & St. P. pf.	.....	143 145
Chi., St. P., M. & Om. pf.	.....	140 160
Chi. T. T. pf.	2	5
C. U. T. pf. ctfs.	10	20
C., S. & C. pf.	6	7
C., S. & C. 1st pf.	100	..
C., C., C. & St. L. pf.	89	92
C. F. & I. pf.	.....	83 50
Consol. Coal.	..	90
C. R. & L. pf.	61½	63
D., L. & W.	474	485
D., M. & Ft. D.	.....	7 12
Det. South.	2	6
Det. So. pf.	15	40
Det. U. R.	31¾	..
Ev. & T. H. pf.	65	80
Ev. & T. H. pf.	80	100
F. M. & S. pf.	50	81
F. M. & S. pf.	69	71
Fed. S. pf.	85	90
Gen. C. Co.	50	70
Gen. C. Co. pf.	85	95
G. & S. T.	100	110
Granby Con.	95	97
Gt. N. ctfs., 95% paid.	123	124
Hav. E. R.	17½	24
H. E. R. pf.	65	95
Hock. V. pf.	70	75
Homestake.	73	74½
Inger.-Rand.	40	..
Inger.-R. pf.	80	..
In. M. M.	7	7¾
I. M. M. pf.	20	20¾
Int. Paper.	9	9¼
Int. Power.	34	37
I. S. P. pf.	70	71½
Iowa Cent.	12	13
Iowa C. pf.	33	34
K. & M. r.	21	30
K. C., Ft. S. & M. pf.	.....	58 62
Kan. C. So.	22	23¼
K. C. S. pf.	52	53½
K. & D. M.	3	8
K. & D. M. pf.	.....	15 30
Laclede Gas.	..	100
Lacl. G. pf.	50	100
L. E. & W.	14	15
L. E. & W. pf.	.....	36 50
Lake Shore.	275	..
Long Island.	32	37
Louis. & N.	98½	99
Mackay Cos.	55½	60
Mah. C. R.	280	..
Man. Beach.	3	5
Md. C. pf.	75	..
Met. St. R.	17	..
Mich. Cent.	140	175
M. S. T. pf.	..	90
M. & St. L. pf.	.....	62 66
M., St. P. & S. S. M. pf.	.....	125 135
Mo., K. & T. pf.	.....	55 59
N., C. & St. L.	.....	104 110
Nat. Biscuit.	70	70¾
Nat. B. pf.	111	116
N. Cent. C.	25	50
N. Y., C. & St. L.	.....	31 34
N. Y., C. & St. L. 1st pf.	.....	85 95
N. Y., C. & St. L. 2d pf.	.....	61 66
N. Y. D. Co. pf.	.....	73½ ..
N. Y. & N. J. Tel.	.....	102 105
N. & W. pf.	70	80
Ont. Mining.	3¼	4
P. C. 1st pf.	80	100
P. C. 2d pf.	77½	80
Peo. & East.	16½	18
Pitts. C. pf.	41	42
Pullman Co.	153	154
Quicksilver.	¾	⅝
Q'ksil'r pf.	1	4
R. R. Sec., Ill. C. stk. ctfs.	.....	84½
R. S. S. pf.	80	90
Rdg. 1st pf.	82	84¾
Rdg. 2d pf.	77	80¾
Rens. & Sar.	160	185
R., W. & O.	115	115½
Rutland pf.	25	35
St. L. & S. F. 1st pf.	.....	45 52
St. L. & S. F. 2d pf.	.....	26 28
St. L. & S. F., C. & E. I. ctfs.	100	..
St. L. & S. F., C. & E. I. new ctfs.	.....	40 60
St. L. & S. F., C. & E. I. pf. ctfs.	.....	180
St. L. S. W.	13¼	14¼
St. L. S. W. pf.	.....	32 33
Texas Cent.	40	..
Texas Cent. pf.	.....	70 ..
T. P. L. Tr.	56	60
Third Av.	18	20
T., P. & W.	16	20½
T. C. R. T.	84	84½
Un. Pac. pf.	78½	80
U. C. M. pf.	84	90
U. R. L. pf.	36	37
U. S. C. I. Pipe pf.	.....	69 70
U. S. Leath.	3	12
U. S. L. pf.	95	98
U. S. R. & Ref.	.....	6 9
U. S. R. & Ref. pf.	.....	22 24
U. S. R. 1st pf.	.....	85 85¾
U. S. R. 2d pf.	.....	52 55
Vand. R. R.	..	85
Va. I., C. & Coke pf.	.....	51 53
Vulcan. D.	3	5½
Vul. D. pf.	11¾	23
Wis. Cent. pf.	14	15½
Wis. C. pf.	38	40

BOSTON STOCK MARKET.

Special to The New York Times.

BOSTON, March 30.—The weekly statement of the Associated National Banks of Boston follows:

	Mar. 28, '08.	Decrease for Week.	Mar. 30, '07.
Loans	$187,168,000	*$1,473,000	$178,166,000
Circulation	10,804,000	*2,000,000	8,473,000
Deposits	136,810,000	*1,501,000	143,342,000
Due banks	63,340,000	904,000	54,958,000
U. S. depos.	4,959,000	347,000	3,474,000
Res. agents	30,106,000	*82,000	25,676,000
Exc. clear.	11,573,000	269,000	16,876,000
Due f'm bks.	18,016,000	1,126,000	20,681,000
5% fund	547,250	.....	424,750
Legal tender	2,755,000	76,000	3,913,000
Specie	18,794,000	179,000	16,139,000
Surplus	1,782,429	527,857	999,429
Surp. N. Y.	10,339,429	190,857	6,623,429

*Increase.

There was a steady tone to the local copper shares at the opening this morning, but a sagging tendency soon became the general rule. Trading was moderately active, however, and orders were well distributed. The 7-point break in Calumet and Arizona on light transactions was the early feature.

BONDS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
$1,000	Am. Bell Tel. 4s	99¾	99¾	99¾
7,000	Am. Tel. & Tel. 4s	79½	79½	79½
47,000	Am. T. & T. conv. 4s	81¾	81¼	81¼
6,000	Bur. & Mo. 4s, 1910	98½	98½	98½
1,000	K. C., Ft. S. & M. 6s	114¾	114¾	114¾
4,000	K. C., Mem. & B. 4s	90	90	90
1,000	U. S. Steel 2d 5s	94	94	94
3,000	West. Tel. & Tel. 5s	86	86	86

RAILROADS.

10	Atchison	73½	73½	73½
31	Boston Elev.	129	129	129
20	Boston Suburban pf.	51	51	51
28	*Boston & Albany	200	200	200
19	Boston & Lowell	210	209	210
16	*Boston & Maine	136	135	135
7	Boston & Prov.	287½	287½	287½
10	Boston & Wor. pf.	55	55	55
10	Great North. pf.	123¾	123¾	123¾
187	Mass. Elec. pf.	47	47	47
259	N. Y., N. H. & H.	135	133½	133½
1,300	*Union Pac.	127	125½	125½
761	*West End.	87½	86	87
65	West End pf.	104	104	104

TELEPHONES.

466	*American	109¾	108½	109
1	*Cumberland	105½	105½	105½
15	Mexican	1	1	1
33	†New England	109½	109½	109¾
658	New England rts.	75c	70c	70c
115	Western	7	7	7

MISCELLANEOUS.

100	Am. Ag. Chem.	18	18	18
570	Am. Pneu. Ser.	5¾	5¾	5¾
100	Am. Pneu. Ser. pf.	13¼	13¼	13¼
100	*Am. Sugar	125¼	124¾	124¾
15	*Am. Sugar pf.	128	121½	128
10	Am. Woolen	20¼	20¼	20¼
21	*Am. Woolen pf.	85	85	85
11	Edison	205	204	204
60	*Gen. Elec.	126½	126¼	126¼
50	*Mass. Gas.	51	51	51
125	Mass. Gas pf.	84	83	84
21	Pullman	154½	154	154½
25	Reece	3½	9½	9½
30	*Seattle Elec. pf.	91	91	91
146	*United Fruit.	126½	126	126¼
455	*United Shoe Mach.	49½	48	48
50	*Unit. Shoe Mach. pf.	27	27	27
2,646	*U. S. Steel.	35	34	34¾
159	U. S. Steel pf.	99	98	98¾

MINING.

9,644	Amalgamated	61	59½	60¾
85	Allouez	25¾	25½	25¾
160	Am. Zinc	23½	23	23½
100	Ariz. Com.	19	19	19
100	Atlantic	10	10	10
330	Bingham	$1.00	87c	$1.00
300	Bonanza	55c	55c	55c
4,340	Boston Con.	13¾	13	13
1,650	Butte Coalition	22¾	21¾	21¾
468	Cal. & Ariz.	103	97	100
23	*Cal. & Hecla	640	635	635
80	Centennial	22¾	22½	22½
400	Con. Mercur	38c	30c	30c
731	*Copper Range	65¾	64¾	65¾
50	Daly-West	8½	7½	8½
55	Franklin	8	7½	7½
3,700	Greene-Can.	9¼	8¾	9
20	Isle Royale	19	19	19
105	La Salle	14½	14¼	14½
30	Mass	2¾	2¾	2¾
10	Mexico	6¾	6½	6½
150	†Michigan	11	11	11
63	Mohawk	50½	49	49
750	Nevada	13¾	12¼	12¼
4,700	North Butte	56	53¾	54¾
100	Old Colony	50c	50c	50c
280	Old Dominion	37¼	37	37¼
405	Parrot	19	18½	19
7	Quincy	55	52	52
50	Rhode Island	3 1-16	3 1-16	3 1-16
10	Santa Fe	2	2	2
1,862	Shannon	12¼	12	12
5	Superior Cop.	17	17	17
302	Trinity	15	14½	14¾
345	U. S. Oil	10	9¾	9¾
188	U. S. Smelting	37¾	37	37¾
130	U. S. Smelt. pf.	41	41	41
10	United Copper	5¼	5¼	5¼
928	Utah Con.	40¾	40½	40¾
135	Victoria	3¼	3	3¼
550	*Winona	6	5½	6
5	*Wolverine	126	125	125

*Ex dividend. †Assessment paid. ‡Ex rights.

Japan to Make a Debt Payment.

TOKIO, March 30.—The official Gazette will announce to-morrow that on April 30 payment will be made of 20,000,000 yen (about $10,000,000) as the first installment of the redemption of the 100,000,000 yen national loan. This loan matures next December.

ANDREW J. McCORMACK, Auctioneer.
REGULAR AUCTION SALE OF

STOCKS AND BONDS

By ADRIAN H. MULLER & SON,

OFFICE, NO. 55 WILLIAM ST.,

Wednesday, April 1st, 1908.

at 12:30 o'clock, at the EXCHANGE SALESROOM, NOS. 14 AND 16 VESEY STREET.

BY ORDER OF TRUSTEES.

100 shs. Merchants' Exchange Natl. Bank.
75 shs. People's Trust Co.

BY ORDER OF EXECUTORS.

100 shs. Celluloid Co.
$2,000 Missouri Pacific Ry. Con. 1st Mtg. 6 p. c. Bds., 1920.
$2,000 South Carolina & Georgia R. R. 1st Mtg. Bds., 1919.
$2,000 Galveston, Houston & Henderson R. R. 1st Mtg. 5 p. c. Bds., 1913.
$1,000 Santa Fe, Prescott & Phoenix R. R. 1st Mtg. 5 p. c. Bds., 1942.
$2,000 Brooklyn Rapid Transit Co. 5 p. c. 50-year Gold Mtg. Bds., 1945.
$2,000 Fairmont Coal Co. 1st Mtg. S. F. 5 p. c. Gold Bds., 1931.
$1,000 Wisconsin Central Ry. 1st Gen'l Mtg. 4 p. c. Bd., 1949.
$2,000 Chesapeake & Ohio Ry. of Va. & West Va. 6 p. c. Mtg. Bds., 1911.
$2,000 St. Louis & San Francisco R. R. Gen'l Mtg. 5 p. c. Bds., 1931.
500 shs. Railway Steel Spring Co. common.
300 shs. Pressed Steel Car Co. common.
10 shs. American Sugar Refining Co. pfd.

FOR ACCOUNT OF WHOM IT MAY CONCERN

22 shs. Peoples' Home Realty Co.
$5,000 United Telephone & Telegraph Co. 5 p. c. 30-year Gold Bds., due 1931.
15 shs. First National Bank.
100 shs. Railway Automatic Sales Co. pfd.
$2,000 Oil Fields of Mexico Co. 10-year 6 p. c. Convt. Deb. Bds., 1917.
$10,000 Suffolk Gas Co. 1st Mtge. 5 p. c. Gold Bds., 1932; also Roman Missal book of 15th Century.
6,000 shs. Guanacevi Tunnel Co.
50 shs. National Copper Bank.
10 shs. Chase National Bank.
25 shs. Lincoln Trust Co.
200 shs. St. Joseph & Grand Island Ry. 2d pfd.
$2,000 Pitts., Shenango & Lake Erie R. R. 1st 5s, 1940.
$7,000 Southern R'way, St. Louis Div., 1st 4s, 1951.
10 shs. Walter A. Wood Mowing & Reaping Machine Co.
35 shs. North American Underwriting Co. 6 p. c. pfd.
5 shs. Hudson Navigation Co.
700 shs. Trinity Syndicate.
50 shs. National Bank of Commerce.
10 shs. Metropolitan Surety Co.
$5,000 Columbia Gas & Electric Co. 1st 5s, 1927.
$6,000 Railroad Securities Co. Illinois Central 4 p. c. Stock Trust Ctfs., Series A, 1952.
$49,000 Westinghouse Electric & Mfg. Co. 5 p. c. Deb. Bds., 1913.
$25,000 Pennsylvania Central Brewing Co. 1st Mtg. 6 p. c. Gold Bds., 1927.
300 shs. Trinity Syndicate.
57 shs. Chatham Natl. Bank.
10 shs. Importers & Traders' Natl. Bank.
25 shs. United States Title Guaranty & Indemnity Co.
$5,000 Hoboken Ferry Co. 1st Con. Mtge. 5s, 1946.
50 shs. Goodwin Car Co.
10 shs. State Bank.
10 shs. Century Realty Co.
6 shs. Kick Baking Co.
35 shs. Corn Exchange Bank.
$10,000 Northern Westchester Securities Co. Coll. Trust 5 p. c. 30-year bids, 1936.
$2,500 Note of A. H. Carlisle, dated Nov. 7, 1907.
$4,000 Detroit, Mackinac & Marquette R. R. Co. Land Grant Income 7 p. c. Reg. Bds., 1911.
$2,500 Iron Steamboat Co. of N. J. 2d 4s, 1932.
4 shs. Home Insurance Co.
1 Membership N. Y. Produce Exchange.
25 shs. Casualty Co. of America.
200 shs. Forty-seventh Street Realty Co.
$20,000 N. Y. Central & Hudson River R. R. Mich. Cent. Coll. 3½ p. c. Bds., 1998.
20 shs. Trust Co. of America.
$5,000 Denver & Rio Grande R. R. Impt. 5s, 1928.
$35,000 Norfolk-Newport News Publication Corp. 6s, 1926.
25 shs. Carnegie Trust Co.
75 shs. Carnegie Trust Co
20 shs. Trust Co. of America.
$11,000 Halcyon Hall Hotel Co. 1st Mtge. 6s, 1915.
25 shs. Indianapolis Gas Co.
$5,000 Chappasa Sugar Co. 1st Mtge. 6 p. c. Bds., 1911.
$10,000 Marcedita Sugar Co. 1st Mtge. 6 p. c. Bds., 1915.
$44,000 Colorado Fuel & Iron Co. Convt. Deb. 5s, 1911.
25 shs. Carnegie Trust Co

Security of principal and exceptional income offered additional operating capital, Iron and Steel corporation.

P. O. Box 178, N. Y.

AMERICAN STEEL FOUNDRIES 6's
A. & O. 1935.
SWARTWOUT & APPENZELLAR
BANKERS
44 Pine St. NEW YORK

ELECTRIC MERGER REVIVED.

Report That Westinghouse and Edison Companies Are to Unite Heard Again.

The stories of the passing of the control of the Westinghouse Electric and Manufacturing Company into the hands of its chief rival, the General Electric Company, were revived yesterday. Representatives of J. P. Morgan & Co. who are identified with the General Electric interests denied knowledge of any attempt to absorb the Westinghouse Company, and similar denials were made by General Electric officials. It has been the expressed sentiment of the management of both companies in the past that any consolidation which would create a practical monopoly of the electrical equipment business would meet with determined opposition from the Federal authorities and would prove disastrous.

The Westinghouse Company control rests with George Westinghouse and his associates, whose affairs are now in the hands of a creditors' committee. The plan for the reorganization of the company by the issuance of $7,000,000 of new stock to supply needed cash and of a bond issue to refund obligations is to be passed upon by the stockholders at a meeting called for April 29.

NEW YORK, March 26th, 1908.

TO THE PUBLIC:—

Pursuant to an order of the Supreme Court providing for the termination of the temporary receivership, and with the approval and consent of the Superintendent of Banks, the Knickerbocker Trust Company will reopen its main office and all its branches on Thursday, March 26th, 1908, at noon.

The new money paid in by the stockholders and the action of the depositors who assented to the plan for resumption place the Company in a strong position where it may fairly claim the full confidence of its patrons. The following is a summarized statement showing the Company's condition at the opening of business March 26th:

Assets:

Cash on hand and in Banks	$14,045,507.82
Demand Loans	11,189,670.85
Time Loans	14,947,469.49
Bonds and Mortgages	2,725,513.78
Investments	5,456,663.50
Real Estate	2,050,000.00
Accrued Interest due to the Company	984,644.04
	$51,399,469.48

Liabilities:

Capital Stock	$1,200,000.00
Surplus and Undivided Profits	13,263,393.31
Due Depositors	35,701,516.21
Reserve for Taxes and Expenses payable	253,818.44
Reserve for Receivers and Counsel Fees	400,000.00
Accrued interest due by the Company	580,741.52
	$51,399,469.48

In the foregoing statement the Company's assets are in no case carried at a higher valuation than that placed upon them by the Superintendent of Banks after thorough examination, upon which he based his recommendation to the Court that the Company resume business. The amount written off is believed to be more than sufficient to cover all losses of every description.

The following have been selected by Henry C. Frick, Myron T. Herrick and Lewis Cass Ledyard, Voting Trustees, to constitute the new Board of Directors of the Knickerbocker Trust Company:

G. Louis Boissevain, Frederick G. Bourne,
Franklin Q. Brown, Edward H. Clark,
Dumont Clarke, J. Horace Harding,
Charles F. Hoffman, Charles H. Keep,
Hinsdill Parsons, Samuel T. Peters,
Herbert L. Satterlee, William A. Tucker,
Payne Whitney.

The Knickerbocker Trust Company takes this opportunity to thank publicly the assenting depositors for their co-operation and assistance in bringing to a successful issue the plan for resumption of business. It is proper to point out that the interest of every assenting depositor is now identical with that of the Company's stockholders; both have direct pecuniary interest in assisting the future growth and development of the Company.

On and after noon, Thursday, March 26th, 1908, the Knickerbocker Trust Company will be prepared to transact business with all the facilities of a thoroughly organized Trust Company. It asks the confidence and good will of its former depositors, and respectfully solicits new accounts.

KNICKERBOCKER TRUST COMPANY,

CHARLES H. KEEP, President.

BANKERS TRUST COMPANY

7 WALL STREET, NEW YORK

CAPITAL, $1,000,000 SURPLUS & UNDIVIDED PROFITS, $1,292,000

DIRECTORS

STEPHEN BAKER, Pres. Bank of the Manhattan Co., N. Y.
SAMUEL G. BAYNE, Pres. Seaboard National Bank, N. Y.
EDWIN M. BULKLEY, Spencer Trask & Co., Bankers, N. Y.
JAMES G. CANNON, Vice Pres. Fourth National Bank, N. Y.
EDMUND C. CONVERSE, President, N. Y.
HENRY P. DAVISON, Vice Pres. First National Bank, N. Y.
WALTER E. FREW, Vice Pres. Corn Exchange Bank, N. Y.
FREDERICK T. HASKELL, Vice Pres. Ill. Trust & Sav. Bank, Chicago.
A. BARTON HEPBURN, Pres. Chase National Bank, N. Y.
THOMAS W. LAMONT, 2d Vice President, N. Y.
GATES W. McGARRAH, Pres. Mechanics' National Bank, N. Y.
EDGAR L. MARSTON, Blair & Co., Bankers, N. Y.
GEORGE W. PERKINS, J. P. Morgan & Co., Bankers, N. Y.
WILLIAM H. PORTER, Pres. Chemical National Bank, N. Y.
DANIEL G. REID, Vice Pres. Liberty National Bank, N. Y.
EDWARD F. SWINNEY, Pres. First National Bank, Kansas City.
JOHN F. THOMPSON, Vice President, N. Y.
GILBERT G. THORNE, Vice Pres. National Park Bank, N. Y.
EDWARD TOWNSEND, Pres. Importers & Traders Nat. Bank, N. Y.
ALBERT H. WIGGIN, Vice Pres. Chase Nat. Bank, N. Y.
SAMUEL WOOLVERTON, Pres. Gallatin National Bank, N. Y.
EDWARD F. C. YOUNG, Pres. First National Bank, Jersey City.

Particular attention is called to the personnel, character and strength of this Company's Directorate.

INTEREST IS ALLOWED UPON DEPOSITS.

E. C. CONVERSE, President
J. F. THOMPSON, V. P. T. W. LAMONT, 2nd V. P.
D. E. POMEROY, Treas. B. STRONG Jr. Secy.
H. W. DONOVAN, Asst. Treas. F. N. B. CLOSE, Asst. Sec'y.

The Fifth Avenue Branch of The Farmers' Loan and Trust Company, 475 Fifth Avenue, near 41st Street. Travelers' Letters of Credit issued or guaranteed. Foreign Cheques and Express Cheques. Vault Boxes for customers' use.

Houston & Texas Central First Mortgage Bonds

Notice of Bonds Drawn for Payment

The Houston & Texas Central Railroad Company, having in its possession cash proceeds from sales of lands covered by Trust Indenture between Frederick P. Olcott, the Central Trust Company of New York, and the Southern Pacific Company, dated April 1, 1890, which are applicable to the purchase of the Houston & Texas Central Railroad Company's First Mortgage Bonds, secured by such Indenture to an amount sufficient at the price limited in said Trust Indenture to purchase and retire 125 of such bonds, and, it having been found that such bonds cannot be purchased at or below 110 per centum of the par value thereof and accrued interest thereon, there have been drawn by lot, under the provisions of such Trust Indenture Bonds secured thereby bearing the distinguishing numbers hereinafter stated, to be paid for out of such proceeds of such land sales at the said rate of 110 per centum of the par value thereof and accrued interest thereon.

The distinguishing numbers of the bonds so drawn are as follows, viz.:

45 572 1181 1767 2607 3529 4853 5978 6844 7367
59 583 1233 1847 2733 3627 4953 6016 6899 7694
75 594 1297 1858 2839 3664 5031 6040 6955 7808
109 704 1309 1909 2876 4062 5092 6098 7021 7871
133 817 1455 1962 2887 4079 5157 6158 7038 7900
188 844 1496 2118 2947 4309 5280 6230 7111 7967
270 928 1497 2195 3047 4315 5360 6313 7220 8038
274 967 1514 2254 3050 4442 5398 6476 7229 8041
298 982 1561

LONG STRUGGLE FOR ONE ELUSIVE SHARE

D. & H. Official Pays $1,500 for Lonely Stock Certificate Long Held by Woman.

IT GIVES NO DIVIDENDS

But the Company Needs It So as to Absorb the New York & Canada Line.

The Delaware & Hudson Company, it was learned yesterday, has been successful at last in efforts which it has been making for years to buy one share of the common stock of the New York & Canada Railroad, which was all of the $9,000,000 stock of that road the Delaware & Hudson had not owned.

This one share was held by a woman who, until recently, paid no attention to the repeated requests made in behalf of the railroad that she set a price on her one share. At last she has sold out. She got $1,500 for this $100 worth of stock, which has been paying no dividends. At this price the $4,000,000 of common stock of the road would be worth just $80,000,000.

Even now the Delaware & Hudson itself is not in possession of this coveted one share, for it was bought by one of the officers of the road, a Vice President, and before he can transfer it to the railroad itself permission must be had from the up-State Public Utilities Commission.

Should there be any hitch in the plan to turn this one share over to the railroad at the price at which the Vice President of the road bought it, he would be the owner of a rather expensive investment, for the stock is paying nothing, and it is said to be earning only about 5 per cent.

The value of this one share to the railroad lies in the fact that after it is acquired the Delaware & Hudson can merge in its own road the property of the New York & Canada, which runs from Whitehall to Rouse's Point, and can include in its own earnings those of this road instead of taking the road's earnings into its own treasury through the payment of dividends on the stock of the New York & Canada. The latter has been paying 4 per cent. on its preferred but nothing on its common.

Moreover, the expense of maintaining a separate organization for this road will be avoided and, more important still, taxes will be saved. The latter saving will be much more than enough to make up in a single year the $1,500 which the Delaware & Hudson will have to pay for the share.

The woman who held this one share received it from the estate of her father, and held it despite all offers made to her by the road.

THE COTTON MARKET.

Sellers Shy on Southern Spot News—Closes 5 Points Down to 4 Up.

Cotton advanced early yesterday, but later eased off, owing to good weather in the South, fear of deliveries on near-by contracts, and contnued reports of a slack forward demand for cotton goods. The close was steady, net 5 points lower to 4 points higher. Sales were estimated at 100,000 bales.

The market opened at an advance of 2@3 points on good cables. Trading was quiet all day, sellers showing less aggressiveness owing to steadiness in Southern spot markets. Exports are showing some increase as result of end-of-the-month clearances. Cables said that Liverpool was influenced by better reports from this side.

The range of contract prices in the local market was as follows:

	High.	Low.	Close.	Saturday's Close.
March	9.51	9.48	9.47@9.48	9.43
April	9.50	9.50	9.48@9.51	5.45
May	9.68	9.55	9.60@9.61	9.59
June	..	..	9.57@9.59	9.56
July	9.68	9.57	9.60@9.61	9.59
August	9.62	9.59	9.56@9.57	9.56
October	9.57	9.44	9.45@9.46	.949
December	9.57	9.46	9.46@9.47	9.51

The local market for spot cotton was quiet and unchanged at 10.40 for middling upland and 10.90 for middling Gulf. Sales, 4,000, delivered on contract.

Southern spot markets were telegraphed as follows: Galveston—Quiet, unchanged at 10¼c; sales, 1,778 bales. New Orleans—Quiet and steady, unchanged at 10¼c; sales, 1,700 bales. Mobile—Steady, unchanged at 10¼c; sales, 200 bales. Savannah—Quiet, unchanged at 10¼c; sales, 300 bales. Norfolk—Steady, unchanged at 10⅜c; sales, 297 bales. Augusta—Steady, unchanged at 10¼c; sales, 105 bales. Memphis—Steady, unchanged at 10¼c; sales, 1,450 bales. Houston—Steady, unchanged at 10⅜c; sales, 598 bales.

CALL MONEY AT 1 PER CENT.

First Time Since Last Sept. 23—Rate Soared to 125 Per Cent. in Panic.

Coincident with the further easing in monetary conditions which put call money rates on the Stock Exchange down to 1 per cent. yesterday for the first time since Sept. 23, the United States Treasury reported an excess of receipts over expenditures, the first since Feb. 17.

Since that date the Government has been paying out cash daily in excess of receipts, and the deficit in receipts has reached an aggregate of $14,006,119 since Feb. 17 and of $36,200,951 for the fiscal year which began last July. Yesterday's surplus of receipts was $271,968, the actual figures being: Receipts, $2,101,968; expenditures, $1,830,000.

Yesterday's call money rate of 1 per cent. contrasts with the maximum of 125 per cent. reached during the height of the money panic last Fall.

GRAIN AND PROVISIONS.

WHEAT.—The market developed considerable weakness early in the day on reports of heavy rains in Kansas and general precipitation throughout the Southwest. Liverpool's decline of ⅝d was connected with free Argentine offerings and rumors that a prominent grain house had failed. Paris was 5 to 20 points lower and Berlin 1½c lower, but Budapest closed ½@⅞c net higher. Cash demand in domestic markets was again reported very light, and the only export business noted was about six loads late Saturday. The Southwest led other markets in weakness early in the day. The visible supply decrease of 1,038,000 bushels, compared with 546,000 bushels last year. Interior receipts, owing to heavy Northwest arrivals last year, were about 400,000 bushels behind the corresponding day a year ago. Seaboard clearances were 308,000 bushels, mostly flour. No. 2 red wheat in New York closed $1.00¾, elevator, and $1.00¾, free on board, afloat; No. 1 Northern Duluth, $1.12¾, and No. 2 hard, Winter, $1.10¾, free on board, afloat.

CORN.—Active, strong trade prevailed all day yesterday on reports of bad weather havoc and good demand for cash corn. Liverpool closed ¾d net lower and the visible supply decreased 63,000 bushels. No. 2 corn in New York was quoted 74¾c, elevator, and 69½c, free on board, afloat; No. 2 white, 70c, nominal.

FUTURES.

NEW YORK PRICES.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Sat. Close.
Wheat—				
May	$1.01 15-16	$1.01 5-16	$1.01⅞	$1.02¼
July	96¼	95⅞	96¼	96⅝
Corn—				
May	75⅛	74¼	75¼	75⅛
July	..	..	73⅝	72⅝

CHICAGO PRICES.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Sat. Close.
Wheat—				
May	93¼	92¼	93⅜	93⅞
July	88⅝	87⅜	88½	89
September	86⅛	85⅝	86⅛	86½
Corn—				
May	66¾	65½	66⅝	65¼
July	64½	63⅞	64⅜	63¼
September	63⅝	62½	63½	62⅝
Oats—				
May	53⅝	53¼	53⅝	53⅝
July	47½	46⅝	47½	47½
Lard—				
May	$8.60	$8.20	$8.60	$8.22
July	8.50	8.42	8.50	8.45
Ribs—				
May	7.45	7.05	7.37	7.10
July	7.41	7.35	7.37	7.40
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	13.05	13.75	13.17	13.17
[illegible]	13.43	14.12	13.57	13.57

THE FOREIGN MARKET.

Trading on European Exchanges Dull in Most Departments.

LONDON, March 30.—Money was in fair demand and supply on the market to-day and the discounts were easy, in anticipation of in improvement in the monetary conditions.

While the tone of the trading on the Stock Exchange was generally cheerful, business did not increase, and in certain places an irregularity was noticeable. First-class securities were the firmest section, especially consols, but profit taking caused a reaction in home rails, and copper shares drooped on weakness in New York on Saturday and a setback in the metal.

American securities improved from a level below parity and ruled steady in the forenoon. Canadian Pacific, Union Pacific, and Steel received the most attention. Later the New York opening caused recessions, and buying subsided. Then the market hardened, but it again eased and closed dull. Kaffirs were more active and steady.

The Bank of England and the Continent secured equal portions of the £100,000,000 available on the market at 77s. 9½d., an advance of ⅝d.

Bar Silver was quiet at 25 9-16d. per ounce.

Money, 2¾@3 per cent.

PARIS, March 30.—Trading on the Bourse to-day was quiet and prices were heavy.

BERLIN, March 30.—Prices on the Boerse to-day were firmer on account of the probability that the Reichstag would adopt the proposed law for the amelioration of Boerse conditions. American securities were lower.

FOREIGN PUBLIC SECURITIES.

Following are yesterday's quotations for several European State and municipal securities:

	Bid.	Asked.
German consol 3½s	91	92
German consol 3s	81¾	82½
Bavarian Government 4s	99½	100½
Hessian Government 3½s	90½	91½
Saxony Government 3s	81½	82½
Hamburg Government 3s	80½	81½
City of Cologne 4s	98	99
City of Munich 4s	98½	99½
City of Augsburg 4s	98½	99½
City of Frankfort-on-Main 3½s	90½	91½
Mexican Government gold 5s	100½	101¼
Russian Government 4s	83	84
French rente 3s	96¼	97½
British consol 2½s	87½	88¼

LONDON CLOSING QUOTATIONS.

The following were the closing prices in London yesterday for American stocks, comparisons being made between the New York equivalent and the previous New York closing:

	Lon. Equiv.	N. Y. Clos.	Net Ch'ge.
Consols, money	87 13-16	..	..
Consols, account	88 1-16	..	Apr. ac.
Anaconda	35¾	30⅞	—1¼
Atchison	76⅝	74½	..
Can. Pacific	156⅜	153¾	+1½
St. Paul	122	118⅝	— ⅝
Erie	16½	16	..
Erie 1st pf.	36	35	..
Illinois Central	130	126¼	+1¼
Louis. & Nash.	102	99½	+1½
N. Y. Central	101	98¼	+ ¼
Pennsylvania	60	116⅝	+ ¼
Reading	54¼	105⅞	— ⅛
So. Pacific	76¼ ex. 75%	75⅝	+ ⅛
Union Pacific	130⅞	127⅞	+ ⅛
U. S. Steel	35⅞	34½	+ ⅛
U. S. Steel pf.	101¾	98⅝	+ ⅛

REPORTS OF TRUST COMPANIES.

QUARTERLY REPORT OF

THE MERCANTILE TRUST CO.

at the close of business on the 25th day of March, 1908.

RESOURCES.

Bonds and mortgages		$1,784,750.00
Amount of stock and bond investments:		
Public securities (book value $738,351,) market value		748,351.00
Other cash securities (book value $6,239,593.42,) market value		6,260,443.63
Amount loaned on collateral		19,315,851.65
Other loans, including bills purchased		450,000.00
Overdrafts		290.00
Real estate		18,500.00
Due from trust companies, banks, and bankers		4,544,386.10
Specie		1,349,282.25
United States legal tender notes and bills of National banks		3,185.00
Cash items		496.55
Amount of assets not included under any of the above items, viz.:		
Net accrued interest	$123,496.00	
Amount of subscription to loans by associated trust companies	650,186.20	
Unadjusted accounts	85,285.89	
		858,967.59
		$35,334,473.77

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock paid in, in cash		$2,000,000.00
*Surplus on market value		7,011,411.70
Surplus on book value, $6,980,561.49.		
Deposits subject to check (except as stated below,) not preferred	$19,283,705.95	
Certificates of deposit (not preferred) time	19,700.00	
Certificates of deposit (not preferred) demand	286,118.58	
Other time deposits	93,763.97	
Amount due trust companies	1,618,146.79	
Amount due banks and bankers	708,286.55	
Preserved deposits, viz.:		
Due New York State savings banks	2,004,833.91	
Due New York State savings and loan associations	5,110.80	
Due as executor, administrator, guardian, receiver, trustee, committee, or depositary	1,081,978.52	
Total of preferred deposits, $3,091,917.73.		
Total deposits		25,051,639.57
Other liabilities not included under any of the above heads, viz.:		
Certified checks	$323,476.76	
Reserved for taxes	68,400.00	
Amount procured for subscription to loans by associated trust companies	368,000.00	
Unadjusted accounts	511,545.74	
		1,271,422.50
		$35,334,473.77

*Surplus includes undivided profits.

State of New York, County of New York, ss.:

WILLIAM C. POILLON, Vice President, and HAROLD B. THORNE, Treasurer, of the Mercantile Trust Co., located and doing business at No. 120 Broadway, in the City of New York, in said county, being duly sworn, each for himself, says the foregoing report, with the schedules accompanying the same, is true and correct in all respects, to the best of his knowledge and belief, and they further say that the usual business of said trust company has been transacted at the location required by the banking law, (Chap. 689, Laws of 1892,) and not elsewhere; and that the above report is made in compliance with an official notice received from the Superintendent of Banks designating the 25th day of March, 1908, as the day of which such report shall be made.

W. C. POILLON, Vice President.
HAROLD B. THORNE, Treasurer.

Severally subscribed and sworn to by both deponents the 30th day of March, 1908, before me.

I. MICHAELS, Notary Public.
[Seal of Notary.] New York Co., N. Y., No. 86.

QUARTERLY REPORT OF

THE COMMERCIAL TRUST COMPANY

at the close of business on the 25th day of March, 1908:

RESOURCES.

Bonds and mortgages		$50,000.00
Amount of stock and bond investments:		
Public securities, (book value, $506,500,) market value		507,926.42
Other securities, (book value, $80,000,) market value		80,000.00
Amount loaned on collateral		974,625.42
Other loans, including bills purchased		1,790,508.70
Overdrafts		2,889.16
Due from trust companies, banks, and bankers		886,125.27
Specie		153,758.54
United States legal-tender notes and bills of National banks		39,725.00
Cash items		5,118.83
Amount of assets not included under any of the above items, viz.:		
Furniture and fixtures	$25,096.79	
Net accrued interest	1,895.07	
		26,491.86
		$4,517,169.20

Estimated accrued interest not included in "net accrued interest". 35,134.12

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock paid in, in cash	$500,000.00
*Surplus on market value	294,941.20
(Surplus on book value, $293,514.78.)	
Deposits subject to check, (except as stated below,) not preferred	$3,882,042.80
Certificates of deposit, (not preferred,) demand	28,548.86
Amount due trust companies	18,958.41
Amount due banks and bankers	807,044.79
Preferred deposits, viz.:	
Due as executor, administrator, guardian, receiver, trustee, committee, or depositary	15,427.61
Total deposits	$3,702,016.97
Other liabilities not included under any of the above heads, viz.:	
Certified checks	20,211.03
	3,722,228.00
	$4,517,169.20

Estimated accrued interest not included in "net accrued interest". 13,910.00

*Surplus includes undivided profits.

State of New York, County of New York, ss.:

R. R. MOORE, President, and AMES HIGGINS, Secretary, of The Commercial Trust Company, located and doing business at No. 1,375 Broadway, in the City of New York, in said county, being duly sworn, each for himself, says the foregoing report, with the schedules accompanying the same, is true and correct in all respects, to the best of his knowledge and belief, and they further say that the usual business of said trust company has been transacted at the location required by the banking law, (Chap. 689, Laws of 1892,) and not elsewhere; and that the above report is made in compliance with an official notice received from the Superintendent of Banks designating the twenty-fifth day of March, 1908, as the day of which such report shall be made.

R. R. MOORE, President.
AMES HIGGINS, Secretary.

Severally subscribed and sworn to by both deponents the 28th day of March, 1908, before me.
[Seal of Notary.] WM. H. A. HOLMES,
Notary Public, Westchester County.
Certificate filed in New York County.

REPORTS OF TRUST COMPANIES.

QUARTERLY REPORT OF THE

GUARANTY TRUST COMPANY OF NEW YORK

at the close of business on the 25th day of March, 1908:

RESOURCES.

Bonds and mortgages		$100,000.00
Amount of stock and bond investments:		
Public securities, (book value, $2,640,578.68,) market value		2,717,087.61
Other securities, (book value $9,225,021.29,) market value		9,038,904.79
Amount loaned on collateral		16,893,241.65
Other loans, including bills purchased		1,647,098.44
Overdrafts		254.57
Due from trust companies, banks, and bankers	$6,622,466.90	
Specie	2,104,222.53	
United States legal-tender notes and bills of National banks	26,400.00	
Foreign exchange	6,591,557.68	
		15,344,787.11
Amount of investments held as executor, administrator, guardian, receiver, trustee, committee, or as depositary of mcneys deposited on order of the court, for which the trust company is liable because the same are not legal for savings banks, nor permitted in and by the respective instruments or words creating or defining the trusts		10,100.56
Amount of assets not included under any of the above items, viz.:		
Net accrued interest	$16,141.04	
Commissions and accounts receivable	186,722.93	
		202,863.97
		$45,954,236.70

Estimated accrued interest not included in "Net accrued interest," $269,775.98.

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock paid in, in cash	$2,000,000.00
*Surplus on market value	6,389,803.90
Surplus on book value, $4,506,461.47.	
Deposits subject to check, (except as stated below,) not preferred	$25,270,084.68
Certificates of deposit (not preferred:) Time	252,500.00
Certificates of deposit (not preferred:) Demand	2,451,659.92
Amount due trust companies	2,336,718.31
Amount due banks and bankers	831,810.10
Certified checks	380,610.59
Preferred deposits, viz.:	
Due as executor, administrator, guardian, receiver, trustee, committee, or depositary	5,988,946.69
(Total of preferred deposits, $5,988,946.69.)	
Total deposits	$37,512,332.24
Preferred liability on account of investments held as executor, &c.	10,100.56
Other liabilities not included under any of the above heads, viz.:	
Reserved for taxes	42,000.00
	$45,954,236.70

Estimated accrued interest not included in "Net accrued interest," $201,214.10.

*Surplus includes undivided profits.

State of New York, County of New York, ss.:

JOHN W. CASTLES, President, and WM. C. EDWARDS, Treasurer, of the Guaranty Trust Company of New York, located and doing business at No. 28 Nassau Street, in the City of New York, in said county, being duly sworn, each for himself, says the foregoing report, with the schedules accompanying the same, is true and correct in all respects, to the best of his knowledge and belief, and they further say that the usual business of said trust company has been transacted at the location required by the banking law, (Chap. 689, Laws of 1892,) and not elsewhere; and that the above report is made in compliance with an official notice received from the Superintendent of Banks designating the 25th day of March, 1908, as the day of which such report shall be made.

JOHN W. CASTLES, President.
W. C. EDWARDS, Treasurer.

Severally subscribed and sworn to by both deponents the 30th day of March, 1908, before me.

JAMES D. HURD,
[Seal of Notary.] Notary Public.

REPORTS OF TRUST COMPANIES.

QUARTERLY REPORT OF THE

BOWLING GREEN TRUST COMPANY

at the close of business on the 25th day of March, 1908:

RESOURCES.

Bonds and mortgages		$32,000.00
Amount of stock and bond investments:		
Public securities, (book value, $1,979,596.87;) market value		1,979,425.00
Other securities, (book value, $3,834,106.09;) market value		3,416,706.84
Amount loaned on collateral		4,104,082.64
Other loans, including bills purchased		668,758.21
Overdrafts, secured		22,076.63
Due from trust companies, banks, and bankers		3,489,698.96
Specie		388,854.87
United States legal-tender notes and bills of National banks		61,800.00
Cash items		7,501.41
Amount of assets not included under any of the above items, viz.:		
Net accrued interest		13,947.70
		$14,184,853.78

Estimated accrued interest not included in "Net accrued interest". 148,711.55

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock paid in, in cash		$1,000,000.00
*Surplus on market value		2,533,740.60
Surplus on book value, $2,951,310.22.		
Deposits subject to check, (except as stated below,) not preferred	$5,161,775.85	
Certificates of deposit, (not preferred,) time	635,349.63	
Certificates of deposit, (not preferred,) demand	78,151.24	
Amount due trust companies	1,518,880.29	
Amount due banks and bankers	2,651,544.92	
Preserved deposits, viz.:		
Due New York State savings banks	457,791.86	
Due as executor, administrator, guardian, receiver, trustee, committee, or depositary	42,181.31	
(Total of preferred deposits, $529,923.17.)		
Total deposits		10,575,635.09
Other liabilities not included under any of the above heads, viz.:		
Unpaid dividends	$195.00	
Treasurer's checks	57,283.09	
Reserved for taxes	17,500.00	
		74,978.09
		$14,184,853.78

Estimated accrued interest not included in "Net accrued interest". 46,853.65

*Surplus includes undivided profits.

State of New York, County of New York, ss.:

JOHN A. HILTON, Vice President, and WILLIAM M. LAWS, Secretary, of Bowling Green Trust Company, located and doing business at No. 26 Broadway, in the City of New York, in said county, being duly sworn, each for himself, says the foregoing report, with the schedules accompanying the same, is true and correct in all respects, to the best of his knowledge and belief, and they further say that the usual business of said trust company has been transacted at the location required by the banking law, (Chap. 689, Laws of 1892,) and not elsewhere; and that the above report is made in compliance with an official notice received from the Superintendent of Banks designating the 25th day of March, 1908, as the day of which such report shall be made.

JOHN A. HILTON, Vice President.
WILLIAM M. LAWS, Secretary.

Severally subscribed and sworn to by both deponents the 30th day of March, 1908, before me.
[Seal of Notary.] C. J. WILKINSON,
Notary Public, Kings County.
Certificate filed in New York County.

QUARTERLY REPORT OF

THE MUTUAL ALLIANCE TRUST COMPANY OF NEW YORK.

at the close of business on the 25th day of March, 1908:

RESOURCES.

Bonds and mortgages		$467,450.00
Amount of stock and bond investments—		
Public securities, (book value $456,280,) market value		456,280.00
Other securities, (book value $201,808.37,) market value		201,808.37
Amount loaned on collateral		1,428,665.79
Other loans, including bills purchased		1,297,309.01
Overdrafts		2,442.99
Real estate: banking house		124,219.44
Due from trust companies, banks, and bankers		617,441.94
Specie		189,989.62
United States legal-tender notes and bills of National banks		51,025.00
Cash items		2,375.18
Amount of assets not included under any of the above items, viz.:		
Furniture and fixtures	$18,756.03	
Net accrued interest	3,495.78	
		22,251.80
		$4,810,724.14

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock paid in, in cash	$500,000.00
*Surplus on market value	546,242.91
Surplus on book value, $546,242.91.	
Deposits subject to check, (except as stated below,) not preferred	$3,227,445.94
Certificates of deposit, (not preferred,) demand	57,842.16
Amount due trust companies	137,953.57
Amount due banks and bankers	177,152.35
Preferred deposits, viz.:	
Due as executor, administrator, guardian, receiver, trustee, committee, or depositary	28,504.27
(Total of preferred deposits, $28,504.27.)	
Other liabilities not included under any of the above heads, viz.:	
Acceptances	$110,792.79
Reserved for taxes	8,964.00
Reserved for attorneys' fees	533.35
Unearned interest	15,492.80
	135,082.94
	$4,810,724.14

*Surplus includes undivided profits.

Amount of debts guaranteed and liability thereon at date of this report, $100,000.00.

State of New York, County of New York, ss.:

W. F. H. KOELSCH, Treasurer, and WEBB FLOYD, Assistant Secretary, of The Mutual Alliance Trust Company of New York, located and doing business at No. 66 Beaver Street, 823 Grand Street, and Lenox Avenue and 116th Street, in the City of New York, in said county, being duly sworn, each for himself, says the foregoing report, with the schedules accompanying the same, is true and correct in all respects, to the best of his knowledge and belief, and they further say that the usual business of said trust company has been transacted at the location required by the Banking Law, (Chap. 689, Laws of 1892,) and not elsewhere; and that the above report is made in compliance with an official notice received from the Superintendent of Banks designating the 25th day of March, 1908, as the day of which such report shall be made.

W. F. H. KOELSCH, Treasurer.
WEBB FLOYD, Assistant Secretary.

Severally subscribed and sworn to by both deponents the 28th day of March, 1908, before me.
[Seal of Notary.] F. B. PRATT,
Notary Public, N. Y. County.

PUBLIC NOTICES.

PURSUANT TO STATUTORY REQUIREment, notice is hereby given that an act, Senate No. 224, Int. No. 31, has been passed by both branches of the Legislature, entitled

AN ACT

TO AMEND THE GREATER NEW YORK CHARTER, RELATIVE TO THE POWERS OF THE COMMISSIONERS OF THE SINKING FUND OF THE CITY OF NEW YORK, IN THEIR DISCRETION, TO CANCEL AND ANNUL TAXES, ASSESSMENTS, CROTON WATER RENTS, ET CETERA, IN CERTAIN CASES.

Further notice is hereby given that a public hearing upon such bill will be held at the Mayor's office in the City Hall in The City of New York, on Wednesday, April 1, 1908, at 10:30 o'clock A. M.

Dated City Hall, New York, March 28, 1908.
GEORGE B. McCLELLAN,
Mayor.

This bill will be the first heard at that time.

OFFICE OF THE DEPARTMENT OF PARKS, Arsenal Building, Fifth Avenue and Sixty-fourth Street, Borough of Manhattan, the City of New York.

SEALED BIDS OR ESTIMATES will be received by the Park Board at the above office of the Department of Parks until 3 o'clock P. M. on

THURSDAY, APRIL 9, 1908,
Borough of Manhattan.

No. 1. For furnishing and delivering machinist's and blacksmith's supplies for parks in Borough of Manhattan.

No. 2. For furnishing and delivering wheelwright's supplies for parks in the Borough of Manhattan.

For full particulars see City Record.

HENRY SMITH,
President,
JOSEPH I. BERRY,
MICHAEL J. KENNEDY,
Commissioners of Parks.

Dated March 26, 1908.

ATTENTION IS CALLED TO THE ADVERtisement in The City Record of March 27 to April 10, 1908, of the confirmation by the Board of Revision of Assessments, and the entering in the Bureau for the Collection of Assessments and Arrears, of assessments for LOCAL IMPROVEMENTS in the BOROUGH OF MANHATTAN:

13TH WARD, SECTION 2. ATTORNEY STREET—REPAIRING SIDEWALK in front of Nos. 54 to 58. 12TH WARD, SECTION 8. WEST 163D STREET—REGULATING, GRADING, CURBING, AND FLAGGING, between Broadway and Ft. Washington Avenue. POST AVENUE—REGULATING, GRADING, CURBING, FLAGGING, PLACING BRIDGESTONE, GUARDRAIL, DRAINPIPE, AND CONSTRUCTING RETAINING WALL, between Dyckman Street and 10th Avenue.

HERMAN A. METZ,
Comptroller.

City of New York, March 26, 1908.

DEPARTMENT OF DOCKS AND FERRIES.

Sealed Estimates for dredging on the North River, Contract No. 1,115, and for furnishing coal, Contract No. 1,124, will be received by the Commissioner of Docks at Pier "A," Battery Place, until 12 o'clock noon, Friday, April 10th, 1908.

(For particulars see City Record.)

REPORTS OF TRUST COMPANIES.

QUARTERLY REPORT OF THE

MANHATTAN TRUST COMPANY

at the close of business on the 25th day of March, 1908:

RESOURCES.

Bonds and mortgages		$9,500.00
Amount of stock and bond investments:		
Public securities, (book value $1,019,148.37) market value		919,000.00
Other securities (book value $5,502,935.55) market value		5,433,667.28
Amount loaned on collateral		5,005,203.50
Due from trust companies, banks, and bankers		2,513,028.14
Specie		1,202,250.00
United States legal tender notes and bills of National banks		97,750.00
Amount of assets not included under any of the above items, viz.:		
Collections	$78,121.30	
Amount of subscription to loans by associated trust companies	495,000.00	
		573,121.30
		$15,748,520.22

Estimated accrued interest not included in "Net accrued interest" 87,719.98

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock paid in, in cash		$1,000,000.00
*Surplus on market value		1,776,495.31
Surplus on book value, $1,945,911.95.		
Deposits subject to check (except as stated below), not preferred	$8,412,777.28	
Certificates of deposit (not preferred) time	881,574.90	
Certificates of deposit (not preferred) demand	56,825.89	
Amount due trust companies	2,800,667.25	
Amount due banks and bankers	495,721.27	
Preferred deposits viz.:		
Due New York State savings banks	73,000.00	
Due as executor, administrator, guardian, receiver, trustee, committee, or depositary	505,867.05	
(Total of preferred deposits, $578,867.05.		12,675,933.09
Other liabilities not included under any of the above heads, viz.:		
Rebate (interest received in advance)	$1,633.33	
Certified checks	28,529.84	
Outstanding checks	9,321.54	
Reserved for taxes	22,500.00	
Expense accrued	9,400.00	
Accrued interest entered on books at date of this report as a liability	28,107.11	
Amount procured for subscription to loans by associated trust companies	196,000.00	
		296,091.82
		$15,748,520.22

Estimated accrued interest not included in "Net accrued interest" 21,800.69

*Surplus includes undivided profits.

State of New York, County of New York, ss.:

W. N. DUANE, Vice President, and C. H. SMITH, Secretary, of Manhattan Trust Co., located and doing business at No. 20 Wall Street, in the City of New York, in said county, being duly sworn, each for himself, says the foregoing report, with the schedules accompanying the same, is true and correct in all respects to the best of his knowledge and belief, and they further say that the usual business of said trust company has been transacted at the location required by the banking law (Chap. 689, Laws of 1892,) and not elsewhere; and that the above report is made in compliance with an official notice received from the Superintendent of Banks designating the 25th day of March, 1908, as the day of which such report shall be made.

W. N. DUANE, Vice President.
C. H. SMITH, Secretary.

Severally subscribed and sworn to by both deponents the 27th day of March, 1908, before me.
JOSEPH H. MELVILLE,
[Seal of Notary.] Notary Public, Kings Co.
Certificate filed in N. Y. Co. No. 1616.

QUARTERLY REPORT OF

THE TRUST COMPANY OF AMERICA

at the close of business on the 25th day of March, 1908:

RESOURCES.

Bonds and mortgages		$2,852,507.64
Amount of stock and bond investments:		
Public securities, (book value, $258,400,) market value		258,400.00
Other securities, (book value, $8,051,154.95,) market value		8,051,154.95
Amount loaned on collateral		18,955,179.90
Other loans, including bills purchased		2,522,748.25
Overdrafts		1,142.00
Due from trust companies, banks, and bankers		5,662,017.75
Specie		890,602.42
United States legal tender notes and bills of National banks		54,415.00
Cash items, viz.:		
Exchanges and checks for the next day's clearings		1,198.30
Amount of assets not included under any of the above items, viz.:		
Net accrued interest	$328,476.53	
Advances to trusts	8,637.11	
		330,113.44
		$39,349,479.65

Estimated accrued interest not included in "Net accrued interest" 182,616.25

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock paid in, in cash	$2,000,000.00
*Surplus on market value	6,354,486.98
Surplus on book value, $6,354,486.98.	
Deposits subject to check, (except as stated below,) not preferred	$10,569,614.37
Certificates of deposit (not preferred): Time	855,724.84
Certificates of deposit (not preferred): Demand	494,714.07
Amount due trust companies	414,065.25
Amount due banks and bankers	1,491,807.02
Preferred deposits, viz.:	
Due New York State savings banks	$722,541.83
Due New York State savings and loan associations	83,215.78
Due as executor, administrator, guardian, receiver, trustee, committee, or depositary	3,887,800.83
Total of preferred deposits, $4,648,557.94.	
Total deposits	17,974,482.99
Other liabilities not included under any of the above heads, viz.:	
Unpaid dividends	$1,413.74
Certified checks	16,562.25
Reserved for taxes	69,913.51
	87,679.50
Due associated trust companies	12,932,830.18
	$39,349,479.65

Estimated accrued interest not included in "Net accrued interest" 90,733.72

*Surplus includes undivided profits.

State of New York, County of New York, ss.:

OAKLEIGH THORNE, President, and F. L. HILTON, Secretary, of The Trust Company of America, located and doing business at No. 37 Wall Street and 222 Broadway, in the City of New York, in said county, being duly sworn, each for himself, says the foregoing report, with the schedules accompanying the same, is true and correct in all respects, to the best of his knowledge and belief, and they further say that the usual business of said trust company has been transacted at the location required by the banking law, (Chap. 689, Laws of 1892,) and not elsewhere; and that the above report is made in compliance with an official notice received from the Superintendent of Banks designating the 25th day of March, 1908, as the day of which such report shall be made.

OAKLEIGH THORNE, President.
F. L. HILTON, Secretary.

Severally subscribed and sworn to by both deponents the 30th day of March, 1908, before me.
TEN EYCK R. BEARDSLEY,
Notary Public 40,
[Seal of Notary.] New York County.

PUBLIC NOTICES.

MUNICIPAL CIVIL SERVICE COMMISSION, 299 Broadway.
New York, March 30, 1908.

PUBLIC NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that applications will be received from

MONDAY, MARCH 30, UNTIL 4 P. M. MONDAY, APRIL 13, 1908,

for the position of

INSPECTOR OF PIPE LAYING.

(NO APPLICATION RECEIVED AT THE OFFICE OF THE COMMISSION, BY MAIL, OR OTHERWISE, AFTER 4 P. M. ON APRIL 13, WILL BE ACCEPTED.) The examination will be held on Tuesday, May 5, 1908, at 10 A. M.

The subjects and weights are: Technical, 5; Experience, 2; Mathematics, 1; Report, 2.

Salary, $4 a day. Minimum age, 21 years.

For further information apply to the Secretary,

F. A. SPENCER,
Secretary.

HEADQUARTERS OF THE FIRE DEPARTment of the City of New York, Nos. 157 and 159 East Sixty-seventh Street, Borough of Manhattan, the City of New York.

SEALED BIDS OR ESTIMATES will be received by the Fire Commissioner at the above office until 10:30 o'clock A. M. on

TUESDAY, APRIL 7, 1908,
Borough of Manhattan.

No. 1. For furnishing and delivering miscellaneous supplies for fireboats.

No. 2. For furnishing and delivering four hundred tons of pea size anthracite coal for Headquarters.

For full particulars see City Record.

NICHOLAS J. HAYES,
Fire Commissioner.

Dated March 25, 1908.

DEPARTMENT OF DOCKS AND FERRIES.

Sealed estimates for Repairing Municipal Ferryboats or Other Floating Ferry Property of the Department, and for Furnishing and Delivering Miscellaneous Supplies therefor, (Contract 1,118,) will be received by the Commissioner of Docks at Pier A, Battery Place

COURT CALENDARS

STATE COURTS.

Calendars for Tuesday, March 31.

SUPREME COURT—Appellate Division. Recess.

SUPREME COURT—Appellate Term—For the hearing of appeals from the City Court and Municipal Court. Recess.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Part I.—Hendrick, J.—Opens at 10:30 A. M. Litigated motions. 1—Wolarsky-N Y Life Ins Co. 2—Steinberg-Campbell. 3—Hepburn-Nyvall. 4—In re Zipser. 5—Jacobson-Dworkowitz. 6—Spielberg-Lemkin. 7—Madden-N Y Butchers' D M Co. 8—Stevens-Episcopal Church History Co. 9—Blair-Mingesheimer. 10—Glover-Power. 11—In re Dresch. 12—Business Men's R Co.-Wilchinsky. 13—Kean-Palmer. 14—Diamond-Travers Bros Co. 15—Mul.arkey-Schwarzschild & Sulzberger Co. 16—Holt-Hopkins. 17—In re Sterling Hotel Co. 18—In re Doughty. 19—Kutner-Hodnett. 20—City of New York-Volk. 21—Kretsch-Denofrio. 22—Malden Lane Safe Deposit Co.-Mosler Safe Co. 23—In re Main St. 24—In re Riverside Drive. 25—In re Pierrepont Hotel Co. 26—Alexander-Am E. T. Co. 27—Collier-Postum Cereal Co. 28—Same-same. 29—City of N. Y.-Gennerich. 30—Cozzans-Am Gen Eng Co. 31—Young Brothers-Young. 32—Hillerbrandt-Stelljes. 33—People, &c.-Mechanics & Traders' Bank. 34—Fish-Orently. 35—Woodruff-Squier. 36—Victor-Fenhart. 37—Moore-Moore. 38—In re Hodge. 39—Fendler-Int R T Co. 40—Brown-Hendry. 41—Union W Co.-Winne Co. 42—Simpson-Trust Co of Am. 43—Colon-Wittner. 44—Herrmann-Penn R R. 45—Hurch-same. 46—Girbekian-Costikyan. 47—Blakney-Penn R R. 48—May-Inter R R. 49—Levy-same. 50—Crossett-same. 51—Wittner-Philbrick. 52—Marx-Hampden R. Co. 53—Same-same. 54—Mulvey-Reilley. 55—Cohen-Goldowitz. 56—Hughes-Jones. 57—Leonard-Leonard. 58—Holton-Woodcock. 59—Bancroft-N Y Trans Co. 60—Drowne-Drowne. 61—Rigge-Drake. 62—Conlon-Kelly. 63—City of N Y-Conron Brothers. 64—Sheinberg-Palmer. 65—O'Connell-Wills. 66—Cangro-Collins. 67—Goldberg-Schneer's Sons & Co. 68—Scott-Opdyke. 69—Fogarty-Fogarty. 70—Same-same. 71—In re Mooney. 72—In re 147th St. 73—Moore-Moore. 74—Plunkett P & H Co.-Bassford Realty Co. 75—Roseff-Hedden Const Co. 76—People, &c.-Poillon. 77—Hermandez-Smith. 78—Fraccarini-Goldsmith. 79—U S Fid and Guar Co.-Ireland. 80—Goodyear Raincoat Co.-Kriger. 81—Dalziel-Star Co. 82—Same-same. 83—Mertens-Mertens. 84—In re Cushing. 85—Lesser-Hallahan. 86—Getzoff-Hoenigsberg. 87—Jacobs-Miller Co. 88—Mulvey-Reilly. 89—Same-same. 90—Brandt-Woolworth & Co. 91—Magruson-Clausen. 92—Schiller-Richard. 93—Logan-Logan. 94—Kelly-Donegan. 95—In re Mion.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Part II.—O'Gorman, J.—Opens at 10:30 A. M. Ex parte business.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Part III.—Truax, J.—Opens at 10:30 A. M. Case on. Landau-Landau. No day calendar.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Parts IV. and V.—Adjournal for the term.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Part VI.—Adjourned until April 6.

SURROGATES' COURT—Chambers — Thomas, S.—Held in Room 4, Hall of Records Building, fifth floor. Motion calendar called at 10:30 A. M. 1—Jacob P. Schwind. 2—Emma C. Sands. 3—George Hoffman. 4—Loretta Looke. 5—Anna Maria Becker. 6—Henry Bergman or Berges. 7—Elizabeth Southwell. 8—Anna M Hanson or Hoffman. 9—Margaret Coughlan. 10—John McCallion. 11—Catherine Taffe or Thaffe. 12—John Byrnes. 13—Guido H Meyer. 14—Nicola Prussic or Pruss. 15—Katie Hart. 16—Phebe J McAdam. 17—Nelson J Waterbury. 18—Helene A A Meisselbach. 19—Adelheit F J Meisselbach. 20—Peter McCullough. 21—Charles Thomsen. 22—James H Tilley et al. 23—Perry D Hunt. 24—Christian Schieck. 25—Joseph B Hart. 26—Bessie Walcoff. 27—Caspar Bornmann. 28—Jeremiah Goldman. 29—Jacques Schneidenbach. 30—Henry Lambert. 31—Sophia Dumer. 32—Henry Rabe. 33—John Duane. 34—Adolphe Dreyspring. 35—Hermann Oelrichs. 36—Elizabeth Gerbeth. 37—Thos A Phelan. 38—Patrick B McIntyre. 39—Kate Blondell. 40—Kate Payne or Kelly. 41—Elisha A Still. 42—Mary Cosgrove. 43—Vincent C King. 44—Fanny Orlow. 45—Freida Rottsch. 46—William Marshall. 47—Elizabeth Deitz. 48—Belle Matthews. 49—Mary Murphy. 50—Christianna Goepfert. 51—Joanna Myer. 52—Albert Baumann. 53—Alvin D Puffer. 54—James M Bissell. 55—Matthew M Kelly. 56—Henry F Akin. 57—Benjamin Brownell. 58—Thomas Lysaght. 59—John McDonnell. Wills for probate in Room 8 at 10:30 A. M. Latte Zarun, Mary Frangle, Mary S. Simonson, Sarah A. Griffin, Joseph Kaufman, Samuel Winston, Owen McCarthy. At 2 P. M. Wm B Cochrane, Hugh Bonner, Charlotte Ball, Henry L Nelson, Pauline Moller, Michael Quinlan, Ellie W Nagler.

CITY COURT—Special Term—Conlan, J.—Held in Brownstone Building, (Chambers Street.)—Opens at 10 A. M. Motions must be made returnable at 10:30 A. M. The motion calendar will be called at 10:30 A. M. and defaults allowed at that time.

CITY COURT—Trial Term—Parts I. to VIII. Adjourned for the term.

COURT OF GENERAL SESSIONS—Part I.—Foster, J.—Assistant District Attorneys Marshall and Gonterman for the People. Opens at 10:30 A. M. 1—James Valinote. 2—Max Buchhoter. 3—John Kadschovsky, Annie Miller. 4—Joseph Hart, Salvatore Cangialorl, Charles Sorgin, Francesco Paddano. 5—Israel Frucht. 6—Maggie Wilson. 7—Martin Burg. 8—Laydor Kurtz. 9—Milton B. Noble. 10—Rose Rosso. 11—Brayton Bentley, (3.) John Athos. Pleadings. 1—Lizzie Jackson. 2—Alexander Conreid. 3—Brice Norris. 4—Harry Cohen. 5—Frank White. 6—David Douglass. 7—Charles Greenberg. 8—Frank Sherman. 9—Wm. Fitzgerald, Edward Gibbons. 10—Joseph Patrisico. 11—Wm. Dugan. 12—Divons Harris. 13—Charles Calandriello. 14—George Kemp. 15—Rubin Abramaowitz. 16—Wm. Allen.

COURT OF GENERAL SESSIONS—Parts II., III., and IV.—Adjourned for the term.

COURT OF GENERAL SESSIONS.—Part V.—Adjourned until April 6.

Receivers Appointed—New York.

SUPREME COURT — O'Gorman, J. — Fanny Rothstein-Moses Leavitt—Henry J. Sayles, Harry Cahn-William R. Potter—Joseph R. Walsh.

CITY COURT—Conlan, J.—Isaac Blanchard-Jean Palealogue—George M. Boynton.

CITY COURT—Pinckite, J.—Max Salowye-John W. Hazlett—Abraham S. Jaffer.

Referees Appointed—New York.

SUPREME COURT—O'Gorman, J.—Jare-Shannon—J. J. Bennett.

CITY COURT—Conlan, J.—Siegel-Landau—Albert Gross.

Westchester County.

Day Calendar for March 31.

COUNTY COURT—Day Calendar—Platt, J.—People-Leon G. La Place. Same-Giuseppe Merone. Same-Edward J. Foster. Same-Francesco Aravio. Same-Raffaelo Falacello. Same-Daniel Keogh. Same-Eugene McCarthy.

BUSINESS TROUBLES

GEORGE W. PALMER.—George W. Palmer, a hotel keeper at Kingston, has filed a petition in bankruptcy here, with liabilities of $5,896 and no assets. He went through bankruptcy once before in 1901.

NOEL REALTY AND CONSTRUCTION COMPANY.—Judge Holt of the United States District Court has dismissed the petition in bankruptcy filed on Jan. 9 against the Noel Realty and Construction Company, builder, 137th Street and Riverside Drive.

DAVID RESHOFSKY.—Schedules in bankruptcy of David Reshofsky, cigar dealer, 1,167 Madison Avenue, show liabilities of $5,631 and nominal assets of $2,260 in accounts. Of the liabilities $4,472 is for indorsing accommodation paper of Henry Brintzinghoffer of Newark.

BOLESLAW G. JELENSKI.—Boleslaw G. Jelenski, a contractor in concrete construction, 331 East Sixteenth Street, has filed a petition in bankruptcy, with liabilities of $7,376 and nominal assets of $7,594, consisting of accounts, $6,194; fixtures, $100, and materials, $1,300, at the Imperial Theatre, Brooklyn, which he had a contract to build. He owes $1,013 to workmen on that job.

STANDARD INSTALLMENT COMPANY.—Schedules of Greenberg & Pernik, who did business as the Standard Installment Company, rugs, tapestry, and curtains, 152 East Broadway, show liabilities of $11,578 and nominal assets of $18,475, consisting of accounts, proceeds of stock, horses, and wagons sold by the receiver for $1,450; accounts, $17,000, sold by the receiver, amount realized not given, and cash, $25.

MARY H. PUSEY, INCORPORATED.—Schedules in bankruptcy of Mary H. Pusey, Incorporated, dressmaker, 315 Fifth Avenue, show liabilities of $21,806 and nominal assets of $1,902, consisting of stock, $1,000; accounts, $380; fixtures, $514, and cash, $8. Among the creditors are the Farmers' National Bank, Reading, Penn., $2,500; Equitable Guarantee and Trust Company, Wilmington Del., $1,300; Aitkin Son & Co., $2,500; Helen D. Pyle, $2,166, and John Goodwin & Co., $1,725.

BURGOYNE HAMILTON.—Judge Adams has appointed William Henkel, Jr., receiver in bankruptcy for Burgoyne Hamilton, stock broker, 43 Exchange Place, with a bond of $700. The liabilities are over $19,000 and the quick assets $1,400, consisting of cash and his seat in the Consolidated Exchange. He has other assets, consisting of accounts of customers, nominally $14,000, real value unknown, and $2,400 cash in the Bank of North America, which he has transferred to his father.

JOHN JORDAN & SON.—Schedules in bankruptcy of John L. Jordan, doing business as John Jordan & Son, builder, 449 West Twenty-eighth Street, show liabilities of $83,482 and nominal assets of $52,668, consisting of cash in bank, $35; accounts, $5,433; shares of stock, $2,200, and buildings, $45,000, on leased ground at 449-453 West Twenty-eighth Street. Among the creditors are the West Twenty-eighth Street Company, $25,250, secured by a mortgage on a leasehold; Chelsea Exchange Bank, $7,097; John Jordan, $6,764, and M. Dowling, $3,300.

THE STAR CAFE.—A petition in bankruptcy has been filed against Frederick Benfield, who did business as the Star Cafe, 172 Fifth Avenue and 3 West Twenty-second Street, by these creditors: John L. Hasbrouck & Sons, $804; Josephson Brothers, $147, and Edward Gordon, $73. It was alleged that he is insolvent, has transferred part of his fixtures and stock, valued at $1,000, and made preferential payments of $250. Judge Holt appointed William Haupt receiver, with a bond of $750, and authorized him to continue business for fifteen days. The fixtures are estimated at $1,000 and stock at $500.

Discharges from Bankruptcy.

Judge Holt of the United States District Court has granted discharges to these bankrupts:

JACOB HYMOVITZ, cloak manufacturer, 859 West Broadway, liabilities $18,030.

ISAAC RABUCHIN, formerly of the Elite Manufacturing Company, cloaks, 332 Canal Street, liabilities $7,333.

AUGUST F. FEUSS, grocer, Middletown, liabilities $5,481.

JOHN McGEE, broker, 2,025 Washington Avenue, formerly truckman and horse dealer, liabilities $8,036.

ISRAEL SCHULTZ, laborer, 117 East 103d Street, liabilities $282.

Out of Town.

BRIDGEPORT, Conn., March 30.—Hobart E. French has been appointed temporary receiver of the Bridgeport Safety Emery Wheel Company. The temporary receiver's bond is $50,000.

Special to The New York Times.

BOSTON, March 30.—W. F. Taylor & Co., proprietors of the Hotel Tivoli, Boston, filed a bankruptcy petition to-day giving their liabilities at $21,522 and assets $20,832.

Judgments.

The following judgments were filed yesterday, the first name being that of the debtor:

Altman, C.—City of N. Y., $943.
Aiken, J.—Oliver Typewriter Co., $44.
Boyer, Anna E.—Selwyn & Co., $306.
Benet, Ex. P.—City of N. Y., $578.
Biddle, E. C.—Oliver Typewriter Co., $41.
Blackman, M. and P.—Etta Rulin, $115.
Blanco, F., (not summoned)—Congress Brewing Co., $588.
Buck, M.—Greater New York Tin and Tar Roofing Co., $29.
Beck, R. W.—F. H. Mosler, $267.
Bruenn, J. B.—P. Siegel, $72.
Bauhahn, G. E.—S. J. Bloomingdale et al., $104.
Boyojian, P.—T. J. Kaikorian, $196.
Brickman, J. W.—H. T. Alexander & Co., $189.
Braunstein, M.—N. Y. City Ry. Co., costs, $69.
Bennett, H. M.—J. R. Johnston et al., $29.
Ballan, G.—C. B. Partridge, $247.
Bardo, H.—L. Cohn, $512.
Bierman, Emelia—Herrmann Furniture and Plumbers' Cabinet Works, $280.
Cowen, Matilda—City of N. Y., $203.
Chierecati, G.—City of N. Y., $37.
Chamberlain, L.—E. C. Corr, $157.
Conlan, F.—National Fireproofing Co., costs, $21.
Conville, W. T.—Greenwich Printing Co., $878.
Clair, Ida T.—Max Feist, $221.
Corbin, E. S.—Am. Exch. Cigar Co., $69.
Creange, C.—P. E. Vernon et al., $52.
Condory, G.—Rothschild & Co., $187.
Crasson, F. E.—J. A. Bodine, $279.
Creamer, A. F.—Swift & Co., $52.
Cardashian, L.—T. J. Krikorian, $196.
Cullen, B.—J. F. Enverts, $81.
Campbell, J. B.—Chester Billings & Son, $304.
Crawford, E. J.—L. Koblitz, $69.
Caplan, J. and A.—J. Weinberger, $333.
Chapman, L. C.—Humphreys' Homeopathic Medicine Co., $81.
Dartman, J.—P. Siegel, $72.
Harnik, A.—S. Greenstein, $46.
Hickey, F. J.—J. Russell, $109.
Chattle, T. H.—City of N. Y., $203.
Cooper, Nathan—Same, $203.
Crene, George—Same, $213.
Curtiss, James—Same, $213.
Creive, Emma—Same, $213.
Coady, Francis R.—Same, $203.
Carr, Michael—Same, $213.
Cantlin, Thomas J.—Same, $213.
Donnegan, J. A.—Alice J. Earley, costs, $81.
Doe, Wm.—Yincent Valentine et al., $45.
De Forest, O.—A. E. Stone, $285.
Diamant, S.—L. Goldstein, $319.
Dunn, P. J.—City of N. Y., $203.
Delaney, D. J.—Belle of Jefferson Distilling Co., $160.
Dienst, A. P.—City of N. Y., costs, $146.
Same—N. Y. N. H. & H. R. R. Co., costs, $73.
DE LAMONTTE, A. C.—L. B. De Lamontte, costs, $228.
Eagan, W. J.—Ignatz Vogel, $519.
Ettenson, A.—Bennett, Sloan & Co., $102.
Edwards, G. F.—City of N. Y., $213.
Druck, H.—Esther Druck, costs, $1,111.
Egan, W.—D. McKown et al., costs, $39.
Ellsworth, A. W.—Ezra Estep et al., $43.
Flower, T. P.—City of N. Y., $203.
Files, Imogene—City of N. Y., $135.
Fleischman, J. H.—A. Rofheart, $28.
Feltenstein, A.—Dey Time Register Co., $282.
Fowler, J. D., (not summoned)—Herrman Furniture & Plumbers' Cabinet Works, $230.
Fiske, A. C.—Lords Court Bldg., $143.
Feder, F., (not summoned)—E. D. Coler, $97.
Gurlaird, P.—Abraham Beller, $164.
Gordon, J. J.—Ronaids & Johnson Co., $69.
Graeffe, Jessie—Union Trust Co. of N. Y., $204.
Gaffin, W. F.—City of N. Y., $573.
Goetz, John—City of N. Y., $213.
Ginsberg, Samuel—City of N. Y., $208.
Grant, P. G.—Henrietta Stein et al., possession of property, or $2,922.
Hall, Jesse M.—Reine Conrad, $323.
Hirshfeld, M.—J. F. Barry et al., $1,139.
Hartog, A.—Rose M. Hickey, $1,141.
Hays, Daniel P.—I. Gainsburg, costs, $123.
Hershfield, A.—Same, costs, $123.
Herman, I.—J. H. Meyer et al., $261.
Hardy, T.—W. E. Hughes, $48.
Horton, C. G.—Little Creek Lumber Co., $469.
Holocher, A.—R. Ehler, costs, $32.
Hart, Daniel—John A. Bodine, $173.
Hurley, J.—H. Rosenstein et al., $94.
Halpern, J.—J. Tennan et al., $64.
Hines, Mary, (not summoned,) and Susan E.—Simpson Lever, $120.
Hoffmeister, E. C.—E. Hemmendinger, $93.
Hackett, Margaret—City of New York, $578.
Joseph, S.—Edward D. Winter, costs, $109.
Jones, David A.—P. H. McNutty et al., $108.
Jacobs, Jennie—L. Goldstein, $319.
Israel, J. and A.—U. S. Gas Fixture Co., $125.
Kugler, J.—City of N. Y., $76.
Kilbon, F., (not summoned)—J. Tennan et al., $64.
Korn, P.—A. Rafheart, $28.
Kornblut, A.—Diehl Mfg. Co., $84.
Kelly, J. J.—J. Sinnott, $101.
Karpas, G. M.—J. Simmons Co., $2,742.
Lubetsky, D.—Anita Piza, $2,692.
Leon, H. T.—T. Van Beinen et al., $2,257.
Levy, S.—H. J. Corbet, $138.
Levine, M. S.—Title Guarantee and Trust Co., $90.
Lamb, Salina—J. Deven, $137.
Laber, J.—City of N. Y., $37.
Levy, H.—Same, $37.
Lacht, A.—Same, $35.
Lang, A.—Same, $37.
Leavitt, R. E.—Henrietta Stein et al., possession of property or $2,922.
Murray, R. H.—E. B. Malleson, $77.
Makarzel, N.—M. Lang, $54.
Mahony, F. D.—L. Bertilzheimer, $92.
Martin, G. M.—V. Valentine et al., $45.
Molltor, Bertha—N. Y. City Ry. Co., costs, $67.
Miller, E., Jr.—W. D. Hanferd, $356.
McHugh, J.—D. Knopp, $27.
Mendlowitz, S.—L. Klein, $29.
Mehden, H. C.—Butler Bros., $153.
Meisler, S.—C. Fenkarb et al., $236.
Manheimer, Mrs. C.—Anderson & Price Co., $160.
Mossler, H. L.—Preferred Accident Ins. Co., costs, $111.
Moore, J. B. and J. A.—New Netherland Bank of N. Y., $1,800.
McDowell, C. E.—City of N. Y., $388.
McCarthy, Caroline—Twelfth Ward Bank of the City of N. Y., $217.
McDermott, Bessie—Jeannette Busse, $53.
Napolitano, E.—Congress Brewing Co., $588.
Olsen, John—Louis H. Bross, $90.
Oakley, G. W.—Etta Crowley et al., $208.
O'Shaughnessy, M. J.—D. H. Weyant, $143.
Poggi, Paul—Henry Hollander, $139.
Peyton, A. J.—Waldorf-Astoria Hotel Co., $2,544.
Penfield, Wm. W.—Oscar I. Mayer, $2,077.
Paladino, Giuseppe—Francesco Romeo, $349.
Proska, Aaron C.—City of N. Y., $388.
Patitiro, Hyman (not summoned)—Charles Fenkard et al., $236.
Romanelli, Frank—Diehl Mfg. Co., $84.
Read, Albert (not summoned) and Edward—Ragus Tea and Coffee Co., $19.
Rothman, Abraham—Moe Frank, $14.
Rosenberg, Aaron—Henry A. Adderton, $233.
Rosen, Louis—William Pieres, $118.
Rosenberg, Frank—Jacob Weinberger, $338.
Rossner, Jacob—Same, $333.
Rosenthal, E.—N. Y. City Ry. Co., costs, $74.
Savarese, A.—Thorndike & Hix, $36.
Shapiro, Sarah—J. Kazemeler et al., $41.
Salkin, Ellis E.—V. Valentine et al., $51.
Strunsky, Ella—Adolph C. Walmark, $488.
Schapiro, Max—Sigmund Baumoehl et al., $90.
Spitzer, Morris—Lena Sternschuss, $132.
Strong, Wilbur—Palmer & Pierce, $23.
Sarony, Abram—Bennett, Sloan & Co., $102.
Soldin, Robert L.—M. Savatzky, $94.
Snow, Jessie E.—Nathan B. Van Etten, $105.
Saunders, Joseph—City of N. Y., $49.
Stone, John T.—Same, $758.
Sternberg, Herman B.—Same, $111.
Smith, Samuel—City of N. Y., $203.
Thomson, W. Mowbray—Rothschild & Co., $192.
Tuchschmidt, Carrie—Leonard Cohn, $512.
Todd, R. P.—Hooper Bros. & Thomas, $273.
Tabris, Morris—Meyer Schorsch et al., $18.
Vlebrock, C.—J. M. Washburn Co., $66.
Van Duzer, A. H.—Anna W. Bradbury, $77.
Weidemeyer, Elizabeth G.—S. D. Pearce et al., $953.
Wilson, J.—City of N. Y., $213.
Weinstein, I.—J. E. Coles, $97.
White, J.—W. Apotheke, $52.
Walsh, T. S.—R. M. Anderson, $860.
White, A. S.—Winthrop Moving Picture Co., possession of property and $163, or $231.
Wygant, Jasephine A.—G. Auster, costs, $79.
Herbert Realty Co.—J. T. Dallas, $5,400.
Concrete Assn. of America—Improved Property Holding Co. of N. Y., $1,198.
City of N. Y.—J. Regan, $2,750.
Am. Sightseeing Coach Co.—J. Jordan, $838.
Central Railroad of N. J.—Am. Brass and Copper Co., $1,052.
Jackson Baggage Express Co.—J. Figarsky, $60.
Same—A. Figarsky, $150.
The Columbia Steel Castings Co.—A. Frankenheim et al., $77.
The Warncke Co.—Remington Typewriter Co., $295.
Belmont Realty and Construction Co.—Sonnabend & Grower, $115.
Kingston Realty Co.—Waldorf-Astoria Segar Co., $355.
Princess Realty Co.—F. Kiernan, $208.
N. Y. City Ry. Co.—Josephine Carroll, $300.
Same—Catherine Gilhooley, $175.
Same—M. Forman, $750.
Brooklyn Heights R. R. Co.—H. F. Serle, $4,185.
The City of N. Y.—M. J. Butler, $5,000.
Same—N. Magee, $3,000.
Seaboard Rubber Co.—U. S. Gas Fixture Co., $16.
L. J. Borgenski Co.—Holland Delft and Specialty Co., $37.
Same—A. D. Crane, $1,125.
N. Y. City Ry. Co.—W. Milne, $350.
Am. Bonding Co. of Baltimore—F. T. Van Beuren et al., $2,267.

Satisfied Judgments.

The first name is that of the debtor, the second that of the creditor, and the date that when judgment was filed.

Bennett, D. M. and H. C.—E. R. Coale, May 17, 1906, (reversed,) $210.
Beaumont, A.—N. J. Beaumont, Dec. 19, 1900, $105.
Buckley, D.—A. A. Macdonald, March 12, 1908, $356.
Bresnan, P. J.—W. E. Pruden, June 6, 1895, $108.
Bauerdorf, C. F., and G. Karsk—R. J. Moses, Dec. 28, 1907, $5,988.
Campbell, J. J., Eagle Const. Co., M. B. Sulzberger, and M. I. Schwartz—M. Barber, Sept. 13, 1906, $520.
Everett, J. H.—C. N. Haskell, May 1, 1905, $351.
Felber, W.—M. Benikowsky, Jan. 6, 1896, $520.
Glaser, L.—J. S. Emmerman, March 24, 1908, $81.
Hanse, J., and C. H. Immig—J. L. Mott Iron Works, Aug. 9, 1895, $1,281.
Hohman, E. B., and E. Pitzele—E. L. Aurich, Nov. 5, 1904, $75.
Kramer, P.—H. B. Claflin Co., March 6, 1908, $151.
Linsenmaier, A.—Link Provision Co., March 11, 1908, $296.
Leopold, C.—H. H. Meyers, March 17, 1908, $396.
Moneure, Margaret F.—J. Rubin, March 26, 1908, $110.
Oliver, Francis V. S.—R. J. Moses, Feb. 27, 1903, $6,230.
Pell, O. P.—J. A. R. Dunning et al., May 11, 1889, $6,417.
Senior, H. H.—N. Y. City Ry. Co., April 16, 1907, $179.
Seaman, E. B.—I. A. Holmes, Sept. 5, 1906, $874.
Same—Same, Feb. 27, 1908, $96.
Same—Same, Feb. 15, 1907, $98.
Shaw, H. B.—F. Dreyer, July 6, 1904, $1,017.
Saladino, Josephine—H. K. Mount, Dec. 30, 1907, $44.
Swirsky, M., and M. Rivesman—First Nat. Bk. of Camden, N. J., March 14, 1908, $279.
Weisman, L.—D. Gross, March 17, 1908, $50.
Empire State Eng. Co.—C. I. Hamilton, March 19, 1908, $712.
Pease Piano Co.—H. B. Sarles, March 28, 1908, $88.
The Capital Realty & Const. Co.—Morton Miller Const. Co., March 12, 1908, $449.
Finkelstein, J.—S. Kaplan, Dec. 10, 1907, $1,247.
Reinhardt, J. T.—P. Stamm, Feb. 26, 1908, $56.
Walter, C. J.—Cusenier Co., Nov. 27, 1907, (vacated,) $231.

Arrival of Buyers

Buyers may register in this column by telephoning 1000 Bryant.

Hillman's, Chicago, Ill.; Mr. Tamblyn, men's clothing; 684 Broadway.
Jonas, L., & Co., Nashville, Tenn.; S. Jonas, cloaks and suits; 621 Broadway.
May Company, Cleveland, Ohio; Solomon Weil, linens, white goods, and domestics; 4 Washington Place.
La Bonte, L. P., Manchester, N. H.; cloaks and suits; Hotel Albert.
Wanamaker, John, Philadelphia, Penn.; J. Wilson, optical goods; Broadway and Tenth Street; Hotel York.
Palace Department Store, Spokane, Wash.; J. Hendry, cloaks, suits, and waists; Prince George Hotel.
Sisson Brothers-Welden Company, Binghamton, N. Y.; P. F. Tracy, linings, ribbons, and notions; Hotel Grand.
Siegel, Cooper & Co., Chicago, Ill.; C. Metz, ladies' hosiery and underwear; Sixth Avenue and Nineteenth Street; Hotel Latham.
Boston Store, Chicago, Ill.; L. V. Clark, linings; 377 Broadway; Hotel Imperial.
Carter Dry Goods Company, Louisville, Ky.; C. R. O'Brien, cloaks, suits, and muslin underwear; 43 Leonard Street; Hotel Albert.
Magnin, J., & Co., San Francisco, Cal.; S. Magnin, notions; Herald Square Hotel.
Bacon, Chappell & Co., Syracuse, N. Y.; C. E. Teeple, cloaks and suits; 817 Broadway; Park Avenue Hotel.
Rose, A., & Co., Vicksburg, Miss.; A. Rose, carpets and furnishing goods; 22 Howard Street.
Lisner, A., Washington, D. C.; A. S. Heller, books; The Hermitage.
Kleinhaus Company, Buffalo, N. Y.; E. L. Kleinhaus, clothing, cloaks, and suits; Prince George Hotel.
Farwell, J. V., Company, Chicago, Ill.; W. E. Rice, dress goods and woolens; 72 Leonard Street; Hotel Seville.
Duffy & McInnerney Company, Rochester, N. Y.; J. H. Parker, domestics; 468 Broadway; The Breslin.
Sisson Brothers & Weldon Company, Binghamton, N. Y.; A. H. Germond, dress goods; The Breslin.
Filene's Sons Company, Boston, Mass.; T. S. Mayer, kimonos, wrappers, and suits; The Breslin.
Kann, S., Sons & Co., Washington, D. C.; Miss S. H. Boxer, ribbons; 621 Broadway; The Breslin.
Parker, Bridget, Company, Washington, D. C.; O. A. Baker, cloaks, suits, and waists; The Breslin.
Adam, Meldrum & Anderson Company, Buffalo, N. Y.; L. Machemer, domestics; Mrs. A. M. Richardson, waists and muslin underwear, infants' wear, and corsets; 2 Walker Street.
Denholm & McKay Company, Worcester, Mass.; E. A. Blackwell, furnishing goods; L. C. Brown, dry goods; 2 Walker Street.
Almy, Bigelow & Washburn, Beverly, Mass.; Mr. Rudderham, furnishing goods; 2 Walker Street.
Almy, Bigelow & Washburn, Salem, Mass.; W. H. Sanborn, dry goods; C. R. Washburn, dry goods; A. E. Ellis, house furnishing goods; Mr. Daly, dry goods; 2 Walker Street.
Lowenstein, B., & Brother Dry Goods Company, Memphis, Tenn.; W. Folz, prints and dress goods; 43 Leonard Street.
Saal, M., Petersburg, Va.; clothing; Hotel Imperial.
Malley, E., Company, New Haven, Conn.; E. S. Pendleton, dry goods; 320 Church Street.
Porteous & Mitchell Company, Norwich, Conn.; J. Lee, millinery, ribbons, hosiery, and gloves; 57 White Street.
Grant, W. T., & Co., Lynn, Mass.; W. F. Grant, dry goods; 2 Walker Street.
Edson, Moore & Co., Detroit, Mich.; A. Dieterle, dress goods, silks, and linens; 51 Leonard Street; Hotel Wolcott.
Adam, J. N., & Co., Buffalo, N. Y.; J. McLaren, upholstery goods; 214 Church Street; Hotel Grand.
Hochschild, Kohn & Co., Baltimore, Md.; H. J. Rohr, millinery; Miss S. Oppenheimer, millinery; 31 Union Square; Hotel Grand.
Dewilde Brothers, Albany, N. Y.; M. Dewilde, furnishing goods and hats; Hotel Imperial.
Martin & Naylor, Gloversville, N. Y.; J. Martin, ladies' wear; Mrs. W. E. Jeffers, cloaks, suits, and waists; Hotel York.
Kennedy & MacInnes, Pittsfield, Mass.; W. H. MacInnes, dry goods; Hotel Navarre.
Ayres, L. S., & Co., Indianapolis, Ind.; C. A. Shaffer, cloaks, suits, and waists; 31 Union Square; Hotel Navarre.
Cox Brothers, Ellenville, N. Y.; W. S. Cox, dry goods; Herald Square Hotel.
Woodward & Lothrop, Washington, D. C.; Miss Metz, handkerchiefs; 438 Broadway; Holland House.
Penney & Gentles, St. Louis, Mo.; L. Ackerman, millinery; The Breslin.
Gimbel Brothers, Philadelphia, Penn.; T. A. Clements, muslin underwear and petticoats; 821 Broadway; Hotel Victoria.
Steiger, A., Company, Holyoke, Mass.; J. Pikosky, cloaks, suits, and skirts; Hotel Victoria.
Samuels, J., & Brother, Providence, R. I.; I. Ottenberg, muslin underwear and corsets; H. I. Sternlicht, domestics; Hotel Broztell.
Donaldson, L. S., & Co., Minneapolis, Minn.; G. E. Amluxen, silks; 2 Walker Street.
Horne, Joseph, Company, Pittsburg, Penn.; William Reed, laces and vellings; 320 Church Street.
Burnham-Hanna-Munger Dry Goods Company, Kansas City, Mo.; F. O. Hallett, cloaks, waists, skirts, and muslin underwear; 43 Leonard Street.
Kline Brothers, Altoona, Penn.; J. H. Moser, domestics; 214 Church Street.
Morse Clothing Company, Boston, Mass.; J. P. Morse, clothing; Hotel Breslin.
Whitney, William, & Co., Albany, N. Y.; C. H. Merchant, carpets; 396 Broadway.
Meldrum, H. A., Company, Buffalo, N. Y.; Miss M. A. Murray, muslin underwear, corsets, and infants' wear; 458 Broadway.
Forbes & Wallace, Springfield, Mass.; F. L. Sturtevant, housefurnishing goods; 2 Walker Street.
Whitney, William, & Co., Albany, N. Y.; R. Fleming, linens; 396 Broadway.
Peerless Skirt Company, Syracuse, N. Y.; D. Levey, skirts; Prince George Hotel.
Field, Marshall, & Co., Chicago, Ill.; J. J. Patchen, buttons and leather goods; 104 Worth Street; Hotel Latham.
Waddell Company, Cleveland, Ohio; W. W. Waddell, millinery; Hotel Latham.
Halle Brothers Company, Cleveland, Ohio; P. Clark, cloaks and suits; 31 Union Square; Hotel Seville.

Guide for Buyers

Cards may be inserted here upon order through telephone 1000 Bryant.

ANDIRONS (Brass and Iron.)
Janusch Mfg. Co., 18 East 22d St.

ANTIQUE LAMPS.
Janusch Mfg. Co., 18 E. 22d St. Also modern. The Antique Lamp Mfg. Co., 33 W. 125th St.

APRONS.
Kursheedt Apron Co., 605 B'way. Rompers.

ART LINENS, EMBROIDERY MATERIAL, NOVELTIES.
Bentley, Chas. E., Co., 588 Broadway.
Frankenberg, Henry E., 457 Broome St.

ART & ELECTRICAL FIXTURES.
Universal Mfg. Co., 54-60 Lafayette St.

AUTO COATS.
Silberman, Scheer & Meyer, formerly M. Silberman & Co., 36-38 W. 20. Also Raincoats.

BASKETS AND WILLOW WARE.
Chas. Zinn & Co., 130 Grand St.

BOYS' BLOUSES, WAISTS & SHIRTS
Edman Bros., 105 Franklin St. Est. 1889. Also Wash Suits and Knee Pants.

BRAIDS.
Kursheedt Mfg. Co., The, 438 Broadway.
Novelty Braid Mills, "V.N.&T.," 106 Grand St.
Sutro Bros. Braid Co., 127 Spring St.

BRASS NOVELTIES.
F. L. Harding, 41 Union Sq., (Desk Sets, &c.)

BUCKLES FOR CLOTHING MFGRS.
J.DukasCo.,835 B'way.GlideB'kl's,Adv.Brushes

CARPETS, RUGS, AND OILCLOTHS.
Union Carpet Co., 221-223 Canal St.

CHILDREN'S DRESSES & ROMPERS
E. B. Kursheedt Apron Co., 605 Broadway.

CLOAKS AND SUITS.
Rothschild, L., 45 E. 8th St. Ladies' Silk Coats. U.S.Cruv.R.C.Co.,28 W.15. SilkRub'rizedCoats

CORSETS.
Boston Hygienic Corset Co., 1 West 34th St.

COSTUMES & Shirt Waist Dresses.
J. Goldberg, 27 West 24th St.

ELECTROTYPES AND CUTS.
Freud Engraving Co., 104 Fulton St.

EMBROIDERIES.
Leumann, Boesch & Weingart, 593 B'way.

ENVELOPES (Sample & Catalogue.)
The Clasp Envelope Co., 109 Leonard St.

FAVORS & TABLE DECORATIONS.
B. Shackman & Co., 812 Broadway.

FILTERS (WHOLESALE.)
Self-cleaning Stone Filters. Linke, 1,561 B'way

FOUNTAIN & STYLO PENS.
Diamond Point Pen Co. Also Pearl, Gold, and Silver Writing Sets. 86-88 Fulton St.

HOSIERY.
Boley, M., 506 B'way. Men's Hosiery Exclus'ly
Haydock, J., 332 B'way. Hosiery, Underw'r.
Rubens & Meyer, 22-26 East 14th St.
Schiff, Henry, & Co., 890-92 B'way, cor. 19th

HAIR ORNAMENTS.
Pacific Novelty Co., 687 Broadway.

GLOVES—Kid, Fabric, Silk.
Weinstein, Max, Co., 157 Spring, Mfrs. Kid & Silk

KIMONOS, DRESSING SACQUES.
Nasrallah, S., 85 Washington St.

KNIT GOODS—COATS AND BL'SES.
Myres, Max M., 486 Broadway. Also Shawls.

KNIT GOODS—Knit Underwear.
American Hosiery Co., 108-110

IN THE REAL ESTATE FIELD.

Standard Oil Company Buys West Twenty-fifth Street Building—Sale of Large Tract on Staten Island—Dealings by Brokers and at Auction.

George Milne has sold to the Standard Oil Company of New York, for the J. B. & J. M. Cornell Company, the seven-story building, 75 by 100, at 551- to 555 West Twenty-fifth Street. This property is 100 feet east of Eleventh Avenue, in the heart of the railroad shipping centre. After extensive alterations the building will be used by the Standard Oil Company as offices and warerooms for one of its branch departments.

Building Near Times Square Sold.

N. A. Berwin & Co. have sold for the Flatiron Realty Company to a client for investment the four-story building 167 West Forty-seventh Street, on plot 20 by 100.

Henry Leerburger has sold 30 and 32 West Twenty-seventh Street, two four-story buildings, on plot 33 by 98.9.

Buyer for West 75th Street House.

James Graef has sold 28 West Seventy-fifth Street, a four-story dwelling, on lot 20 by 95.

Alfred E. Toussaint has leased for the estate of George W. Sutton the four-story dwelling 55 West Eighty-second Street, 18 by 100.

Sale of 540 Staten Island Lots.

D. T. Cornell has sold a tract of 540 lots at Dongan Hills, S. I., known as the Ensign property, to C. W. Schutzendorf. The buyer represents a syndicate which will develop the tract.

Cornelius G. Kolff has sold the Whitman plot on the Richmond Terrace, Port Richmond, to Paul Grimm, for $17,900. The property has a frontage of 185 feet on the Terrace and adjoins the Port Richmond station of the Staten Island Rapid Transit Railroad.

Benjamin N. Duke the Buyer.

The plot, 60 by 100, at the southeast corner of Fifth Avenue and Eighty-ninth Street, was transferred yesterday by William B. Leeds to Benjamin N. Duke. Mr. Duke gives back a mortgage for $240,000, due in three years, and carrying 5 per cent. interest.

New Fourth Avenue Building.

Plans have been filed for the new four-story building to be erected at the northwest corner of Fourth Avenue and Twenty-fifth Street by the Provident Loan Society, of which James Speyer is President. The structure will have a frontage of 75 feet in the street, with a facade of white marble. It is to cost $100,000. Renwick, Aspinwall & Tucker are the architects.

Plans have also been filed for the remodeling of the old five-story residence at 468 Fifth Avenue, owned by Frederick W. Vanderbilt, into a business building for D. S. Hess & Co. as lessees. The first two stories will be made over into stores.

Harlem Apartments Find Buyer.

The Delta Realty Company has sold the Anona, a six-story elevator apartment house at 231 and 233 West 141st Street, on plot 62.6 by 99.11.

Leases in Times Square District.

The Gross & Gross Company reports the following leases: The entire building 236 West Fifty-fourth Street, to Albert Hartog for Francis X. O'Connor for a term of years; also, for the J. C. Miller estate to a client, the store and rear building at 216 West Fiftieth Street; also, for Jacob Zimmerman to a client, the store at 1,855 Broadway; also, for the George Henry Warren estate, 128 West Fifty-fourth Street; also, for Gustav Schock to the Holbrook Singer Company, 7,000 square feet of space in 511 West Fifty-sixth Street.

E. A. Turner has leased 32 East Twenty-eighth Street to W. S. Baldwin; also 31 East Twenty-eighth Street to Mrs. C. Simpson; also the store at 203 East Fourteenth Street to the Western Union Telegraph Company; also the store at 124 East Twenty-third Street to Reeves & Co.

The G. P. Butterly Company has leased for Elizabeth C. Brown lofts in the building 131 West Twenty-fourth Street to the Columbia Refinishing Company and Benjamin S. Ammerman.

Barney Block Front Transferred.

The block front on the west side of Broadway, from Eighty-sixth to Eighty-seventh Streets, together with several properties on Washington Heights, was transferred yesterday by Mrs. Lilly W. Barney to the Barney Estate Company.

East Eightieth Street Purchase.

Ernest N. Adler has sold for William Ryba to Adolph Miller and Philip Fried 486 East Eightieth Street, a five-story double flat, with ground floor extension, on lot 25 by 102.2.

Sale of Forest Avenue Flats.

Zimmermann & Co. have sold for D. Robinson to Weil, Wolf & Kramer 981 to 985 Forest Avenue, a five-story flat, on plot 59.8 by 100; also, to Weil, Wolf & Kramer, the southwest corner of Webster Avenue and Ford Street, a vacant plot, 100 by 100.

Smith & Phelps have sold the vacant plot, 50 by irregular, running through from Tremont Avenue to Ninth Street, 405 feet west of Avenue B, Unionport.

Mrs. C. Yeager has sold to P. P. Lichtenberg 729 Cauldwell Avenue, a two-story frame dwelling, on lot 20 by 52.5.

Corporation Sells in Brooklyn.

The United Cities Realty Corporation, of which William E. Harmon is President, has sold, for $33,500, the southwest corner of Fulton Street and New York Avenue, Brooklyn, a store and apartment building, on plot 49 by 80.

Operator Adds to His Holdings.

Stuard Hirschman has added to his holdings at Corona, Borough of Queens, by purchasing from Michael A. Gallucci five parcels on Corona Avenue and Cambridge Street. This property adjoins the 200 lots bought by Mr. Hirschman some time ago.

Results at Auction.

Yesterday's offerings in the Real Estate Salesroom, 14 and 16 Vesey Street, resulted as follows:

By Joseph P. Day.

52d St, 428 West, s s, 350 ft w of 9th Av, 25x100.5, five-story brick tenement, with stores; foreclosure sale, to the plaintiff, Patrick McCarthy, $27,870.

By Charles A. Berrian.

52d St, 426 West, s s, 325 ft w of 9th Av, 25x100.5, five-story brick tenement, with store; foreclosure sale, to the plaintiff, Patrick McCarthy, $24,070.

THE BUILDING DEPARTMENT.

List of Plans Filed for New Structures in Manhattan and Bronx.

4th Av, 344 and 346, for a four-story brick office building, 39.6x75; Provident Loan Society of 105 East 22d St, owner; Renwick, Aspinwall & Tucker, architects; cost, $100,000.

Hunt Av, e s, 272 ft s of Bronxdale Av, for two two-story frame dwellings, each 21x48; Charles Ringlestein of 445 Unionport Road, owner; Henry Nordheim, architect; cost, $8,000.

188th St, n s, 119.7 ft w of Aqueduct Av, for a one-story frame dwelling, 20x40; Maria Galardi of 527 East 187th St, owner; Nicholas Serracino, architect; cost, $7,000.

Alterations.

Items involving less than $5,000 omitted.

Park Av, e s, 25 ft s of 129th St, to a two-story brick warehouse; C. Schildwachter, Park Av and 128th St, owner; G. Robinson, architect; cost, $5,000.

Mott St, 185, to a five-story brick tenement; J. Kemaing of 238 West 121st St, owner; M. Muller, architect; cost, $16,000.

5th Av, 453, to a five-story brick building; F. W. Vanderbilt of 459 5th Av, owner; R. S. De Coster, architect; cost, $8,000.

Grand St, 412, to a three-story brick building; M. Schinkman of 416 Grand St, owner; Sommerfeld & Steckler, architects; cost, $5,000.

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

Monday, March 30.

AMSTERDAM AV, e s, 80.9 ft n of 161st St, runs e 67.9 x irregular; Lilly N. Barney to Barney Estate Co., (mtg $125,000,) $1.

AMSTERDAM AV, e s, 220.10 ft n of 185th St, 57.9x242.7 to Fort George Av x-x251.10; Lilly W. Barney to Barney Estate Co., (mtg $160,000,) $1.

BROADWAY, s w corner of 87th St, 50.1x 82.3x50.3x96.9; 86th St, n w corner of Broadway, 151x92.1x180.8x61.7; Lilly W. Barney to Barney Estate Co., (mtg $145,000,) $1.

BROADWAY, n w corner of 144th St, 99.11x irregular; George A. Fisher Co. to Estelle F. Taylor, (mtg $170,000,) $100.

BATHGATE AV, s w corner of 178d St, 100.8x 70; Martin H. Vogel, referee, to Hene Cooper, $800.

CRESTON AV, 2,727, w s, 25x100.4; Ernst Keller to Henry Reinwald, Jr., (mtg $5,000,) $100.

CEDAR AV, w s, 98 ft s of 178th St, 25x 120.6x25.1x122.3; Reinhold M. F. Buge and others to Antenatte A. Petry, $100.

CATHEDRAL PARKWAY, s w corner of Manhattan Av, 100x72.11; Fifty Cathedral Parkway Co. to Noser Arndtstein, (mtg $105,000,) $100.

DALY AV, n w corner of 179th St, 83.7x110.4; Markus Eberhart and others to Maurice Ahl, $1.

FAILE ST, 1,045, 20x100; American Real Estate Co. to Adam P. Schmitt, $100.

HOUSTON ST, n s, 142.9 ft w of 1st Av, 16.8x 81.1x16.11x80; Isidor Ritter to Herman Heidenreich, ½ part, (mtg $14,000,) $100.

HUGHES AV, w s, 300 ft s of 183d St, 31x 120; Marie Krabo to Henry Puppel, (mtg $12,000,) $100.

JEROME AV, n e corner of 177th St, 117.4x 110.5x88.1x135.5; Corporation Liquidating Co. to John L. Hobson, (mtg $26,000,) $1.

JEROME AV, s e corner of 174th St, 380x100; Leonard Weill to Charles Weill, 1-9 part, $100.

LOT 10, map of 123 lots of Willis estate; Hudson P. Rose Co. to Harry Spielberger, Jr., $1.

LOTS 62, 63, and 64, map of Pugsley estate; Jacob Keller to George Hauser, (mtg $1,950,) $100.

LOTS 2, 221, and 222, map of Elizabeth R. B. King at City Island; Herman Wauer to Catharine W. Moessner, (mtg $4,500,) $100.

LOTS 29 and 37, map of 57 lots of Nellie Marvin at Westchester; Luigi Carota to Angelo Pagnuco, $1.

LOTS 69 to 71, map of 150 lots of Crane estate; Leonard Weill to Pincus Lowenfeld and another, 1-6 part, $100.

MORRIS AV, n s, 92.7 ft n of Washington Av, 18.6 x irregular; William G. Mulligan to Johann A. Woit, $1.

OGDEN AV, e s, 75 ft n of 166th St, 175x irregular; Elijhalet L. Davis to Emma E. Horn and another, $1.

PROSPECT AV, e s, 153.8 ft s of Fox St, 92.2x irregular; Thomas C. McDonald to Lawyers' Title Insurance Co., $10,500.

PLOT bounded by 179th St, Transverse Road or Concourse, and Jerome Av, —x—; James R. Roosevelt and others, trustees of William Astor, to Archibald Rogers, $115.

SOUTHERN BOULEVARD, n s, 550 ft w of St. John's Av, 75x irregular; Edmund J. Tinsdale to Lawyers' Title Insurance Co., $850.

VYSE AV, 1,145, w s, 20x100; Lydia B. Koch to Anna Edelman, (mtg $9,500,) $1.

WHITE PLAINS ROAD, w s, 246 ft n of 226th St, 93x125; Charles J. Chapman to Josephine J. Schnurmacher, (mtg $6,500,) $100.

WILLIAM ST, 294, s s, 18x88.1; Joseph F. Combossy to Frederick Wimmer, Jr., (mtg $12,100,) $1.

2D ST, n s, 120.5 ft w of Washington Av, 25x 122, Westchester; Patrick Mullin to John F. Condon, $100.

8D AV, n e corner of 167th St, 82x105.9; Maurice Ahl to Markus Eberhart, (mtg $50,000,) $100.

5TH AV, s e corner of 89th St, 60x100; William B. Leeds to Benjamin N. Duke, $100.

10TH AV, s s, e ½ of Lot 350, map of Wakefield, 50x114; Josephine J. Schnurmacher to Charles J. Chapman, (mtg $1,000,) $100.

216TH ST, n s, 283.2 ft e of 7th Av, 16.10x 99.11; William C. Haight to Mary T. Haight, (mtg $16,000,) $1.

30TH ST, 347 West, n s, 23.4x98.9; Margaret M. Byers to Peter Eyers, (mtg $9,000,) $100.

38TH ST, n s, 350.10 ft e of 8th Av, 17.1x98.9; Lina Ettlinger to Emma E. Horn and others, (mtg $14,000,) $100.

40TH ST, n s, 250 ft e of 2d Av, 25x56; Leonard Weill to Samuel Levy, $100.

75TH ST, s s, 127 ft w of Central Park West, 22x102.2; Annie M. Good to Rose Van Raalte, (mtg $28,000,) $1.

78TH ST, s s, 198.9 ft w of 2d Av, —x102.2x irregular; Jeannette Sohn and others, heirs, &c., of Louis Sohn, to Harry Shwitzer, $1.

85TH ST, 311 West, n s, 16x102.2; Agnes E. Harris to George H. Storm, (mtg $22,500,) $100.

85TH ST, 109 West, 18x97.6; Henry A. James, trustee, to Sarah A. Joseph, $100.

94TH ST, 153 West, 16x100.8; Francis Dedek to Charles Gahren, (mtg $16,000,) $100.

97TH ST, 305 East, n s, 25x100.11; Sarah Segal to Abraham L. Spitzer and another, $100.

97TH ST, 150 West, s s, 17.6x100.11; Samuel H. Ditchett to Louis P. Dowdney, (mtg $12,000,) $100.

108TH ST, 119 East, n s, 25x100.11; Lewis Kresner and others to Rebeka Polinsky, (mtg $23,925,) $100.

113TH ST, 18 East, 18.9x100.11; Albert T. Mitchell to Mary A. Maxcy, (mtg $17,850,) $1.

126TH ST, 231 East, n s, 25x99.11; Saul Propper and others to Louis Frankenstein, (mtg $20,000,) $500.

126TH ST, n s, 283.2 ft e of 7th Av, 16.10x 99.11; Henry P. Clarke, trustee, to Mary T. Haight, (mtg $16,000,) $1.

129TH ST, s s, 75 ft w of 7th Av, 18x99.11; Mary A. Castle, widow, to Theodore A. Schnitzlein, (mtg $8,000,) $1.

131ST ST, n s, 150 ft w of Amsterdam Av, 24.10x irregular; Jacob Goodman to Sophie Doyne, (mtg $7,650,) $100.

183D ST, n s, 100 ft w of Park Av, 50x99.11; Jacob Olinger and others to David Miller, (mtg $53,289,) $1.

134TH ST, 420 East, 16.8x100; John Waters to Alice Trapp, (mtg $5,000,) $8,000.

135TH ST, n s, 154 ft e of Southern Boulevard, 16.8x75; Jacob Miller to John Henkel, (mtg $3,000,) $1.

139TH ST, s s, 197.4 ft e of Brook Av, 37.6x 100; 139th St, s s, 272.4 ft e of Brook Av, 75x 100; Mark Blumenthal to Clara Blumenthal, ½ part, $100.

148TH ST, 527 East, n s, 37.10x84.9; Herman Bischoff to Frank O. Brown and another, executors, (mtg $32,000,) $40,000.

169TH ST, 285 East, n s, 20x90; Thornton Brothers Co. to Gilbert T. Craig, (mtg $4,500,) $100.

179TH ST, n s, 90.5 ft e of Creston Av, 50x 100; Elizabeth Steinmuller to Gustav Frey, $100.

Recorded Mortgages.

Interest is at 5% unless otherwise specified.

ARONOVITZ, Louis, to Henry Wendt; Henry St, 278 to 282, 2 years, 6%.....$8,000

CRAIG, Gilbert T., to Thornton Brothers Co.; 169th St, 285 East, prior mtg $4,500, bond, $2,500

ARDEN, Thomas B., to Title Guarantee and Trust Co.; Spring St, 150, bond.....$5,000

BRINKMAN, Frederika, to Trustees of Second Associate Church; F St, w s, 242.10 ft n of Dyckman St, 44.3x150.7, 5 years, 5½%...$6,000

BOCKELL, Alina, to Pauline F. Bockell; Lot 83, map of 84 lots of Susan A. Valentine, 5 years.....$3,000

CUSACK, Rose C., to Mary E. Stanton; Blackrock Av, s s, 205 ft e of Av D, 200x108, 3 years.....$4,000

DUKE, Benjamin N., to William B. Leeds; 5th Av, s e corner of 89th St, 60x100, 3 years, $240,000

DI FORO, Amodio, to Henry Elias Brewing Co.; Morris Av, w s, 58.10 ft s of 152d St, 58.10x100, prior mtg $53,000, bond....$2,000

FALK, Hannah I., to Frederick N. Rothschild; 58th St, n s, 311 ft e of 6th Av, 22x100.5, prior mtg $40,000, 4 years, 5½%.....$5,000

FELLER, Harry, to Edwin Nasten; Clinton Av, w s, 26.1 ft n of 181st St, 40x99.2, prior mtg $1,100, 1 year.....$3,000

FREY, Gustav, to Elizabeth Steinmuller; 179th St, n s, 90.5 ft e of Creston Av, 50x100, 3 years.....$6,000

FRAUGHIADI, Paul J., to Frederick T. Hoffman; 164th St, n s, 366.8 ft w of Trinity Av, 16.8x100, 3 years, 5½%.....$4,500

HERZBERG, Aaron, to Union Title and Mortgage Co.; Bowery, 39, 1 year, 6%.....$5,000

HILLMAN, Frank, to Mary I. Simpson; 120th St, 76 West, 5 years.....$15,000

HOLLAND, Mary, to Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co.; 22d St, 165 West, 3 years.....$5,000

JOSEPH, Sarah A., to Hannah Eckstein; 85th St, 109 West.....$15,000

KURZ, Bernard L., to Mina Engesser; 18th St, n s, 176 ft e of 1st Av, 20x92, 2 years, 6%.....$800

KELLY, Andrew J., to Caroline Ridgley; Prospect Av, s e s, 627 ft n e of Scammel St, 33x 150, due May 1, 1911, 6%.....$2,000

LIPSCHITZ, Isaac, to J. Henry Alexandre; Allen St, 121, due June 1, 1911, 6%...$5,000

LOVE, Alice M., to Herman Wiebke; 3d Av, 1,704, prior mtg $21,000, 3 years, 6%...$5,000

MOESSNER, Catherine W., to Herman Wauer; Lot 2, on s part of Lot 52, on old map of City Island; Lot 222, map of property of Elizabeth R. B. King, City Island, prior mtg $4,500, 3 years, 5½%.....$7,000

NEWMAN, Caroline T., to Mutual Life Insurance Co.; 54th St, 61 West, bond.....$1,000

OEHL, Frida, to American Surety Co.; 3d Av, 2,135, 1 year.....$1,903

PERRY, Antenatta A., to Ellen Shields; Cedar Av, w s, 98 ft s of 178th St, 25x120.6, bond.....$4,000

RIDAL, Annie, to Denis Horgan; 110th St, 85 East, 3 years, 6%.....$2,000

REILLY, Julia A., to Title Guarantee and Trust Co.; Tinton Av, 1,151, bond.....$4,500

SHAPIRO, Isaac, to Frances L. McLean; 91st St, s s, 94 ft e of 1st Av, 125x100.8; 1st Av, e s, 25 ft n of 61st St, 25x95; Bleecker St, 297 and 299; also ½ of R. T. I. to 3d Av, 514, installments, 6%.....$6,500

SCHMITT, Adam P., to American Real Estate Co.; Faile St, w s, 189.6 ft s of Bancroft St, 20x100, due May 1, 1911, 5½%..$8,500

STRASBOURGER, Samuel, to Jennie N. Schiffer, executrix; 136th St, n s, 372.6 ft w of 8th Av, 37.6x99.11, 3 years, 5½%....$30,000

SULLIVAN, Richard, to Katherine Gass; 9th St, s s, 105 ft e of Avenue D, 100x108, Unionport, due Jan. 1, 1909, 6%.....$500

SPIELBERGER, Harry, Jr., to Hudson P. Rose Co.; Lot 10, map of 123 lots of Willis estate, 2 years, 5½%.....$250

TISHMAN, Julius, to George Young; 1st St, 88 and 90 East, 5 years, 5½%.....$51,000

THE WAUBUN CO. to Manhattan Life Insurance Co.; 65th St, 68 West, bond.....$75,000

SCHNITZLEIN, Theodore A., to Mary A. Castle; 129th St, s s, 75 ft w of 7th Av, 18x99.11, 3 years.....$2,000

STORM, George H., to Agnes E. Harris; 85th St, 811 West, 3 years, 6%.....$10,500

SLATER, Cecelia L. A., to Marie R. Ryan, trustee; 7th Av, 2,200, prior mtg $80,000, 3 years, 5½%.....$5,000

TISHMAN, Julius, to Edward Mitchell, trustee; 1st St, n s, 96 and 98, 5 years.....$50,000

TROPP, Alice, to John Waters; 134th St, 420 East, 3 years, 6%.....$1,500

THE HUDSON GUILD to Bank for Savings; 27th St, s s, 475 ft w of 9th Av, 50x98.9, 3 years.....$50,000

VALENTINE, Moses M., to Jacob Bloch; 2d St, 32 and 34 East, prior mtg $45,000, 4 years, 6%.....$12,000

WALL, Caroline, to Louis Wiebke; 155th St, 687 and 689 East, 1 year, 6%.....$5,000

WINGERT, Charles, to Henry A. Wingert; Lot 130, map of East Tremont, prior mtg $4,000, bond.....$2,000

50 CATHEDRAL PARKWAY; Manhattan Av, s w corner of Cathedral Parkway, 72.11x 100, bond.....$105,000

Mechanics' Liens.

50TH ST, 126 and 128 West; Meyer Leibowitz against John Doe and Richard Roe, executors, owners; Michael Sidorowitz, contractor, $55.

HOE AV, 1,469; Samuel C. Solomon against Lobe & Kaufman, owners; Barnet Cohen, contractor, $51.

PARK AV, 540; Russell & Erwin Manufacturing Company, owner; Herman Probst, contractor, $942.

124TH ST, 153 East; Joseph H. Noss against Moses and Sarah Greenwald, owners and contractors; John Grelmes, contractor, $100.

WALKER ST, 89; Charles H. Darmstadt against Thomas F. Kaughran and Annabella McCool, trustees, owners; Gerstle Frank Construction Company, contractor, $293.

60TH ST, 108 East; Hull, Grippen & Co. against F. James D. Voorhees, owner; Heineken, Bayne & McCarthy, contractors, $38.

21ST ST, 18 and 20 West; Clara Bois against Twenty-first Street Building and Construction Company, owners, $329.

21ST ST, 18 and 20 West; T. Frederick Jackson, Inc., against Twenty-first Street Building and Construction Company, owner, $1,435.

Satisfied Mechanics' Liens.

86TH ST, 139 West; Ernest S. Piper against Bella H. Hughes and others, March 14, 1908, $17.

PARK AV, e s, whole front between 76th and 77th Sts; Alberene Stone Company against German Hospital and others, March 25, 1908, $176.

58TH ST, n s, 105 ft e of 3d Av, 50x100; Union Stove Works against Meyer Frank and others, May 10, 1907, $146.

32D ST, 19 East; Berger Manufacturing Company against J. F. Fleming and others, Feb. 10, 1907, $75.

Lis Pendens.

WEBSTER AV, e s, 125 ft s of Anna Place, 50x90; Estates Settlement Company against Leopold Hutter and others, (foreclosure of two mortgages;) attorneys, Carrington & Pierce.

BEECH TERRACE, s s, 111.1½ ft e of Crimmins Av, 75x100; W. M. Greer and others against Samuel Alderman and others, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, N. W. Chandler.

LOTS 36, 37, and 38, map of Highbridgeville, West Farms; Catherine Bagot and others against William Crussell and others, (action to determine claim;) attorneys, Peacock & Steves.

AVENUE A, e s, 102.2 ft s of 73d St, 25x98; Mary Higgins against Charles Wrestal and others, (partition;) attorney, A. Bloch.

SHERIDAN AV, 33; Caroline Leonhard against Lucy Roange, (specific performance;) attorney, J. W. Bryant.

MOTT ST, 302 and 304; Eugene V. Daly against Michele Brigante and others, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, E. V. Daly.

112TH ST, n s, 75 ft e of Madison Av, 20x100.11; Lilly Hirshkind against Julia Singer and others, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorneys, Wertheimer & Duffy.

3D AV, n w s, 67.8 ft n of 182d St, 74.6x103; John Oehler against Louis Hubener and others, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, H. Vogt.

SOUTH ST, 156; 30th St, n s, 365.9 ft w of 2d Av, 15.9x98.9; 25th St, s s, 435 ft w of 7th Av, 15x98.9; 30th St, s s, 328.2 ft e of 2d Av, 21x98.9; Front St, 216, and 22d St, n s, 200 ft w of 4th Av, 23x98.9; Anne E. Innes-Ker against James L. Breese and others, (amended partition;) attorneys, Smith & Simpson.

INTERVALE AV, e s, 144.3 ft n of 165th St, 50x100; Abraham Schneider against The F. H. C. L. Realty Co. and others, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, J. Frank.

99TH ST, s s, 80 ft w of West End Av, 20x100.11; Francis M. Jencks against Mildred Lewin and others, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, C. L. Westcott.

14TH ST, 101 West, and 6th Av, 209; Laurent J. Tonnele against Francis S. Wetmore and others, (action to recover one-eighth part;) attorney, J. R. Halsey.

14TH ST, 103 West; Laurent J. Tonnele against John F. Patterson and others, (action to recover one-eighth part;) attorney, J. R. Halsey.

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It is conceded that the greatest protection to the public in dealing with corporations is publicity. If a company has nothing to conceal it should not object to giving the public full information as to its affairs. The Lawyers Mortgage Company is the only Mortgage Company that tells all about its business—the amount of Guaranteed Mortgages outstanding, the amount of delinquent interest, the number of foreclosures during the year, and every item from which the public can judge for itself the uniform solidity and strength of its mortgage investments.

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20-foot 4-story house; reasonable price to immediate purchaser; possession May 1st.
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VERY LOWEST RATES.
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$14,000—$20,000.
Trust funds of above amounts to loan on first mortgage, Manhattan property. Owners, apply immediately. John A. Osborne, 62 Cedar St.

5 and 5½%
mortgage money for first mortgages on Manhattan improved property; principals. Adler, 1,506 1st Av.

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Want several amounts for mortgages on well-paying flats in good location with colored tenants; extraordinarily safe investments. Attorney, 150 Times Downtown.

Mortgage loans procured on Manhattan real estate, with quick action. Folsom Brothers, 835 Broadway.

Harlem; 6½-story tenement, 50x100.11; $70,000; $6,000 cash. E. T. Kingsley, 1 Madison Av.

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46th, near 11th.—2 5-story, 14-roomers; all improvements; $21,000. Folsom, 835 Broadway.

Bargain.—West 10th, three-story dwelling, 22x 100, $16,500. E. T. Kingsley, 1 Madison Av.

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A building to be devoted exclusively to Physicians' offices will be erected at and be known as
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It will be the only first-class building of this character thus far erected in the City.
Will be ready for occupancy September 1st, 1908.
Suites can be arranged to suit if application is made immediately.
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Exclusive Agents. 537 Fifth Avenue.

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No. 632 & 634 West 34th St
Three-story and basement, 55x85; elevator. For sale or to rent for term of years. Has railroad siding in rear.
ALFRED SETON, 156 Broadway.

PRIVATE HOUSE FOR SALE.
Very reasonable; latest improvements; 78th St., west of Columbus Av. M. Salmanowitsh, 143 Division St. Tel. 666—Orchard.

PRIVATE HOUSE FOR SALE.
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Private house for sale very cheap, 76th St., west of Columbus Av.; little cash required. M. Salmanowitsh, 143 Division St. Tel. 666 Orchard.

Mercantile building, $100,000 equity for west side elevator apartment south of 110th St.; principal, Thompson, 132 Nassau St.

To dissolve partnership, choice Broadway corner elevator apartment; bargain; principals, Thompson, 132 Nassau St.

For Sale—No. 12 Bedford St., 3-story and basement private brick house. Apply 72 Carmine St., Mrs. Revel.

Attention!—5-story tenement, West 47th St.; 2 families on floor; improvements; $23,000. John Hoeckh, 650 9th Av.

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NEW AMERICAN BASEMENT DWELLINGS,
141st St., between Amsterdam and Convent Avs. Choice resident section Washington Heights.
A FEW LEFT.
Decorations and chandeliers to suit purchaser. Call and see them. Man on premises.
PICKEN REALTY CO., on premises.

Little cash required; Washington Heights corners and inside lots ready to improve; commission to brokers. Sterling Realty Co., owner, 206 Broadway.

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For Sale at Great Bargain—Elegant three-family house, near Lexington Av., Yorkville; also fine 3-story and basement private house, $13,000; also, one near Lexington Av. at $9,000; easy terms. Hattenbach, 179 East 94th St.

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Broadway, Northwest Corner Reade St
66.6x124, for sale; one of the most desirable corners downtown. Apply to WM. C. WALKER'S SONS, 299 Broadway.

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Thirty detached two-family, modern, steamheated brick houses, all light rooms, bought at FORECLOSURE SALE of a mechanics' lien, now being finished in a first-class manner, will be sold SINGLY at ABSURDLY LOW prices, to IMMEDIATE purchasers.
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Two-story, all improvements, 13 rooms and 2 baths; located on St. Peter's and Overing Aves., right off WEST FARMS AVE. (trolley,) and a block away from the new MORRIS PARK station of the New Haven six-track electric railroad, now being built.
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Very desirable store and basement to let; also a few single offices; in the centre of the jewelry district; steam heat and elevator; rents low. Cruikshank Company, 141 Broadway.

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Office space, with unusual light; will divide to suit; Stokes Building, 333-341 4th Av., S. E. corner of 25th St. Wright Barclay, Agent, 435 4th Av.

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A few choice light and very desirable offices at moderate rentals.
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DESIRABLE OFFICES, especially for lawyers; entire twenty-sixth floor; A LAW LIBRARY free to tenants; also BOARD ROOM free.
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New 10 - story Fireproof Building, absolutely modern
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L. J. PHILLIPS & CO., Agents,
786 Prospect Av.,
or on premises all day.

6 AND 8 EAST 33D ST.
2 DOORS FROM 5TH AV.
Four New Stores
LOW RENTS
APPLY ON PREMISES OR
WM. BAUMGARTEN & CO., 323 5TH AV.

Sub-let. Owing to changes in firm a well [illegible] hotel moderate sized office in Trust Co. [illegible]merica Building, 37 Wall St.
[illegible]ly to Room 503, 43 Exchange Place, N. Y.

27 EAST 10th ST.
NEAR BROADWAY. ELEVATOR BUILD'G.
One loft left; 7 side windows; RENT ONLY $1,200.
324 CANAL ST.
1st Loft, $900; 2d Loft, $800.
C. F. BEDELL, CO., Broadway and 71st St.

No. 34 West 21st St.
4-Story Dwelling to Lease;
Altered for Business Purposes;
ALL IMPROVEMENTS.
H. J. SACHS & CO., 28 West 22d.

LOFTS TO LET.
ELEVATOR & POWER. 507-13 W. 50TH ST.

LOFTS TO LET
Steam heat, elevator, light. 515 West 29th St. [illegible]ckstairs, excellent opportunity; small store [illegible] flats; growing neighborhood; will lease. O'Rourke Bros., 200th St. and Webster Av.

[illegible] to let; studio offices, 105 East 17th; heat, light, attendance; $22 up. Folsom, 835 Broadway.

[illegible]ore and basement; new building; all improvements; rent low; also half loft; 35 [illegible].

[illegible]USINESS PURPOSES.
[illegible]owntown office by im[illegible] Times Square.

REFEREES' NOTICES.

NEW YORK SUPREME COURT, NEW YORK County.—WILLIAM PRAGER, plaintiff, against SAMUEL VAN BENSCHOTEN et als., defendants.

In pursuance of an interlocutory judgment of partition and sale in the above-entitled action, duly made and entered therein, bearing date the 12th day of November, 1907, and duly entered and filed in the office of the Clerk of the County of New York on the 13th day of November, 1907, I, the undersigned, the referee in said judgment named, will sell at public auction, at the Exchange Salesroom, Nos. 14-16 Vesey Street, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on the 12th day of March, 1908, at twelve o'clock of that day, by Joseph P. Day, auctioneer, the premises directed by said judgment to be sold, and therein described as follows:

All that certain lot, piece or parcel of land, with the building and improvements thereon erected, situate in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on the northeasterly corner of First Avenue and Houston Street, which parcel of land is bounded westerly in front by said First Avenue; southerly by Houston Street; northerly by land now or formerly belonging to Isaac A. Storm, and easterly by land now or formerly belonging to Cornelius Du Bois, which said lot of land contains in front on First Avenue twenty-five (25) feet two (2) inches; in the rear, on land now or formerly of Cornelius Du Bois, twenty-five (25) feet four (4) inches; southerly by Houston Street, ninety-two (92) feet, and northerly, on the other side, by land now or formerly of Isaac A. Storm, eighty-eight (88) feet five (5) inches, be said dimensions more or less.

Being the same premises which were conveyed by William C. Cox, referee, to Lemuel Pittman, Cornelius Van Benschoten, Samuel Van Benschoten and Henry H. Johnson, by referee's deed, dated February 25, 1887, and recorded April 8, 1887, in the office of the Register of the County of New York, in Liber 2047 of Conveyances, Page 80.

Dated New York, February 18, 1908.
HUGH R. GARDEN,
Referee.

BOWERS & SANDS, Attorneys for plaintiff. Office and Post Office address, 31 Nassau Street, Borough of Manhattan, New York, N. Y.

HON. THOMAS W. PITTMAN, Defendant in person, and Attorney for Defendant Josephine Pittman Hamilton.

WILLIAM H. VAN BENSCHOTEN, Esq., Attorney for Defendant American Mortgage Company.

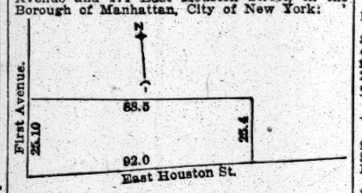
J. HOMER HILDRETH, Esq., Attorney for Defendants Executors of Cornelius Van Benschoten, deceased.

STARK B. FERRIS, Esq., Attorney for Defendant Marie Louise Hollerith.

EDWIN L. FORD, Esq., Attorney for Defendants Samuel Van Benschoten et als.

HON. WILLIAM S. JACKSON, Attorney-General, &c.

The following is a diagram of the property to be sold. Its street numbers are 2 First Avenue and 174 East Houston Street, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York:



The approximate amount of the taxes, assessments, and water rates or other liens, to be allowed to the purchaser out of the purchase money, or paid by the referee, is four thousand one hundred and fifty-seven and 44-100 dollars, ($4,157.44,) which amount may, however, have been apportioned and paid as to some of the undivided shares of said premises.

Said premises are sold subject to the tenancies of the present tenants.

Dated New York, February 18, 1908.
HUGH R. GARDEN,
Referee.

The foregoing sale is hereby adjourned to Thursday, March 26th, 1908, at the same hour and place.

Dated New York, March 12th, 1908.
HUGH R. GARDEN,
Referee.

The foregoing sale is hereby adjourned to Thursday, April 2, 1908, at the same hour and place.

Dated New York, March 26, 1908.
HUGH R. GARDEN,
Referee.

SUPREME COURT, NEW YORK COUNTY.—MARY E. CHATRY, Plaintiff, vs. JOHN E. POILLON et al., Defendants.

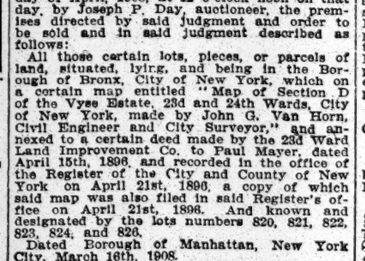
In pursuance of a judgment of foreclosure and sale, duly made in the above-entitled action, bearing date the 8th day of October, 1907, and entered in the office of the Clerk of the County of New York on the same day, and of that certain order of resale made in said action and entered in the office of the Clerk of said County on the 12th day of March, 1908, I, the undersigned, the referee in said judgment and order named, will sell at public auction, at the Exchange Salesrooms, numbers 14-16 Vesey Street, in the Borough of Manhattan, in the City of New York, on the 7th day of April, 1908, at 12 o'clock noon on that day, by Joseph P. Day, auctioneer, the premises directed by said judgment and order to be sold and in said judgment described as follows:

All those certain lots, pieces, or parcels of land, situated, lying, and being in the Borough of Bronx, City of New York, which on a certain map entitled "Map of Section D of the Vyse Estate, 23d and 24th Wards, City of New York, made by John G. Van Horn, Civil Engineer and City Surveyor," and annexed to a certain deed made by the 23d Ward Land Improvement Co. to Paul Mayer, dated April 15th, 1896, and recorded in the office of the Register of the City and County of New York on April 21st, 1896, a copy of which said map was also filed in said Register's office on April 21st, 1896. And known and designated by the lots numbers 820, 821, 822, 823, 824, and 826.

Dated Borough of Manhattan, New York City, March 16th, 1908.
STEPHEN P. NASH, Referee.

WALLACH & COOK, Attorneys for Plaintiff, 33 Wall Street, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York.

The following is a diagram of the property to be sold:



The approximate amount of the lien or charge to satisfy which the above-described property is to be sold is $5,639.60, with interest from the 1st day of October, 1907, together with the costs and allowances amounting to $251.87, with interest from the 1st day of October, 1907, together with the expenses of the sale and resale. The approximate amount of the taxes, assessments, and water rates or other liens to be allowed to the purchaser out of the purchase money, or paid by the referee, is $810.77 and interest.

Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, March 16th, 1908.
STEPHEN P. NASH, Referee.

SUPREME COURT, COUNTY OF NEW YORK.—NORTH AMERICAN MORTGAGE COMPANY, plaintiff, against TYLER REALTY AND MORTGAGE COMPANY and others, defendants.

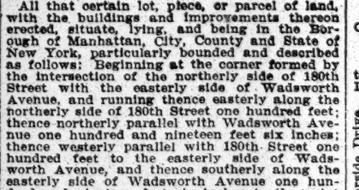
In pursuance of a judgment of foreclosure and sale, duly made and entered in the above-entitled action and bearing date the 13th day of March, 1908, I, the undersigned, the referee in said judgment named, will sell at public auction at the Exchange Salesroom, Nos. 14-16 Vesey Street, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on the 7th day of April, 1908, at 12 o'clock noon on that day, by Joseph P. Day, auctioneer, the premises directed by said judgment to be sold, and therein described as follows:

All that certain lot, piece, or parcel of land, with the buildings and improvements thereon erected, situate, lying, and being in the Borough of Manhattan, City, County and State of New York, particularly bounded and described as follows: Beginning at the corner formed by the intersection of the northerly side of 180th Street with the easterly side of Wadsworth Avenue, and running thence easterly along the northerly side of 180th Street one hundred feet; thence northerly parallel with Wadsworth Avenue one hundred and nineteen feet six inches; thence westerly parallel with 180th Street one hundred feet to the easterly side of Wadsworth Avenue, and thence southerly along the easterly side of Wadsworth Avenue one hundred and nineteen feet six inches to the point or place of beginning.

Dated New York, March 16th, 1908.
ARTHUR J. McCLURE, Referee.

CLARENCE L. WESTCOTT, Attorney for plaintiff, 100 Broadway, Manhattan, New York City.

The following is a diagram of the property to be sold; its street numbers are unknown.



The approximate amount of the lien or charge to satisfy which the above-described property is to be sold is $87,403.59-100, with interest thereon from the 6th day of March, 1908, together with costs and allowance amounting to $338.20-100, with interest from March 13th, 1908, together with the expenses of the sale. The approximate amount of the taxes, assessments, and water rates, or other liens, which are to be allowed to the purchaser out of the purchase money, or paid by the referee, is $1,069.17-100 and interest.

Dated New York, March 16th, 1908.
ARTHUR J. McCLURE, Referee.

SURROGATE NOTICES.

GARNER, HARRIET H.—In pursuance of an order of Hon. Abner C. Thomas, a Surrogate of the County of New York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against HARRIET H. GARNER, late of the County of New York, deceased, to present the same, with vouchers thereof to the subscriber, at her place of transacting business, at the office of Messrs. Whitridge, Butler & Rice, No. 59 Wall Street, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on or before the first day of August next.

Dated New York, the 21st day of January, 1908.
HARRIET H. GARNER, Administratrix.
WHITRIDGE, BUTLER & RICE, Attorneys for Administratrix, 59 Wall Street, New York City.

REFEREES' NOTICES.

SUPREME COURT, NEW YORK COUNTY.—WARREN McCONIHE, plaintiff, against MINNIE V. TELFAIR and another, defendants.

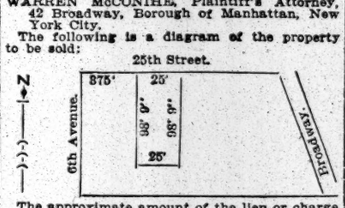
In pursuance of a judgment of foreclosure and sale herein and duly entered in the New York County Clerk's office on March 23, 1908, I, the undersigned, referee in said judgment named, will sell at public auction at the New York Real Estate Exchange Salesroom, Nos. 14 and 16 Vesey Street, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on April 17, 1908, at 12 o'clock noon of that day, by Bryan L. Kennelly, auctioneer, the interests of the parties to said action in said premises directed by said judgment to be sold and therein described as follows:

All that certain lot, piece, or parcel of land, with the buildings and improvements thereon erected, situate, lying, and being in the Borough of Manhattan of the City of New York, in the County and State of New York, known and distinguished on a map entitled "Map of 104 lots of land, situated in the 18th Ward in the City of New York, belonging to the Farmers' Loan and Trust Company," made by John J. Serrell, City Surveyor, dated October, 1848, and filed in the office of the Register of the County of New York by Lot No. 67 on the southwesterly side of 25th Street, and which said lot is bounded and described as follows: Beginning at a point on the southwesterly side of 25th Street, distant southeasterly 375 feet from the southeasterly corner of 6th Avenue and 25th Street; running thence southwesterly parallel with 6th Avenue 98 feet 9 inches to a point equally distant between 24th and 25th Streets; thence southeasterly parallel with 25th Street 25 feet; thence northeasterly parallel with 6th Avenue 98 feet 9 inches to the southwesterly line of 25th Street; thence northwesterly along the southwesterly line of 25th Street 25 feet to the point or place of beginning, being known as No. 32 West 25th Street.

Dated New York, March 25, 1908.
CHARLES S. GUGGENHEIMER, Referee.

WARREN McCONIHE, Plaintiff's Attorney, 42 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, New York City.

The following is a diagram of the property to be sold:



The approximate amount of the lien or charge to satisfy which the above-described property is to be sold is $2,746.77, with interest thereon from March 23, 1908, together with costs and allowances amounting to $255.76, with interest thereon from March 23, 1908, together with the expenses of the sale.

The premises will be sold subject to the following incumbrances:

1st. Two prior mortgages of $34,000.00 and $17,000.00, aggregating $51,000.00, and also accrued interest thereon as follows: On $34,000.00 from Jan. 1st, 1908, and on $17,000.00 from June 20, 1907, and on one of which mortgages foreclosure proceedings have been commenced by Warren McConihe, the mortgagee.

2d. The costs of said foreclosure brought by Warren McConihe.

3d. A lease dated March 16th, 1905, recorded in N. Y. County Register's office, Liber 100, Section 3 of Conveyances, at Page 214, expiring May 1st, 1910, at an annual rent of $3,470.

4th. Option to renew said lease for a further term of five years from May 1st, 1910, to May 1st, 1915.

5th. Setback agreement of five (5) feet.

6th. Covenant against nuisances or any manufactory, trade, business, or calling whatsoever noxious or offensive to the neighborhood inhabitants, and as to use and character of building, contained in agreement recorded in Liber 515 of Conveyances, at Page 500, and violation thereof.

7th. Encroachments of stoops, cornice, newel posts, &c., as shown on F. K. Ford's survey, dated Feb. 28th, 1905.

8th. Party wall on east as shown by survey, right to maintain vault, if any, under sidewalk.

CHARLES S. GUGGENHEIMER, Referee.
WARREN McCONIHE, Plaintiff's Attorney, 42 Broadway, N. Y. City.

SUPREME COURT, COUNTY OF NEW YORK.—THE COMMONWEALTH MORTGAGE COMPANY, Plaintiff, against THE RUTLAND REALTY COMPANY and others, Defendants.

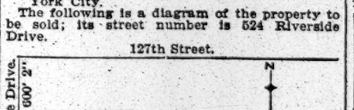
In pursuance of a judgment of foreclosure and sale, duly made and entered in the above-entitled action, and bearing date the 19th day of March, 1908, I, the undersigned, the referee in said judgment named, will sell at public auction, at the Exchange Salesroom, Nos. 14-16 Vesey Street, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on the 14th day of April, 1908, at 12 o'clock noon on that day, by Joseph P. Day, auctioneer, the premises directed by said judgment to be sold, and therein described as follows:

All that certain piece or parcel of land, situate, lying, and being in the Borough of Manhattan, City, County, and State of New York, and bounded and described as follows: Beginning at a point on the easterly side of Riverside Drive, distant six hundred feet and two inches southerly from the corner formed by the intersection of the easterly side of Riverside Drive with the southerly side of One Hundred and Twenty-seventh Street, and running thence southerly along the easterly side of Riverside Drive seventy-five feet; thence easterly and parallel with 127th Street eighty-six feet; thence northerly and parallel with Riverside Drive seventy-five feet; thence westerly and parallel with 127th Street eighty-six feet to the easterly side of Riverside Drive at the point or place of beginning.

Dated New York, March 23d, 1908.
WALTER B. CAUGHLAN, Referee.

CLARENCE L. WESTCOTT, Attorney for Plaintiff, 100 Broadway, Manhattan, New York City.

The following is a diagram of the property to be sold; its street number is 524 Riverside Drive.



The approximate amount of the lien or charge to satisfy which the above-described property is to be sold is $57,788 00-100, with interest thereon from the 17th day of March, 1908, together with costs and allowance amounting to $366 85-100, with interest from March 19, 1908, together with the expenses of the sale. The approximate amount of the taxes, assessments, and water rates, or other liens, which are to be allowed to the purchaser out of the purchase money, or paid by the referee, is $3,976 84-100 and interest.

Dated New York, March 23d, 1908.
WALTER B. CAUGHLAN, Referee.

SUPREME COURT, COUNTY OF NEW YORK.—THE METROPOLITAN IMPROVEMENT COMPANY, Plaintiff, against THE RUTLAND REALTY COMPANY and others, Defendants.

In pursuance of a judgment of foreclosure and sale, duly made and entered in the above-entitled action, and bearing date the 19th day of March, 1908, I, the undersigned, the referee in said judgment named, will sell at public auction, at the Exchange Salesroom, Nos. 14-16 Vesey Street, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on the 14th day of April, 1908, at 12 o'clock noon on that day, by Joseph P. Day, auctioneer, the premises directed by said judgment to be sold, and therein described as follows:

All that certain piece or parcel of land situate, lying, and being in the Borough of Manhattan, City, County, and State of New York, and bounded and described as follows: Beginning at a point on the easterly side of Riverside Drive, distant six hundred feet and two inches southerly from the corner formed by the intersection of the easterly side of Riverside Drive with the southerly side of One Hundred and Twenty-seventh Street; and running thence southerly along the easterly side of Riverside Drive seventy-five feet; thence easterly and parallel with 127th Street eighty-six feet; thence northerly and parallel with Riverside Drive seventy-five feet; thence westerly and parallel with 127th Street eighty-six feet to the easterly side of Riverside Drive, at the point or place of beginning.

Dated New York, March 23d, 1908.
WALTER B. CAUGHLAN, Referee.

CLARENCE L. WESTCOTT, Attorney for Plaintiff, 100 Broadway, Manhattan, New York City.

The following is a diagram of the property to be sold; its street number is 524 Riverside Drive.

The approximate amount of the lien or charge to satisfy which the above-described property is to be sold is $57,788 00-100, with interest thereon from the 17th day of March, 1908, together with costs and allowance amounting to $366 85-100, with interest from March 19th, 1908, together with the expenses of the sale.

Dated New York, March 23d, 1908.
WALTER B. CAUGHLAN, Referee.

SUMMONSES.

SUPREME COURT, NEW YORK COUNTY.—WILLIAM M. GREER and CLARENCE C. HARMSTAD, Plaintiffs, against SAMUEL ALDERMAN and "MARY" ALDERMAN, his wife, if any, the name "Mary" being fictitious, the real first name of said defendant being unknown to the plaintiffs, and Harry T. Howell, Defendants.

To each of the above-named defendants:

You are hereby summoned to answer the complaint in this action, and to serve a copy of your answer on the plaintiffs' attorney within twenty days after the service of this summons, exclusive of the day of service; and in case of your failure to appear or answer, judgment will be taken against you by default, for the relief demanded in the complaint. Dated December 2d, 1907.

NORMAN WILMER CHANDLER, Plaintiffs' Attorney, Office and Post Office Address No. 176 Broadway, Manhattan, New York City.

To the defendants, Samuel Alderman and "Mary" Alderman, his wife, if any, the name "Mary" being fictitious, the real first name of said defendant being unknown to the plaintiffs:

The foregoing summons is served upon you by publication, pursuant to an order of Hon. James A. O'Gorman, Justice of the Supreme Court of the State of New York, dated the 28th day of March, 1908, and filed with the complaint in the office of the Clerk of the County of New York, in the County Court House, in the County of New York. Dated March 28th, 1908.

NORMAN WILMER CHANDLER, Plaintiffs' Attorney, Post Office Address, 176 Broadway, Manhattan, New York City.

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And Enjoy the Delights of Early Spring.
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HOTEL DENNIS
Maintains an unobstructed view of the Ocean and Boardwalk, is most liberally appointed, and conducted on the American Plan.
Hot and cold sea water in private and public baths.
Write directly to the owner and proprietor for information and rates.
WALTER J. BUZBY.

HOTEL CHELSEA
ATLANTIC CITY, N. J.
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Whole block beach front, Boston Avenue and Boardwalk, Atlantic City, N. J.—Ideal location, with 400 rooms overlooking ocean; 200 with bath. Same management as last season. Admirably adapted for families. Appointments most modern. Capacity 600 guests. White service exclusively. Table and service highest standard of excellence. Hot and cold sea water baths. Heated sea-water swimming pool. Magnificent sun parlor, steam heated. Elevators. Musical concerts. Social diversions. Auto meets trains. Write for literature. Make reservation now of choice rooms for Easter. Terms $15, $17.50, $21 weekly, American plan. New York Booking Office, 289 Fourth Avenue. Telephone 6246 Gramercy. D. B. RAHTER, Manager.

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(Capacity 1100)
The leading resort house of America.
Particularly attractive during
ATLANTIC CITY'S GREAT SPRING SEASON
March, April and May
The rooms are large, and the 400 private baths are each supplied with hot and cold sea water, so beneficial in rheumatic and other troubles. Exquisite music is a feature. White service in both American and European Dining Rooms.
JOSIAH WHITE & SONS.

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Open throughout the year.
A Hotel Celebrated for its Home Comforts.
TRAYMORE HOTEL CO.,
CHAS. O. MARQUETTE, Manager. D. S. WHITE, President.

The ALBEMARLE VIRGINIA AV., Near Beach.
Elegant modern family hotel. Capacity 350. Elevators, private baths, steam heat, 4,000 sq. ft. sun parlors; every convenience; offers special March and April rates, $10 up weekly; $2 up daily. A number of choice rooms at $16 per week, double, during early season. Sat. to Mon., $3.50. Exceptionally good table, excellent cooking, white service. Booklet. J. P. COPE.

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THE HOTEL FOR COMFORT
Splendid location. Kentucky Av., near Beach. Modern, high-class, homelike. Excellent table and service predominant features. 50 elegant front rooms have private baths attached. Capacity 600. Special rates $10.00 up weekly; $2 up daily, Am. plan. Ill. Booklet. A. C. EKHOLM.

HADDON HALL
ATLANTIC CITY, N. J.
Hot and cold sea water in private and public baths.
Fifty stationary washstands in bed chambers.
Write for illustrated literature.
LEEDS & LIPPINCOTT.

HOTEL ISLESWORTH,
Ocean front Virginia Av. Capacity 500. American and European plans. Special Lenten rates—American plan, $16.50 weekly up; $2.50 daily up. Newly furnished. Fresh and sea water baths, private and public. Phones in rooms. Orchestra. Booklet. Electric cab at trains. Wm. Hyman, Owner & Propr. Albion F. Allen, Manager.

CHALFONTE
THE LEEDS COMPANY.

RALEIGH HOTEL.
Ocean End St. Charles Place, near Steel Pier. 250 large, sunny rooms, ocean view, 50 suites with private bath; 3,000 sq. ft. porch, sun parlor, elevator, library, &c.; first-class service and unexcelled cuisine under New York chef. Special Spring rates, extremely low. Booklet.
H. J. DYNES.

HOTEL WILTSHIRE.
Ocean end Virginia Avenue, close to Steel Pier. Improved throughout; capacity 350; private baths, elevator, sun parlors, &c.; orchestra; cuisine of excellence; special Spring rates; booklet; new management. Harry Bothman.

SEASIDE HOUSE,
ATLANTIC CITY, N. J.
On the Ocean front; every comfort, including sea water baths, elevators, golf, &c.
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South Carolina Av. and the Beach; private baths, elevator; capacity 350. Superior table. Special Spring rates. BRYAN & WILLIAMS.

BERKSHIRE INN, Ocean end Virginia Av. Open all year. $9 to $15 weekly. Capacity 300. Elevator, baths, &c. J. O. & J. E. DICKINSON.

WESTMINSTER, Ocean end Kentucky Av.—Capacity 300. Elevator, baths, steam heat, &c. Excellent table; $9 to $12.50 weekly. Booklet. F. C. BUHRE.

PIERREPONT HOTEL, Atlantic City, N. J.—Ocean location; sea wate. baths; capacity, 400; Easter bookings.
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Open all year. Capacity 250. Private Baths; Elevator, etc. Booklet. O. C. MILLER.

Phillips House South Connecticut Av. Fireproof; refined; family house; open all year. F. P. PHILLIPS.

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The Warwick So. Carolina and Beach; elevator; thoroughly up-to-date; private baths; ocean view. Sarah H. Fullom.

HOTEL CLARENDON Virginia Av., Near Beach and Steel Pier. M. D. NEIMAN.

Browns Mills.

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2½ hours from New York. Driest climate in the East. 10 to 15 degrees warmer than New York City. Trains leave New York week days via Penna. R. R. 2:55 P. M., arrive Browns Mills, 5:40 P. M. N. Y. Office—Cambridge Bldg., 5th Av. and 33d St. Tel. 3509 Madison.

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LEGAL NOTICES.

GROSS & KLEEBERG.—In pursuance of an order made by the Honorable James A. O'Gorman, one of the Justices of the Supreme Court of the State of New York, on the 28th day of March, 1908, notice is hereby given to all the creditors and persons having claims against the firm of GROSS & KLEEBERG, lately doing business in the City and County of New York, to present their said claims with the vouchers therefor duly verified to the subscriber, the duly appointed assignee of said Gross & Kleeberg for the benefit of creditors, at his place of business, No. 75 Broad Street, New York City, on or before the 12th day of June, 1908.

Dated New York, March 31st, 1908.
WILLIAM H. ROBOTHAM, Assignee.
MYERS & GOLDSMITH, Attorneys for Assignee, 111 Broadway, Manhattan, New York City.

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TWO-HOUR TRAIN TO PHILADELPHIA
EVERY HOUR ON THE HOUR
FOR PHILADELPHIA, Lv. W. 23d ST.—6.50, 7.50, 8.20, 8.50, 9.50, 10.50, 11.20, 11.50 a. m., 12.50, 1.20, 1.50, 2.50, 3.50, 4.20, 4.50, 5.50, 6.50, 7.50, 8.50, 11.50 p. m. Sundays, 7.50, 8.50, 9.50, 10.50, 11.50 a. m., 12.50, 1.50, 2.50, 3.50, 4.50, 5.50, 6.50, 7.50, 8.50, 10.20, 11.50 p. m.
Lv. LIBERTY ST.:—1.30, 6.30, 7.00, 8.00, 8.30, 9.00, 10.00, 11.00, 11.30, a. m., 12.00 Noon, 1.00, 1.30, 2.00, 3.00, 4.00, 4.30, 5.00, 6.00, 7.00, 8.00, 9.00 p. m., 12.15 midnight. Sundays, 1.30, 8.00, 9.00, 10.00, 11.00 a. m., 12.00 noon, 1.00, 2.00, 3.00, 4.00, 5.00, 6.00, 7.00, 8.00, 9.00, 10.30 p. m., 12.15 midnight.
FOR BALTIMORE AND WASHINGTON, Lv. W. 23d ST.:—7.50, 9.50, 11.50 a. m., 1.50, 3.50, 5.50, 6.50 p. m. daily.
Lv. LIBERTY ST.: 1.30, 8.00, 10.00 a. m., 12.00 noon, 2.00, 4.00, 6.00, 7.00 p. m., daily.
FOR ATLANTIC CITY, Lv. W. 23d ST.—9.50 a. m., (12.50 Sats. only), 3.20 p. m. Sundays, 9.50 a. m., 2.20 p. m.
Lv. LIBERTY ST.:—10.00 a. m., (1.00 Sats. only), 3.40 p. m. Sundays, 10.00 a. m., 2.30 p. m.
FOR LAKEWOOD AND LAKEHURST, Lv. W. 23d ST.:—9.50 a. m., (12.50 Sats. only), 1.20, 3.20, 8.50, 4.50, (6.20 Sats. only) p. m. Sundays, 8.20, 9.50 a. m., 2.20 p.m.
Lv. LIBERTY ST.:—4.00, 10.00 a. m., (1.00 Sats. only), 1.30, 3.40, 4.10, 5.00, (6.30 Sats. only) p.m. Sundays, 8.30, 10.00 a. m. 2.30 p. m.
Time tables may be obtained at following offices: Liberty St., (West 23d St. Tel. 3144 Chelsea), 6 Astor House, 245, 434, 1300, 1354 Broadway, 182 Fifth Av., 281 Fifth Av., 25 Union Square West, 2196 Third Av., 106 West 125th St., 245 Columbus Av., New York; 4 Court St., 343, 344 Fulton St., 479 Nostrand Av., Brooklyn; 860 Broadway, Williamsburg. New York Transfer Co. calls for and checks baggage to destination.
W. G. BESLER, Vice-Pres. & Gen. Mgr. W. C. HOPE, Gen. Pass'r Agent.

Baltimore & Ohio Railroad
ROYAL BLUE LINE TRAINS
"Every Other Hour on the Even Hour."
TO BALTIMORE AND WASHINGTON.
Direct Connections in New Union Station, Washington, with All Lines South.

Leave New York Daily,	23d St.	Lib'y St.
WASHINGTON, Sleepers,	11:50 pm	1:30 am
WASHINGTON, Diner,	7:50 am	8:00 am
WASHINGTON, Diner,	9:50 am	10:00 am
WASHINGTON, Diner,	11:50 am	12:00 n'n
WASHINGTON, Buffet,	1:50 pm	2:00 pm
"ROYAL LTD." Diner,	3:50 pm	4:00 pm
WASHINGTON, Diner,	5:50 pm	6:00 pm
WASHINGTON, Buffet,	6:50 pm	7:00 pm

Through Daily Trains to the West.

CHICAGO, PITTSBURG,	7:50 am	8:00 am
CHICAGO, COLUMBUS,	11:50 am	12:00 n'n
PITTSBURG, CLEVELAND,	3:50 pm	4:00 pm
"PITTSBURG LIMITED,"	6:50 pm	7:00 pm
CIN., ST. LOUIS, LOUISV.,	11:50 pm	1:30 am
CIN., ST. LOUIS, LOUISV.,	9:50 am	10:00 am
CIN., ST. LOUIS, LOUISV.,	5:50 pm	6:00 pm

Offices: 245, 434, 1,300 Broadway, 6 Astor House, 108 Greenwich St., 25 Union Square W., 391 Grand St., N. Y.; 343 Fulton St., Brooklyn; West 22d St. and Liberty St.
After 6 p. m. Sleeping Car Reservations and full information regarding trains, etc., can be obtained at Bureau of Information, B. & O. R. R., 23d St. Terminal. Phone No. 3144 Chelsea.

New York, New Haven & Hartford R. R.
Trains depart from Grand Central Station, 42d St. and 4th Av., as follows, for:
BOSTON, via New London & Providence—‡‖10:00, *x‖10:02 A. M., ‡‖1:00, *x‖1:03, *x‖3:00, ‡‖5:00, *¶‖5:02, *¶12:00 P. M., via Willimantic—‡‖8:03 A. M., ‡2:01 P. M., via Spfd—‡9:15 A. M., *‖12:00, *‖4:00, *11:00 P. M.
Lakeville and Norfolk—‡¶9:00 A.M., ‡3:26 P.M.
Gt. Barr

SMALL WANTS.

LOST AND FOUND.

15c. a line; 3t., 36c.; 7t., 70c.; 7 words to line.

LOST—On Friday, March 20, in a Pullman car, 3:23 P. M. train, Pittsfield express, a black wallet; the finder will be suitably rewarded upon return of same with contents to Henry C. Conger, Jr., 130 and 132 West 42d St.

LOST—Blue cameo chain bracelet, Sunday, between 10 and 11 P. M., on 7th Av., between 129th and 125th Sts., crosstown car west, Broadway car south to 84th St.; suitable reward. 108 West 45th St.

LOST—On Tuesday, March 25, a silver-covered memo. book, with initials L. W. engraved on cover, also 2 silver lead pencils. Reward if returned to 30 West 92d St.

LOST—Saturday, four-leafed clover diamond brooch, 23d St. Ferry or Pennsylvania Railway to Elizabeth; reward. A. B. Carlton, 301 West Jersey St., Elizabeth.

LOST—Green teapot watch charm, lost March 25 on elevated railroad, Third Av., or near 84th St.; return; reward. Trenner, 119 East 122d St.

LOST—Ladies' gold watch, between Bronx Masonic Temple and Fordham, Tremont, and Bathgate Aves; reward. Notify C. L. Starbuck, 388 Fordham Rd.

LOST—Sable boa, Wednesday evening, March 25, Metropolitan Opera House; reward if returned to Wm. P. Mason, 142 Duane St., New York.

LOST—March 28th, Broadway Subway, handbag, containing watch, check book, fountain pen, purse, clock pendilum; liberal reward. E. L. S., 53 Decatur St., Brooklyn.

LOST—Thursday morning, gold and green enameled Beetle, with pearls down centre of back, diamond eyes. Reward if returned to room 701, 527 5th Ave.

LOST—Shopping bag, containing money, papers, and cards; reward; return bag and pers. 32 West 38th St.

LOST—Enamel pin, with diamond in centre; the finder will be liberally rewarded. William L. Wolfe, 310 West 94th St.

LOST—Silk fob with gold locket containing photo. Reward if returned to F. Naumann, 252 W. 76th Street.

LOST—Ladies' gold watch with Princeton seal, March 30, 1908; reward. M. L., 306 W. 58th St.

$100 REWARD will be paid for return of silk ribbon watch guard with diamond slides and centre ornament; diamond wreath at end with solitaire in centre, lost Tuesday, March 24th, between 42d and 60th Sts. to Black, Starr & Frost, 438 5th Ave.

$200 REWARD for solitaire marquise shape diamond on loop, lost March 25th, between Plaza Hotel and Metropolitan Opera House. Tiffany & Co., Fifth Ave. and 37th St.

$5 REWARD for return of ladies' gold watch and fob, monogram M. C. N., to "Cashier," Hotel Knickerbocker.

LOST AND FOUND BANK BOOKS.

15c. a line; 3t., 36c.; 7t., 70c.; 7 words to line.

LOST—Bank Book No. 7,821, issued by Yorkville Bank, special deposit department, Bernard Silverberg; payment stopped; duplicate will be issued two weeks from date.

LOST AND FOUND CATS & DOGS.

15c. a line; 3t., 36c.; 7t., 70c.; 7 words to line.

LOST—Saturday evening, black Scotch collie, male, white around his neck, tail tipped pen, purse, clock pendulum; liberal reward. for his return to 135 East 45th St.

LOST—Collie dog, male, in neighborhood of Central Park and East 90th St.; liberal reward. 4 E. 94th St.

STRAYED or STOLEN from 752 Park Ave., small white and yellow Japanese spaniel, answers to the name Chow Chow. Reward for information or return to 752 Park Ave.

FOUND.

FOUND, March 28-29—Interborough Rapid Transit Company, 39 Greenwich St.:
On Second Av. Elevated—Silk bag, 2 wings, 3 books, napkins, strap, spectacle case, apron, seeds, gloves, umbrellas.
On Third Av. Elevated—Shoes, umbrellas, music book, pocketbook, gloves, lady's underwear, lunch box, molding, rubbers, package wire, 3 purses, apron, muff, wristbag, package lace, bottles, key, spectacles, bundle papers.
On Sixth Av. Elevated—Shoes, knife, 3 odd gloves, 5 books, 4 pairs gloves, 2 card cases, package stockings, 3 purses, music, cane, order blanks, law blanks, medicine, apron, keys, coat, handbag, fur, pocketbook, rubbers, suit case, tobacco, umbrellas.
On Ninth Av. Elevated—Photographs, box candy, shirt, pipe, gloves, pocketbook, ball, package aprons, tobacco pouch, rubbers, notebook, umbrellas.
In Subway—Vallee, photographs, gloves, rubbers, teapot, card case, eyeglasses, books, beads, package printed matter, fur, bag, blue prints, stockings, package books, cigar case, keys, veil, cap, overalls, shirt, R. R. pass, brooch, package samples, odd gloves, package mail, re iece, package paper, umbrellas.

FOUND, March 30—Awaiting owners, Lost Property Clerk's Office, Police Headquarters, 300 Mulberry St.: Auto lamp, pair lady's gloves, overcoat and keys, bundle iron links, umbrella, overcoat and pants, satchel containing cards, &c.; large saw, derby hat, handbag, small amount cash, pin, letters, &c.

FOUND, March 28—Brooklyn Rapid Transit Co., 168 Montague St., Brooklyn: On Elevated Lines—Shoes, dresses, rubbers, book, file, chips, umbrella. On Surface Lines—Apron, package cards, jumper, goods, jacket, book, boa, photograph, clock, magazine, umbrella, pocketbook.

FOUND, March 29—Pennsylvania R. R., Jersey City, N. J.: On Pennsylvania Trains—Bible, shirt, boa, cuffs, pocketbook, stole, grip, 3 derbies, veil, rubbers, pajamas, gloves, bottle, cigar case, 6 umbrella, package, card case. In Cortlandt St. Station—Umbrella.

FOUND, March 29-30—New England Navigation Co. Apply office Commissary, foot Warren St.: Fall River Line, S. S. Providence—Necktie, lady's hat, baby blanket, book, leather bag, fountain pen, razor, brush, mittens, pliers, nightshirt; S. S. Plymouth—Rubbers, umbrellas, shaving brush, veil, nightdress, sweater, gold pin, slippers, soap box.

FOUND, March 28-29—N. Y. C. & H. R. R. R. and N. Y., N. H. & H. R. R., Grand Central Station: 10 umbrellas, 5 packages, pin, odd glove, gloves, 3 overcoats, 2 boas, telescope bag, book, pipe, rubbers, hat box, handbag, veil.

FOUND, March 29—Erie R. R., Jersey City: Overcoat, rooster, nails, book, 2 umbrellas, diary, photograph, card case.

FOUND, March 29—D., L. & W. R. R., Hoboken, N. J.: 11 umbrellas, 3 packages, purse, pocketbook.

FOUND—On 38th St., between Park and Lexington, a belt and buckle. Owner call 121 East 38th.

FOUND, March 29—Jersey Central R. R., Jersey City: 2 umbrellas, rubbers, umbrellas.

BOARDERS WANTED.

15c. a line; 3t., 36c.; 7t., 70c.; 7 words to line.

West Side.

7TH AV., 2,053, (123d.)—Comfortable rooms; excellent board; homelike, well-kept house; fine location.

39TH ST., 37 WEST.—Attractive, large rooms; excellent table board; references.

46TH ST., 60 WEST.—Back parlor, suitable for office, hot and cold water, electric fixtures; also hall room; table guests.

56TH ST., 62 WEST.—Desirable rooms, with board; table board; references.

72D ST., 131 WEST.—High-class house; beautifully furnished rooms; reference.

73D ST., 112 WEST.—Handsomely furnished rooms, all improvements; home table; single room for gentleman.

80TH, 154 WEST.—Second-story large front, also small room; parlor dining room.

90TH ST., 6 WEST.—Newly furnished rooms; first-class board; moderate; table guests.

95D ST., 163 WEST.—Desirable double room; select home; couple, gentlemen; table guests; telephone; references.

93D ST., 122 WEST.—Desirable second floor room; southern exposure; good board; telephone; references.

135TH, 242 WEST.—Two large second-story rooms; also smaller room; board optional.

141ST ST., 504 WEST.—Large light rooms, with alcove, $7.50; including board for one, $12; two, $16; three, $18. Telephone.

142D ST., 516 WEST.—Attractive house; steam heat; good board; refined, Christian family; references.

REFINED HOME, private family; opportunity to learn English; apartment; Subway; elevated. "Bonvivant," Times, Times Square.

THE PARK, 101 Waverley Place, Northwest Corner Washington Square.—Ideal location; front, sunny room; ample closets; superior table; telephone.

WEST END AV., 879, Corner 106d.—Block from Riverside Park, Subway express station, and surface cars; most beautiful and sanitary location New York; handsomely furnished rooms; superior table.

East Side.

IRVING PLACE, 53, Nicholas Fish Mansion.—Attractive to those appreciating quiet, well-ordered house; breakfast served in rooms; references desired.

MADISON AV., 678, 694, 696, (dist.)—Suites and separate room $16 to $28 with board, two rooms; single, $8 to $12.

Brooklyn.

MONTAGUE TERRACE, 5, overlooking Wall St.—Subway to Broadway, N. Y. three minutes; rooms, single, en suite; parlor floor furnished and unfurnished; neighborhood, select; table high-class; table guests.

Long Island.

MANOR INN, Douglaston.—Open year round. In the centre of large estate on Little Neck Bay. Attractive and homelike. Commuting distance. Write for terms and cars.

SMALL WANTS.

BOARDERS WANTED.

15c. a line; 3t., 36c.; 7t., 70c.; 7 words to line.

New Jersey.

CRANFORD, N. J.—Board near station for young men; references. N., Box 82 Times, Times Square.

BOARD WANTED.

15c. a line; 3t., 36c.; 7t., 70c.; 7 words to line.

YOUNG man desires room and board in the Bronx. Address stating full particulars. B. A., Box 46 Times, Times Sq.

FURNISHED ROOMS.

15c. a line; 3t., 36c.; 7t., 70c.; 7 words to line.

West Side.

12TH ST., 48 WEST.—Attractively furnished rooms; hot and cold running water; telephone.

12TH ST., 109 WEST.—Large back parlor and extension, suitable for two or three; moderate.

42D ST., 242 WEST, Near Broadway.—Elegant large rooms, private bath, suitable for two; reasonable.

49TH ST., 131 WEST.—Large pleasant room, nicely furnished; hot and cold water; quiet house.

51ST ST., 351 WEST.—Two large and small rooms; private house; nice locality; moderate; gentlemen.

64TH ST., 105 WEST, Near Broadway.—Swell rooms, $8, $5, $2, private house; all improvements.

73D ST., 175 WEST.—Furnished rooms, $5 to $20; gentlemen only; also doctor's office; telephone; reference.

77TH ST., 111 WEST.—Large and small rooms, never occupied, new furniture; private family; all conveniences; gentlemen only; reasonable rates if permanent.

78TH ST., 157 WEST.—Second-floor room, private bath, good attendance; Phone 7910 River; reference.

79TH ST., 152 WEST.—Sunny room; table guest.

93D ST., 109 WEST.—Medium-sized room, adjoining bath; suitable for two; all conveniences; telephone.

101ST ST., 16 WEST.—Newly furnished light homelike room; steam. Timpson.

111TH ST., 125 WEST.—Large and small rooms, absolutely clean; private house, American family.

118TH ST., 419 WEST.—High-class, sunny rooms; moderate; telephone, &c.; board optional. "G."

132D ST., 201 WEST.—Large parlor and bedroom; southern exposure; second floor; kitchen privileges. Gauvain.

148TH ST., 565 WEST.—Single, private family; Subway express; references. Mrs. Grant.

BROADWAY, 2,465, (91st St. Subway.)—Suite or singly, two or three outside rooms; elevator. Keeler.

East Side.

45TH, 25 EAST.—Handsome room, private bath; square room, running water; breakfast optional; references.

76TH ST., 122 EAST.—Parlor floor; other rooms.

58TH ST., 36 EAST, (near Madison Avenue.)—Rooms, single, en suite; valet, breakfast optional; telephone.

74TH ST., 133 EAST.—Rooms; private house; telephone.

THE RALEIGH, 665 Broadway.—Just the place for downtown business men; special rate per week, $3 up; baths free.

BOARD AND ROOM DIRECTORY.

BOARD AND ROOMS.

73D ST., 169 WEST.—Sunny rooms; single, double.

HELP WANTED—FEMALES.

15c. a line; 3t., 36c.; 7t., 70c.; 7 words to line.

Domestics.

WANTED—A competent general houseworker for three in apartment; must have thorough knowledge of cooking; city references required; wages $25 to $30. Lehman, 604 West 115th St., near Broadway.

Nurses.

WANTED — Thoroughly reliable children's nurse; English speaking, young and strong; references. Apply Monday, 10 to 12, 531 Madison Av.

Singers.

WANTED—Soprano and organist; good organ; $300 each. Webster's Choir Exchange, 136 5th Av.

Miscellaneous.

WANTED.—Bright women with leisure time can make big money assisting me in real estate. Call Albert Edwards, 215 Montague St., Brooklyn.

HELP WANTED—MALES.

15c. a line; 3t., 36c.; 7t., 70c.; 7 words to line.

Bookkeepers.

WANTED—Bookkeeper, double entry, competent, accurate, reliable, with best references, (bond;) salary, $18. Bookkeeper, Box 136 Times Downtown.

WANTED—Bookkeeper for brick mfrs at plant in small Penn. town; must know something of stenography; $520-$624; living cheap. Hapgoods, 307 Broadway.

Clerks.

WANTED—Stock clerk for public corporation; will be responsible for all records of receipts and disbursements; $936-$1,040. Hapgoods, 307 Broadway.

Operators.

WANTED—Episcopal organist for suburban church, $800. Webster's Choir Exchange, 136 5th Ave.

Salesmen.

A FEW HIGH-CLASS SALESMEN ONLY.
We have ready for the market the most beautiful and accessible shore-front property, with a pier, where steamers stop, and a railroad station on the property.
This will be the most active sub-division in 1908, and you should take advantage of it.
REALTY TRUST,
503 5th Av.

WANTED—Six salesmen to represent us on three good publications; those with average qualifications can make good on any one of the works; this has been demonstrated. Call or address B. F. Funk, Subscription Dept., Funk & Wagnalls Co., 44-60 East 23d St., New York.

WANTED.—Salesman; we have a proposition where you can earn from $50 to $100 per week; no experience necessary. Call Rooms 303-304, 1 West Thirty-fourth Street, New York City.

WANTED.—Bright, energetic salesmen for real estate can make big money; experience unnecessary; your opportunity. Call Albert Edwards, 215 Montague St., Brooklyn.

WANTED—Unusual opportunity for special salesman; good chance for advancement; old established firm. P. R., Box 113 Times Downtown.

WANTED—Salesmen, managers, and office positions of any kind. See Ogden's, 510 Tribune Building.

Singers.

WANTED—Tenor for suburban church, $500; nominal registration. Webster's Choir Exchange, 136 Fifth Av.

Stenographers.

WANTED—Stenographer and bookkeeper for bronze mfrs.; must be able to read blue prints and occasionally call on architects in N. Y.; $780-$1,040. Hapgoods, 307 Broadway.

WANTED—Stenographer and typewriter two evenings weekly in exchange for room rent. Apply Tuesday, between 8 and 9 P. M., 201 West 139th St.

Miscellaneous.

AUTOMOBILES.—Rare chance to become a practical chauffeur; only practical school in city; 30 cars to overhaul; to prove this we will teach you free this week; license guaranteed. Auto Transportation Co., 309 West 41st.

THE AMERICAN HEBREW,
ROOM 705, 489 5TH AV.,
is making a special campaign, with premiums for the coming Passover, to secure circulation; an especially attractive proposition will be made to experienced canvassers for next three weeks.

WANTED—The Century Company, Union Square, can place a live man in its sales department; must be bright, full of initiative, and able to meet a high grade of customers. Magazine-Book Department.

WANTED—A man of ability to devote part or all time to a lucrative proposition; business experience and salesmanship required. Call mornings, Room 802, 150 Nassau St.

WANTED—Gas company wants active canvassers to place gas fuel appliances; commission and salary to competent men. Call, 9 to 11 A. M., Room 612, 109 West 41st St.

WANTED—Advertising solicitor on daily newspaper to solicit cards for daily trade directory on commission. Address S. R., Box 145 Times, Times Square.

SITUATIONS WANTED—FEMALES.

15c. a line; 3t., 36c.; 7t., 70c.; 7 words to line.

Accountants.

ACCOUNT BOOKS written up and audited; house bills examined, checked, paid, and filed monthly; check books balanced; reports and statements compiled; accounts of societies, general and personal accounts supervised and audited. Viola D. Waring, 422 West 20th St. Telephone 4816 Chelsea.

Bookkeepers.

BOOKKEEPER, &c.—Double-entry bookkeeper, stenographer, and typewriter; good education; five years' experience; salary, $18. A., Box 160 Times Downtown.

Dressmakers.

DRESSMAKER.—Wishes more customers by the day; best references. E. M., Box 8 Times, Times Square.

FUMES OF PIER FIRE OVERCOME FIREMEN

More Than Fifty Succumb in All-Day Struggle to Save Joy Line Structure.

MANY NARROW ESCAPES

Flames Start Under Construction Pier of New Manhattan Bridge—Firemen Take to Small Boats.

Even Bunk, the smoke-eating mascot of Engine Company 17, was overcome by the smoke which was raised all of yesterday by the slow burning of the piers of the Joy Line Steamship Company and the bridge-constructing firm of Terry & Tench, at Pike Street and the East River.

Over fifty firemen had to be treated in South Street by physicians from St. Gregory's Hospital, while the ambulances up to last midnight had carried away seventeen of them completely knocked out.

The top of the construction pier, which stretched out from the shore to the high steel tower of the new Manhattan Bridge, was covered with eight inches of asphalt and four of pitch, to give an even and strong base for heavy vehicles used in drawing steel pieces for the structure. Beneath this the fire started.

The pier of the Joy Line, built of massive timbers held together with great spikes, was pitch-coated and soaked in creosote. The fire under the construction pier made an inverted furnace of the asphalt covering, and the strong wind sweeping along the river soon carried the heat and flames to the tarred and creosoted beams of the pier. The result was a smoke such as New York firemen never fought against before. The men were blinded and sent staggering with pain to the open as fast as they got into it.

"When Bunk falls by the way," said one of the men of Engine 17, as he borrowed enough boric acid from an ambulance surgeon to wash out the eyes of the mascot, "you may know it's a record smoke."

The fire started at 1 o'clock in the morning, and it is still burning. The watchman on the Terry & Trench pier smelled it at the start, but could find no flame. Another round was made, but there was no sign of fire, only the strong, choking fumes that come from bubbling asphalt and slow-burning timbers treated with creosote. He was in a quandary until he felt the asphalt below him giving forth a suspicious warmth.

Fireboats Were Helpless.

It was 2 o'clock when the first alarm was answered by New York's firemen, who have fought fires on bridge structures and in one case under the East River in the Belmont tunnel, and who had been called this time to fight one from the very surface of the river upward.

The tide was rising and there was leeway of only three feet between the river's surface and the under beams of the piers. The fireboats New Yorker, Boody, and William L. Strong were as helpless as the land force of fire fighters.

A second and a third alarm were sent in and Chief Croker came to the scene in his big automobile. The asphalt pier humped itself slowly under the great heat eating into its nether side. The axes and picks of the firemen sinking into it in the endeavor to make entrance to the upside down furnace stuck, and when they were withdrawn the wounds healed immediately under the heat.

The firemen were baffled, but not made hopeless. They ceased to be landlubbers and embarked in small boats, dragging their hose after them. The strong tide swept their little craft like cockleshells toward the furnace that was raging between the two piers. They were good firemen in the boat, but poor seamen. They were yanked back to shore before any of them lost their lives. One of these would-be amphibious fire fighters had his rubber suit melted and the hose he clung to charred.

The tide came up with a rush at 4 o'clock and cut off all chance of getting at and fighting the hidden flames. Huge masses of blazing tar floated upstream with the last swing of the tide at its full. There was danger of the East River shipping being set afire, and the fireboats pulled out and fought off this danger.

At the end of the pier the steamer Edgemont, ready to sail at 5 o'clock, was cut loose before her hull was blistered and sent under her own steam across the river. At that time the lights on the Brooklyn side could not be seen because of the pall of smoke that came from under the burning piers and was swept low by the off-shore breeze.

Tide Couldn't Reach Flames.

The first was just far enough above water at high tide to save it from being extinguished. Daybreak found the firemen still helpless.

Toward 10 o'clock a huge chunk of the asphalt pier sloughed off into the river, carrying four stationery engines of the bridge contracting firm and many tons of girders, floor beams, and bracers intended for the new bridge.

When this section of the pier plunged into the river with a mighty hissing about forty men from Engine Companies 15, 9, and 17, and from Truck 5 missed being dashed into the river by barely a minute. Police Lieutenant Barrett of the Madison Street Station saw the asphalt lift itself under the heat below, and he uttered a cry of warning to Deputy Chief Guerin, who, in turn, shouted to the men to jump to the string piece of the pier.

Bunk was standing on a pile of gravel, where he could keep his paws comparatively cool as he watched the men at work. He is a son of Topsy of No. 17, who was killed by the horses when Bunk was a puppy. He never lets the men of No. 17 get put out of his sight, and was on the job on the asphalt pier when Guerin's big voice rang out the order to jump for the stringer.

The men of Engine 17 jumped with the others, and Bunk literally hot-footed it across the sagging asphalt and jumped behind them to safety.

The sloughing off of the pier gave a slight opening for the use of the hose, and the men on the stringer saw the chance. They lost twenty stretches of rubber they were compelled to abandon in their leap for life, but new hose was passed to them, and they fought the fire from the stringpiece, although many of them were half blind from the creosote fumes.

It was while on the stringpiece that Bunk gave evidence that this river fire was the worst in a matter of smoke that ever the New York department tackled. Bunk was taken ill. The men could stand it no longer. They crawled to the shore, Bunk wriggling behind them. The firemen were treated by Dr. Beaudwin-Bennett, the house physician of St. Gregory. When the men of 17 were able to see again they borrowed the boric acid and fixed up the weeping eyes of the faithful mascot son of Topsy.

All day long the fire was fought on the pier. It was impossible to do anything with the remnants of the asphalt pier. It was too hot and soggy. The heavy planks of the steamship wharf were ripped out and the sub-cellar hose apparatus was put in use.

This aparatus is a revolving affair. The hose attached to it is shoved downward, and then the nozzle is swung from right to left. It is fighting fire in the dark and aimlessly. Little was accomplished by it.

The pier, with $50,000 worth of freight, was practically destroyed by midnight last night, and, although the superstructure was still standing, it was standing on sticks of charcoal, and ready to tumble at any moment. The wharf and shelter were valued at $25,000.

Among the firemen who suffered seriously in the poisonous smoke was Thomas Molloy of Engine 32. He was taken to St. Gregory's at 10 o'clock in the morning, but later insisted on going back to his post. He went back, and was knocked out again and taken back to the hospital. In the ambulance with him were Capt. John Conway of Engine 31 and Capt. John Sullivan of Hook and Ladder Company 1. Lieut. Campbell of Hook and Ladder 15, Oscar Hoeffling and Fireman W. J. Lund of Engine 17, and Fireman Aliver of Engine 15 were sent also to St. Gregory's.

At midnight the river end of the pier commenced to tumble in, and from all indications the entire superstructure of the pier will be restroyed. The construction pier on the Manhattan Bridge was totaly destroyed and was burned to the bulkhead.

ORDERS EXPRESS RATES CUT.

Indiana Commission Declares for a Reduction of 10 Per Cent.

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., March 30.—Express rates in Indiana are to be reduced between 10 and 12 per cent. under an order issued to-day by the Indiana Railroad Commission. The new schedule is to be adopted by express companies within thirty days.

The total annual business of all express companies in the State is about $1,000,000.

YESTERDAY'S FIRES.

A. M.	Loss.
12:40—287 Henry St.; Henry Schultz	Trifling
12:50—271-273 Broome St.; M. Michaelson	$5
2:10—Foot Pike Slip; Joy Line SS. Co. and Williamsburg Bridge	$100,000
3:10—35 Jackson St.; M. Dundowitz	$15
4:25—214 East 79th St.; Albert Dommingue	$1,500
8:30—452 E. 117th St.; B. Goldstein	Slight
10:05—2,410 Second Av.; A. Van Buren & Co	Trifling
10:20—1 and 3 Willett St.; Sam Kline	$200
10:25—97 Madison St.; Sarah Yousky	Trifling
P.M.	
1:30—230 W. Sixty-third St.; Elias Jones	Trifling
2:30—Foot of Whitehall St.; Hamilton Avenue Ferry Co.	$100
3:00—143 Ludlow St.; unknown	Slight
3:35—227 West Fourth St.; J. Cugue	Trifling
4:30—2,455 Eighth Av.; John Muldoon	$100
6:15—242 Spring St.; unknown	$500
6:25—654 West 36th St.; unknown	Trifling
6:55—631 West 48th St.; unknown	$200
7:40—127 West 62d St.; John Kelly	$15
8:00—347 Madison St.; A. Rothman	Trifling
8:05—1,075 1st Av.; J. Collins	Trifling
8:30—697 Courtlandt Av.; P. Emerick	Trifling
9:10—1,815 Amsterdam Av.; J. Kavanagh	Trifling

INSTRUCTION.

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SPANISH—ITALIAN
Spoken, Taught and Mastered by the
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Send for testimonials, booklet, and letter.
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LOOKING FOR A SCHOOL? YOU CAN FIND THE SCHOOL WANTED by writing School Agency, M-41 Park Row, N. Y.

YOUNG LADY from Florence, Italy, seeks pupils for private lessons of Italian language. Box 25 Times, Times Square.

SMALL WANTS.

SITUATIONS WANTED—FEMALES.

15c. a line; 3t., 36c.; 7t., 70c.; 7 words to line.

Nurses.

NURSE, &c.—As nurse to invalid or convalescent; steamstress; Protestant; city reference. 809 East 180th St.

Housework.

HOUSEWORKERS.—Several neat colored girls, experienced, with city references, want places small families; other good Southern help furnished. Lincoln Industrial Exchange, 314 West 59th St. 'Phone 4786 Columbus.

HOUSEWORKERS.—German, Hungarian, Protestant; lately landed; competent servants, cooks, for city, country. Herz's Agency, oldest established, 162 East 4th St.

Secretaries.

PRIVATE SECRETARY.—By young lady with college education; capable and thorough French scholar. B. M., Box 200 Times, Times Square.

Stenographers.

STENOGRAPHER, TYPEWRITER, OFFICE Assistant.—Bright, neat girl; beginner; willing; learns quickly; no agency; rapid, accurate; $5. Miss Wald, Box 141 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, typewriter, and general office assistant; eight months' experience; neat, accurate, painstaking; best references; $7-$8. American, 177 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Six years' experience; rapid, accurate, refined; exceptional references; $12. Neatness, 179 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Slight experience; good English, spelling, punctuation; neat personally; $7; reference. Eager, Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, BOOKKEEPER.—High-class work; experienced; all kinds office work. M., 101 Times, Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER—Thoroughly experienced, law and real estate; excellent references. Miss W., 168 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Five years' experience; competent, reliable, painstaking; references; $10. A. B., 179 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER and TYPIST.—Expert, 4 years' experience; rapid, difficult dictation, $12. F., 104 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Five years' experience publishing line; excellent education. M. W., Box 117 Times Downtown.

Typewriters.

TYPEWRITIST.—Expert in operating, accurate in punctuation and spelling. Address S S., 106 Times Downtown.

SITUATIONS WANTED—MALES.

15c. a line; 3t., 36c.; 7t., 70c.; 7 words to line.

Accountants.

ACCOUNTANT, recommended by several members N. Y. Stock Exchange, undertakes confidential work, systematizing, &c. G. R. Hake, 19 Broad St.

ACCOUNTANT.—Books opened, closed, balanced, posted, audited; moderate. Hermann Goldschmidt, 154 Nassau 4,317 Beekman.

ACCOUNTANT.—Books opened, closed, or written up; terms reasonable. A., Box 12 Times, Times Square.

Bookkeepers.

BOOKKEEPER.—Accountant, experienced all lines, desires temporary position part days; $6 weekly; books opened, closed, written up, disentangled; special arrangements made with firms not employing permanent bookkeeper; highest references. Expert, Room 612, 150 Nassau St. 'Phone 4587 Beekman.

Chauffeurs.

CHAUFFEUR.—Best references; will go anywhere. H. K., Box 36 Times, Times Square.

Coachmen.

COACHMAN.—English, 35, married, medium size, wishes position with private family; disengaged April 1 on account of family going abroad; excellent personal city references. Spendlove, 238 East 46th St.

COACHMAN.—Married man, no family; wife an excellent cook; both have first-class references; would prefer a place in the country; city also. T. G., 10 West 74th St.

Office Work.

OFFICE MAN, &c.—By experienced office man, bookkeeper, correspondent; A1 references from last place; bond given; interview solicited. C. T. Orton, care of A. D. Schroeder & Co., 62 White St., N. Y. City.

Miscellaneous.

REFINED GERMAN, experienced, would accompany intelligent man to Europe. June, Box 29 Times, Times Square.

STUDENT, college, desires two or three hours work daily after 4:30 P. M. R. C., Box 4 Times, Times Square.

WATCHMAN, &c.—Man, 30, as watchman, caretaker, special officer; exceptional reference. T., Box 22 Times, Times Square.

YOUNG MAN, (21,) good educator, desires steady position; 4 years' experience in Actuarial Dept. of Insurance Co.; willing worker and can furnish good references. P., 138 Times Downtown.

Bonwit, Harris & Co

Broadway and Fifth Ave., Cor. 21st St.

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Men's Silk-lined Suits
Men's Silk-lined Overcoats 25.00

Exclusive fabrics. The designs, make and finish support our position as serious competitors of the most select custom tailors.

Suit Special, 15.00

Men's Spring Suits, of pure worsteds, Scotch cheviots and velour finished cassimeres; new Spring shades, in brown, stone color, grays, blue with white stripes and blue serges; handsomely tailored; very choice selection; special at..... 15.00

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Everwear TRADE MARK Hosiery

A New Pair for a Hole

Guaranteed best with best of guarantees—that we will replace FREE of charge every pair of "Everwear Hosiery" that needs darning or tears within 6 months after date of purchase. Made in light and medium weight, in black, blue, steel-gray, black with white feet, light and dark tan.

SIX PAIRS ONE SIZE IN A BOX—solid or assorted colors—as desired. Price, $2.00. Price per Pair, 35c.

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Black---or in the new shades of Brown. $3 and $2

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Snug fit for low instep.
Comfort for flat feet.
Made of soft vici kid.

AMUSEMENTS.

YORKVILLE. Mat. Tm'w.	THE GIRL OF THE GOLDEN WEST.	Amat. Tm'w.
Metropolis. Mat. Tm'w.	EAST LYNNE	Amat. Thurs.
HURTIG & SEAMON'S	Mat. Daily. CASINO GIRLS	Amat. Frid.
STAR	107 St., Lex. Av. 15-25-35-50-75. THE OUTLAW'S CHRISTMAS	Matinee To-morrow 25c.

AMUSEMENTS.

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LIBERTY THEATRE. West 42d St. Evs. 8:20. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:20 — MABEL TALIAFERRO FIFTH MONTH POLLY of the CIRCUS

NEW AMSTERDAM THEATRE, 42d St. West of Broadway. Evs. 8:15. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:15.
HENRY W. SAVAGE Offers Queen of THE MERRY WIDOW Viennese (DIE LUSTIGE WITTWE.) Operettas.

BROADWAY Theatre, B'way & 41st St. Evs. 8:15. Mats. Wed. & Sat.
The New Viennese Operetta.
A WALTZ DREAM
(Ein Walzertraum.) Music by Oscar Straus

NEW YORK Thea., B'way & 45th. at 8:20 Mat. To-morrow. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:20. Prices 25c. to $1.50.
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Man-Haters' Matinee next Wednesday. Free Seats to all Girls who HATE Men. Send application to Manager, Daly's Theatre.

LYRIC Evenings at 8. Last Sat. Mat. at 2.
SOTHERN To-night, Tues., Wed. Thurs., Fri., Sat. Mat. Eve. IF I WERE KING.
Next Monday at 7:45 sharp — Mr. Sothern Will Present for the First Time on Any Stage LORD DUNDREARY. Dramatization Don Quixote by Paul Kester.

CASINO B'way & 39th. — Ev. 8:15. Mats. Thurs. & Sat. 2:15. SAM BERNARD NEARLY A HERO.

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